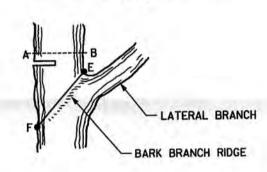


Remove branch weight by undercutting at A and remove limb by cutting through AB.
 Remove stub at CD (line between branch bark ridge and outer edge of branch collar)
 If D is difficult to find on hardwoods, angle of CD to trunk should be the reflective angle of the bark branch ridge to the trunk.
 Only prune at specified times.
 Remove no more than 30% of crown at one time.



I. Remove top weight by undercutting at A and remove limb by cutting through AB.

2. Remove stub at EF parallel to the bark branch ridge.

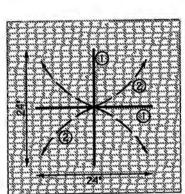
3. Only prune at specified times.

4. No more than 30% of the crown to be removed at one time.

5. Diameter of lateral branch should be no less than 30% of the diameter of the leader.

PRUNING A LEADER TO REDUCE SIZE

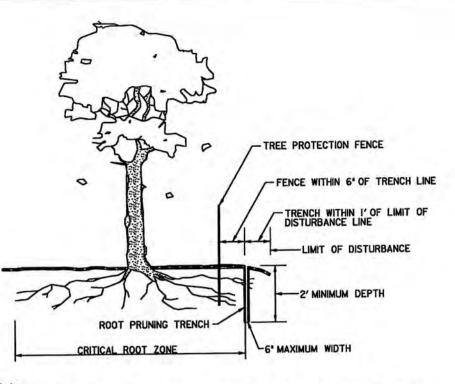
Source: Adapted from Steve Clark & Associates/ACRT, Inc.



- Make cut with sharp knife through Coir Fiber Matting Solid line in diagram

- 5 Place 4 staples in each of four cut sections. Re-anchor Coir Matting to ground

SHRUB INSTALLATION THROUGH COIR FIBER MATTING



I. Retention Areas to be established as part of the forest conservation plan review process.

2. Boundaries of Retention Areas to be staked, flagged and/or fenced prior to trenching.

3. Exact location of trench should be identified.

4. Trench should be immediately backfilled with soil removed or organic soil.

5. Roots should be cleanly cut using vibratory knife or other acceptable equipment.

ROOT PRUNING DETAIL

DEER PROTECTION

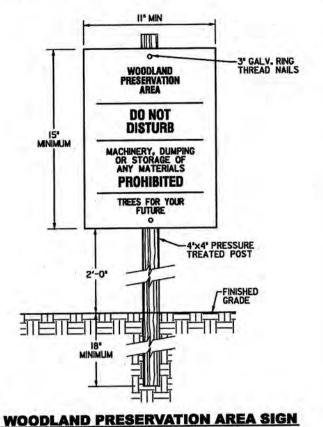
-RANDOMLY MIX

NATURALIZED PLANT SPACING

PLANT SPECIES

Polyethylene shall be placed around tree to form a circle and fastened with zip ties at the top, middle and bottom.

Source: Adapted from Stave Clark & Associates/ACRT, Inc., and Forest Conservation Manual, 1991



WOODLAND PRESERVATION AREA SIGN

Notes:

1. Attachment of sings to trees is prohibited.

2. Signs should be properly maintained.

3. Avoid injury to roots when placing posts for the signs.

4. Signs should be posted to be visible to all construction personnel from all directions.

5. Signs should be installed at same time as tree protection device. 6. Locate signs approximately every 50 feet along fencing.
7. Signs should be in place immediately following stake out of L.O.D., and remain in place in perpetuity.

REFORESTATION AREA SIGN

personnel from all directions.

Signs should be installed at same time as tree protection device.

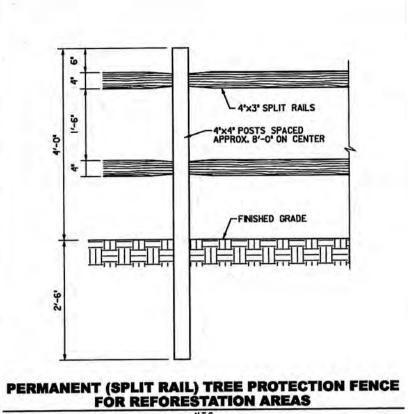
Locate signs approximately every 50 feet along fencing.

