



THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

PGCPB No. 15-49

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File No. CNU-15552-2014

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Prince George's County Planning Board has reviewed Certification of Nonconforming Use CNU-15552-2014 requesting certification of a nonconforming use for a six-unit multifamily building in accordance with Subtitle 27 of the Prince George's County Code; and

WHEREAS, after consideration of the evidence presented at the public hearing on May 21, 2015, the Prince George's County Planning Board finds:

- A. **Location and Field Inspection:** The subject property, 906 Fairview Avenue, is located on the west side of Fairview Avenue, approximately 300 feet north of its intersection with Red Top Road. The site is developed with a two-story, brick, garden-style, six-unit apartment building. Access to the property is off of Fairview Avenue. Off-street parking is available for the subject property. Prince George's County District Council Resolution 82-1970 waived the off-street parking requirements for this property, in addition to the other apartment buildings in the Hampshire View Subdivision, because a portion of the parking spaces extend beyond the property onto Red Top Road.

- B. **Development Data Summary:**

	EXISTING	PROPOSED
Zone	R-18	Unchanged
Acreage	0.25	Unchanged
Use(s)	Multifamily dwellings	Unchanged
Total Units	6	Unchanged
Site Density	1,800 sq. ft./acre	Unchanged
Lot Coverage	11.2%	Unchanged

- C. **History:** The subject apartments were constructed in 1951. All of the units were one-bedroom. The development standards at that time permitted the allowable density based on 1,800 square feet of gross lot area per dwelling unit, which permitted six units on the 10,803-square-foot lot. The complex became nonconforming on January 1, 1964 when the Prince George's County Zoning Ordinance was amended to require a minimum of 2,000 square feet of net lot area per dwelling unit, which would permit five units. The current Multifamily Medium Density Residential (R-18) Zone requirements only permit three units. The applicant applied for a Use and Occupancy Permit (15552-2014-U) and was denied because no prior use and occupancy (U&O) permits for the property could be found; therefore, a public hearing before the Planning Board is required.

- D. **Master Plan Recommendation:** The 1989 *Approved Master Plan for Langley Park-College Park-Greenbelt and Vicinity and Adopted Sectional Map Amendment for Planning Areas 65, 66, and 67* (Langley Park-College Park-Greenbelt and Vicinity Master Plan and SMA) recommends

multifamily development at an urban density. The SMA retained the property in the R-18 Zone. The vision for this area in the *Plan Prince George's 2035 Approved General Plan* is for a network of sustainable, transit-supporting, mixed-use, pedestrian-oriented, medium- to high-density neighborhoods.

E. **Surrounding Uses:**

North, South, East and West— Developed property with similar garden-style multifamily apartment buildings zoned R-18 and single-family residences zoned One-Family Detached Residential (R-55).

- F. **Request:** The applicant requests certification of an existing six-unit apartment building that was constructed in 1951. Because some development regulations in the R-18 Zone were changed or adopted after the apartment use was lawfully established, the complex became nonconforming. The nonconforming status commenced January 1, 1964 when the Zoning Ordinance was amended to increase the original minimum net lot area per dwelling unit from 1,800 square feet of gross lot area per dwelling unit to 2,000 square feet of lot area per unit.

- G. **Certification Requirements:** Certification of a nonconforming use requires that certain findings be made. First, the use must either predate the pertinent zoning regulation or have been established in accordance with all regulations in effect at the time it began. Second, there must be no break in operation for more than 180 days since the use became nonconforming.

Section 27-244 of the Zoning Ordinance sets forth the following specific requirements for certifying a nonconforming use:

Section 27-244. Certification.

(a) **In general.**

- (1) **A nonconforming use may only continue if a use and occupancy permit identifying the use as nonconforming is issued after the Planning Board (or its authorized representative) or the District Council certifies that the use is nonconforming and not illegal.**

(b) **Application for use and occupancy permit.**

- (1) **The applicant shall file an application for a use and occupancy permit in accordance with Division 7 of this Part.**
- (2) **Along with the application and accompanying plans, the applicant shall provide the following:**

- (A) Documentary evidence, such as tax records, business records, public utility installation or payment records, and sworn affidavits, showing the commencing date and continuous existence of the nonconforming use;
- (B) Evidence that the nonconforming use has not ceased to operate for more than 180 consecutive calendar days between the time the use became nonconforming and the date when the application is submitted, or that conditions of nonoperation for more than 180 consecutive calendar days were beyond the applicant's and/or owner's control, were for the purpose of correcting Code violations, or were due to the seasonal nature of the use;
- (C) Specific data showing:
 - (i) The exact nature, size, and location of the building, structure, and use;
 - (ii) A legal description of the property; and
 - (iii) The precise location and limits of the use on the property and within any building it occupies;
- (D) A copy of a valid use and occupancy permit issued for the use prior to the date upon which it became a nonconforming use, if the applicant possesses one.