Tilins should be in place immediately following stake out of L.O.D., and remain in place in perpetuity.

DO NOT REMOVE

PROHIBITED

TREES FOR YOUR FUTURE



Notes:

1. Attachment of sings to trees is prohibited.

2. Signs should be properly maintained.

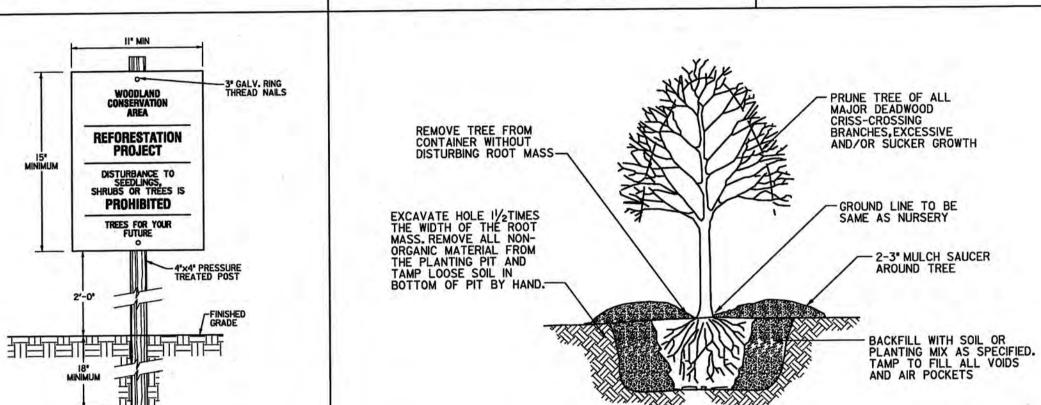
3. Avoid injury to roots when placing posts for the signs.

4. Signs should be posted to be visible to all construction personnel from all directions.

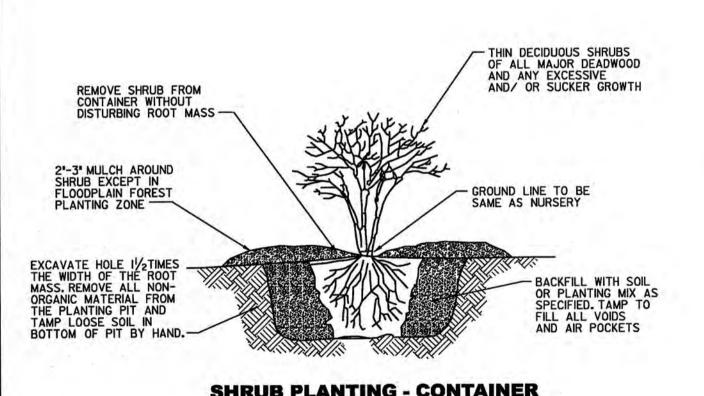
5. Signs should be installed at same time as tree protection device. device.

5. Locate signs approximately every 50 feet along fencing.

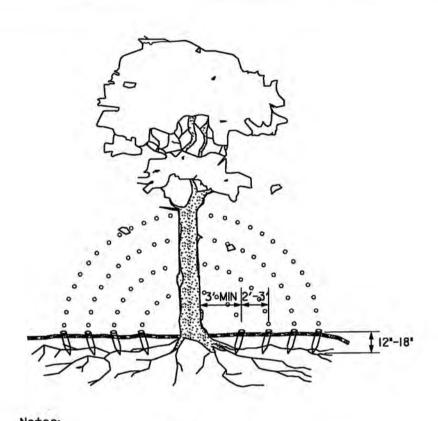
7. Signs should be in place immediately following stake out of L.O.D., and remain in place in perpetuity.



TREE PLANTING - CONTAINER GROWN



SHRUB PLANTING - CONTAINER



I. No fertilizer within 3 feet of trunk. 2. Apply fertilizer to entire critical root zone.

STRESS REDUCTION MEASURES (I) **APPLICATION OF FERTILIZERS BY INJECTION**

Source: Adapted from Maryland State FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL

M-NCPPC Prince George's County Planning Department Environmental Planning Section **APPROVAL** TREE CONSERVATION PLAN TCP2 -001-12 mur

DEPARTMENT

ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES GROUP

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

RKK Rummel, Klepper & Kahl, LLP 81 MOSHER STREET | BALTIMORE, MD 21217 PH: (410) 728-2900

FAX: (410) 728-3160

DATE ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR DWG 16 OF 17 SCALE: N.T.S. DATE SECTION MANAGER W. MORGANTE D. ADKIINS C.I.P. NO. DER-2012-0001 MANVINDER SINGH

"PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 19546, EXPIRATION DATE: 2/18/2014"



OFFSET PLANTS TO

AVOID STRAIGHT ROWS -

DATE REVISION

YORKVILLE ROAD SLOPE FAILURE STREAM STABILIZATION PROJECT

LD-2

Engineers | Construction Managers | Planners | Scientists DESIGNED: DRAWN: CHECKED BY: G. O'HARE BID NO. PROJECT MANAGER

2. Cutting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$9.00 per square foot mitigation fee.

- 3. A pre-construction meeting is required prior to the issuance of grading permits. The Department of Public Works and Transportation or the Department of Environmental Resources, as appropriate, shall be contacted prior to the start of any work on the site to conduct a pre-construction meeting where implementation of woodland conservation measures shown on this plan will be discussed in detail.
- 4. The County shall notify future buyers of any woodland conservation areas through the provision of a copy of this plan at time of contract signing. Future property owners are also subject to this requirement.

5. The owners of the property subject to this tree conservation plan are solely responsible for conformance to the requirements contained herein.

6. The property is within the Developed Tier and is zoned R-R.

7. The site is not adjacent to a roadway designated as scenic, historic, a parkway or a scenic

8. The site is not adjacent to a roadway classified as arterial or greater.

9. This plan is not grandfathered under CB-27-2010, Section 25-117 (g).

Tree Preservation and Retention Notes

10. All woodlands designated on this plan for preservation are the responsibility of the County. The woodland areas shall remain in a natural state. This includes the canopy trees and understory vegetation. A revised tree conservation plan is required prior to clearing woodland areas that are not specifically identified to be cleared on the approved TCP2.

11. Tree and woodland conservation methods such as root pruning shall be conducted as noted on this plan.

12. The location of all temporary tree protection fencing (TPFs) shown on this plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Upon approval of the locations by the county inspector, installation of the TPFs may begin.

13. All temporary tree protection fencing required by this plan shall be installed prior to commencement of clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the bond is released for the project. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective devices is a violation of this TCP2.

14. Woodland preservation areas shall be posted with signage as shown on the plans at the same time as the temporary TPF installation. These signs must remain in perpetuity.

Removal of Hazardous Trees or Limbs by Developers or Builders

15. The County is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or parts thereof designated by the county as dead, dving, or hazardous may be removed.

16. A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the tree has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property damage.

17. During the initial stages of clearing and grading, if hazardous trees are present, or trees are present that are not hazardous but are leaning into the disturbed area, the permitee shall remove said trees using a chain saw. Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the county inspector. Only after approval by the inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. The stump shall not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.

18. If a tree or trees become hazardous prior to bond release for the project, due to storm events or other situations not resulting from an action by the permitee, prior to removal, a Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert must certify that the tree or the portion of the tree in question has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage. If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.

If corrective pruning may alleviate a hazardous condition, the Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage. Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.

Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.

Afforestation and Reforestation Notes 19. All afforestation and reforestation bonds, based on square footage, shall be posted with the county prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be retained as surety until all required activities have been satisfied or the required timeframe for maintenance has passed, whichever is longer.

20. If planting cannot occur due to planting conditions, the County shall install the fencing and signage in accordance with the approved Type 2 Tree Conservation Plan. Planting shall then be accomplished during the next planting season. If planting is delayed beyond the transfer of the property title to the homeowner, the developer or builder shall obtain a signed statement from the purchaser indicating that they understand that the reforestation area is located on their property and that reforestation will occur during the next planting season. A copy of that document shall be presented to the Grading Inspector and the county.

21. Reforestation areas shall not be mowed. The management of competing vegetation around individual trees and the removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native vegetation within the reforestation areas is acceptable.

22. All required temporary tree protection fencing shall be installed prior to the clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the permanent tree protection fencing is installed with the required planting. The temporary fencing is not required to be installed if the permanent fencing is installed prior to clearing and grading of the site. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective fencing is a violation of this TCP2. Temporary tree protection fencing locations shown on sheet TCP-1.