Analysis—Per the state assessment database, the apartments were constructed in 1951. When the applicant applied for a U&O permit, the Permit Review Section could not verify that the apartments were built in accordance with the requirements in effect at the time of construction because original U&O permit records were not available. Therefore, in accordance with Section 27-244(f) of the Zoning Ordinance, the Planning Board must determine whether, in fact, the use was legally established prior to the date it became nonconforming and that it has been in continuous operation since that time.

The applicant submitted the following documentary evidence in support of the application:

1. A letter dated September 9, 2014 from the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission (WSSC) stating that the address has had an active WSSC account since January 1, 1951. WSSC noted that there has been no service interruption.
2. A service agreement from Waste Management of Montgomery County for collection, transportation, disposal, and recycling services.

3. Prince George's County Government Property Standards Group Rental Housing License.
4. A Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation record indicating that the structure was built in 1951 and that the building use is "apartments."
5. M-NCPPC PGAtlas aerial photos of the site covering the period of time from 1965, 1977, 1980, 1984, 1993, 1998, 2006, and 2011. Each of these photos shows the existing building located on the site in its present configuration.
6. A site plan of the subject property was submitted that contains a comparison of the regulations in effect when the apartments were built to current regulations. The site plan shows building locations, setbacks, parking, and pedestrian connections.

DISCUSSION

The evaluation of the Hampshire View Apartments, Lot 10A, is based on the zoning in place at the time of development construction in 1951 and a separate evaluation of the current R-18 zoning requirements of the property. The development exceeds the current allowable density of 12 dwelling units per acre in the R-18 Zone (which changed January 1964); hence, the request for certification of a nonconforming use. The property has a total of six multifamily dwelling units. The allowable density on the subject site prior to January 1, 1964 was six units on a total of 0.25 acre. The current maximum density only allows three units. Vehicular and pedestrian access to the development is provided via Fairview Avenue and pedestrian walkways throughout the complex. District Council Resolution 82-1970 waived the off-street parking requirements for this property.

The above evidence supports the applicant's claim that the apartment complex has been in continuous operation since its construction in 1951. The letter from WSSC indicates that a service account has served the property since January 1, 1951. There is no indication of service interruption to the property. Additional evidence, which consists of apartment license applications, aerial photographs, a waste management agreement, and the State Department of Assessment and Taxation Property record all demonstrate that the property has continuously operated since the nonconforming use began in January 1964 when the density regulations in the R-18 Zone were changed.

CONCLUSION

Based on the evidence submitted by the applicant, together with the lack of contradictory evidence from other sources, the Planning Board concludes that the subject apartments were constructed in accordance with the requirements of the Zoning Ordinance in effect prior to January 1, 1964. There is also no evidence to suggest a lapse of continuous apartment use since their construction.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that pursuant to Subtitle 27 of the Prince George's County Code, the Prince George's County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission adopted the findings contained herein and APPROVED the above-noted application.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that an appeal of the Planning Board's action must be filed with the District Council for Prince George's County, Maryland within thirty (30) days of the final notice of the Planning Board's decision.

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This is to certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the action taken by the Prince George's County Planning Board of The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission on the motion of Commissioner Washington seconded by Commissioner Geraldo, with Commissioners Washington, Geraldo, Bailey, Shoaff and Hewlett voting in favor of the motion at its regular meeting held on Thursday, May 21, 2015, in Upper Marlboro, Maryland.

Adopted by the Prince George's County Planning Board this 11th day of June 2015.

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

M-NCPPC Legal Department

Date

5/26/15

Patricia Colihan Barney
Executive Director

By

Jessica Jones /agd

Jessica Jones
Planning Board Administrator

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