23. Afforestation /reforestation areas shall be posted with notification signage, as shown on the plans, at the same time as the permanent protection fencing installation. These signs shall remain in perpetuity. Sign locations shown on sheet TCP-1.

24. The county inspector shall be notified prior to soil preparation or initiation of any tree planting on this site.

25. At time of issuance of the first permit, the following information shall be submitted to the M-NCPPC Planning Department regarding the contractor responsible for implementation of this plan: contractor name; business name (if different); address; and phone number. Results of annual survival checks for each of the required four years after tree planting shall be reported to the M-NCPPC, Planning Department.

26. Failure to establish the afforestation or reforestation within the prescribed time frame will result in the forfeiture of the reforestation bond and/or a violation of this plan including the associated \$9.00 per square foot penalty unless the county inspector approves a written extension.

PLANTING SPECIFICATION NOTES

1. Quantity: (See Plant Schedule on LD-1)

2. Type: (See Plant Schedule on LD-1)

3. Plant Quality Standards: The plants selected shall be healthy and sturdy representatives of their species. Plants that do not have an abundance of well developed terminal buds on the leaders and branches shall be rejected.

4. If the plants cannot be planted immediately after delivery to the reforestation site, they shall be stored in the shade with their root masses protected from direct exposure to sun and wind by the use of straw, peat moss, compost, or other suitable material and shall be maintained through periodic watering, until the time of planting.

5. Spacing: See Plant Schedule and /or Planting Plan for spacing requirements. Also refer to the Planting Layout detail for a description of the general planting theory.

6. Soil: Upon the completion of all grading operations, a soil test shall be conducted to determine what soil preparation and soil amendments, if any, are necessary to create good tree growing conditions. Soil samples shall be taken at a rate that provides one soil sample for each area that appears to have a different soil type (if the entire area appears uniform, then only one sample is necessary), and submitted for testing to a private company. The company of choice shall make recommendations for improving the existing soil. The soil will be tested and recommended for corrections of soil texture, pH, magnesium, phosphorus, potassium, calcium and organic matter.

7. Soil Improvement Measures: the soil shall then be improved according to the recommendations made by the testing company.

8. Fencing and Signage: Final protective fencing shall be placed on the visible and/or development side of planting areas. The final protective fence shall be installed upon completion of planting operations unless it was installed during the initial stages of development. Signs shall be posted per the signage detail on sheet LD-2.

9. Mulching: Apply two-inch thick layer of woodchip or shredded hardwood mulch (as noted) to each planting site (see detail shown on this plan).

10. Mowing: No mowing shall be allowed in any planting area.

11. Survival Check for Bond Release: The plantings should be checked at the end of each year for four years to assure that no less than 75% of the original planted quantity survives. If the minimum number has not been provided the area must be supplemented with additional seedlings to reach the required number at time of planting.

FOUR-YEAR MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RE/AFFORESTION AREAS (BY OTHERS)

Field check the re-afforestation area according to the following schedule: Year 1: Site preparation and Tree Planting Survival check once annually (September - November) see Note 1 below.

If watering is needed (2 per month) Control of undesirable vegetation as needed (once in June and once in September min.)

Year 2-3: Reinforcement planting is needed (See Note 2 below) Survival check once annually (September- November) Control of undesirable vegetation if needed (once in May and once in August min.)

Year 4: Reinforcement planting if needed. (See Note 2 below) Survival check (September - November) 1. Survival Check: Check planted stock against plant list (or as-built) by walking the site and taking inventory. Plants must show vitality. Submit field data forms

(Condition Check Sheets) to owner after each inspection. Remove all dead plants. Reinforcement Planting: Replace dead or missing plants in sufficient quantity to bring the total number of live plants to at least 75% of the number originally planted. If a particular species suffers unusually high mortality, replace with an alternative plant

3. Miscellaneous: Fertilization or watering during years 1 through 3 will be done on an as needed basis. Special return operations or recommendations will be conducted on an as needed basis.

YORKVILLE ROAD SLOPE FAILURE STREAM STABILIZATION PROJECT CDECIMEN THE TARIE

No.	Common Name	Scientific Name	DBH	Condition	Comments	Preserved or Removed	Preservation Comments
ST 1	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	39"	Good		Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer
ST 2	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	32"	Fair	Dead branches	Preserved	
ST 3	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	31"	Fair	Trunk decay, dead branches	Preserved	Root prune
ST 4	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Good		Preserved	Branch and root prune
ST 5	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	41"	Fair	Dead wood, major lean	Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer
ST 6	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Fair	Lean, decay in trunk	Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer
ST 7	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	33"	Good		Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer
ST 8	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Fair	Lean, trunk decay, dead branches	Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer
ST 9	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Good		Preserved	
ST 10	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Good		Preserved	
ST 11	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Good	Twin	Preserved	2 (400
ST 12	Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30"	Fair	Deadwood, trunk decay	Preserved	Branch prune, root prune & fertilize with low nitrogen fertilizer

All specimen trees within 100 feet of LOD were survey located.

Tree Condition Assessment Guidelines:

- > Excellent healthy tree with exceptional growth form; no visible defects; well-formed crown; few minor dead branches acceptable; this tree condition is rare.
- > Good healthy tree; very minor defects/decay acceptable with callous forming/complete; well-formed crown; minor lean and/or few minor/major dead branches acceptable; vines may be growing along trunk but not present within crown.
- Fair health questionable/stress evident; structurally sound tree; defects present that do not affect structural integrity; moderate lean; minor/major dead branches may be present; crown not broken out but not necessarily well formed or even; vines may be growing along trunk and within crown.

Ex. Fair tree could be experiencing insect damage, or exhibit a growth form that makes it very susceptible to wind damage in an open setting.

> Poor - significant health problems; may be structurally unsound; may be dead or dying; may contain significant decay; may have broken or missing top/crown; may have heavy lean; vines may be significantly affecting tree health.

Note: These guidelines were developed in-house based on the professional judgment of our Certified Arborists and other senior environmental staff.

in Prince	ce George's (County	1				
Project Description or Subdivision Name:	Yorkville	Road	Slope	Failure	Stream	Stabiliz	ation
Zone:				R-R			
Gross Tract or Project Area:				3.41			24.34%
Existing Woodland in Project Limits = WCT				0.83		-	4.04/6
Woodland Cleared Total area of woodland cleared (subject to 1:1	replacement)			0.83			
Off-Site Mitigation Provided (afforestation)	ropiacomony			0.00			
Off-Site Mitigation Provided (preservation)				0.00			
Woodland Conservation Requirement:				0.83			
Woodland Conservation Provided:							
Woodland Preserved				0.95			
Afforestation/Reforestation Natural Regeneration				0.00			
Prior Credit for Off-site Mitigation					Location:		
Current Credit for Off-site Mitigation					Lo	cation:	
Off-site Mitigation provided (afforestation)							
Off-site Mitigation provided (preservation)	na Aroa)				or		\$0.00
Area Mitigated by Fee-In-Lieu (Priority Fundi Area Mitigated by Fee-In-Lieu (Non-Priority	Funding Area)				or		\$0.00
Total Woodland Conservation Provided				0.95	0.00		

NOTE:

DATE

This TCP2 shows the clearing and reforestation of 0.17 acres of woodland on adjacent TCP2-038 and 0.12 acres of clearing and reforestation of woodlands on Lots 1 and 4, Block B, Addition to Yorkshire Village.

RKK Rummel, Klepper & Kahl, LLP

81 MOSHER STREET | BALTIMORE, MD 21217 FAX: (410) 728-3160 PH: (410) 728-2900 Engineers | Construction Managers | Planners | Scientists

> www.rkk.com FOREST CONSERVATION

TCP-2

DEPARTMENT ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES GROUP PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

M-NCPPC

Prince George's County Planning Department

Environmental Planning Section

APPROVAL

TREE CONSERVATION PLAN

TCP2 -001-12

01 / mys

MANVINDER SINGH

PROJECT MANAGER

DATE ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR SCALE: NONE DWG 14 OF 17 DATE SECTION MANAGER W. MORGANTE DESIGNED: D. ADKINS DRAWN: C.I.P. NO. CHECKED BY: G. O'HARE

DER-2012-0001

BID NO.

"PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 19546, EXPIRATION DATE: 2/18/2014"



CAPITAL PROJECTS TEAM ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES GROUP REVISION