

TYPE II TREE CONSERVATION NOTES:

- 1. This plan is submitted to fulfill the woodland conservation requirements for DSP-12012
- 2. Cutting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning director or designee shell be subject to a \$9.00 per square foot mitigation fee.
- 3. A pre-construction meeting is required prior to issuences of grading permits. The Department of Public Works and Transportation or the department of Environmental resources, as appropriate, shall be contacted prior to the start of any work on the site to conduct a pre-construction meeting where implementation of woodland conservation measures shown on this plan will be discussed in detail.
- 4. The developer or builder of the lots or parcels shown on this plan shall notify future buyers of any woodland conservation areas through the provision of a copy of this plan at time of contract signing. future property owners area also subject to this
- 5. The owners of the property subject to this tree conservation plan are solely responsible for conformance to the regulrements contained herein.
- 6. The property is within the Developing Tier and is zoned R-80.
- 7. The site is not adjacent to a roadway designated as scenic, historic, a parkway or a scenic byway
- 8. The property is not adjacent to a roadway classified as arterial or greater
- 9. This plan is not grandfathered under CS-27-2010, Section 25-117(g).
- 10. All woodlands designated on this plan for preservation are the responsibility of the property owner. The woodland areas shell remain in a natural state. This includes the canopy trees and understory vegetation. A revised tree conservation plan is required prior to clearing woodlend areas that are not specifically identified to be cleared on the approved TCP-II.
- 11. Tree and woodland conservation methods such as root pruning shall be conducted as noted on this plan.
- 12. The location of all temporary tree protection fencing (TPFs) shown on this plan shell be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Upon approval of the locations by the county inspector, installation of the TPFs may begin.
- 13. All temporary tree protection fencing required by this plan shall be installed prior to the commencement of clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the bond is released for the project. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective devices is a violation of this TCP-II.
- 14. Woodland preservation areas shall be posted with signaled as shown on the plans at the same time as the temporary TPF Installation. These signs must remain in perpetuity.
- 15. The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only tress or parts thereof designated by the county as dead, dying, or hazardous may be
- 16. A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the tree has a potential to fell and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property damage.
- 17. During the initial stages of clearing and grading, if hezardous trees are present, or trees are present that are not hazardous but are leaning into the disturbed area, the permittee shall remove said trees using a chain saw. Corrective measures regarding the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the county inspector. Only after approval by the inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. the stump shall not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.
- 18. If a tree or trees become hazardous prior to bond release for the project, due to to storm events or other situations not resulting from an action by the permittee, prior to removal, a Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert must cartify that the tree or the portion of the tree in question has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage. If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use area an may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permittee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation
- 19. If corrective pruning may alleviate a hazardous condition, the Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
- 20. Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.
- 21. Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP-II. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.
- 22. All afforestation and reforestation bonds, based on square footage, shall be posted with the county prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be retained as surety until all required activities have been satisfied or the required timeframe for maintenance has passed, whichever is longer.
- 23. The plenting of afforestation or reforestation areas shall be completed prior to the issuance of the first building permit. Seedling planting is to occur from November through May only. no planting shall be done while ground is frozen. Planting with larger caliper stock or containerized stock may be done at any time provided a detailed maintenance schedule is
- 24. If planting cannot occur due to planting conditions, the developer or property owner shall install the fencing and signage in accordance with the approved Type 2 Tree Conservation Plan. Planting shall then be accomplished during the next planting season. If transfer of the property occurs prior to plenting, the developer shall obtain a signed statement from the purchaser Indicating that they understand that the reforestation area is located on their property and that reforestation will occur during the next planting season. A copy of that document shall be presented to the Grading Inspector and the county.
- 25. Reforestation areas shall not be mowed. The management of competing vegetation around individual trees and the removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native vegetation within the reforestation areas is acceptable.
- 26. All required temporary tree protection fencing shall be installed prior to the clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the permanent tree protection fencing is installed with the required planting. The temporary fencing is not required to be installed if the permanent fencing is installed prior to clearing and grading of the site. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective fencing is a violetion of the TCP-II.
- 27. Afforestation/reforestatin areas shall be posted with notification signage, as shown on the plans, at the same time as the permanent protection fencing installation. These signs shall remain in perpetuity.
- 28. The county inspector shall be notified prior to soil preparation or initiation of any tree planting onsite.
- 29. At time of issuance of the first permit, the following information shell be submitted to the MNCPPC Planning Department regarding the contractor responsible for implementation of this plan as well as the source of the plant materials: Contractor Name; Business name (If different); Address; and Phone Number; Nursery Name; Contact; Address; Phone Number. Results of annual survival checks for each of the required four years after tree planting shall be reported to the MNCPPC, Planning
- 30. Failure to establish the afforestation or reforestation within the prescribed time frame will result in the forfeiture of the referestation bond and/or a violation of this plan including the associated \$9.00 per square foot panelty unless the county inspector approves a written extension.
- 31. Woodlands preserved, planted, or regenerated in fulfillment of woodland conservation requirements on-site have been placed in a woodland and wildlife hebitat conservation essement recorded in the Prince George 's County Land Records at Liber 35059 folio 314. Revisions to this TCP2 may require a revision to the recorded easement."

PLANTING SPECIFICATION NOTES

- 1. Plant Quality Standards: The plants selected shall be healthy and sturdy representatives of their species. Seedlings shall have a minimum top growth of 18". The diameter of the root collar (the part of the root just below ground level) shall be at least 3/8". The roots shall be well developed and at least 8" long, No more than twenty-five (25%) percent of the root system (both primary and auxiliary/fibrous roots shall be present).
- a. Plants that do not have an abundance of well developed terminal bude on the leaders and branches shall be rejected.
- b. Plants shall be shipped by the nursery immediately after lifting from the field or removal from the green house, and planted immediacy upon receipt by the landscape contractor.
- c. If the plants cannot be planted immediately after delivery to the reforestation site, they shall be stored in the shade with their root masses protected from direct exposure to sun and wind by the use of straw, peet moss, or compost, or othersultable material and shall be maintained through periodic watering, until the time of planting.
- 2. Plant Handling: the quantity of seedlings taken to the field shall not exceed the quantity that can be planted in a day. Seedlings, once removed from the nursery or temporery storage area shall be immediately planted.
- 3. Timing of Planting: The best time to plant seedlings is while they are dormant, prior to spring budding. The most suitable months for planting are March and April, when soil is moist, but may be planted from March through November. No planting shall be done while the ground is frozen. Planting shall occur within one growing season of the issuance of grading/building permits and/or reaching the final grades and stabilization of plenting areas.
- 4. Seedling Planting: Tree seedlings shall be hand planted using a dibble bar or sharp-shooter shovel. It is important that the seedling be placed in the hole so that the roots can spreed out naturally; they should not be twisted, balled up or bent. Moist soil should be packed firmly around the roots. Seedlings should be planted at a depth where their roots lie just below the ground surface. Air pockets should not be left after closing the hole which would allow the roots to dry out. See planting details for further explanation. If the contractor wishes to plant by another method, the preparer of this tree conservation plan must be contacted an give approval before planting may begin.
- 5. Specing: See Planting Schedule and/or Planting Plan for specing requirements. Also refer to the planting layout detail for a description for general planting theory.
- 6. Soil: Planting areas are proposed for enhancement of existing vegetated, non-forested areas and no soil amendments are
- 7. Fencing and Signage: Final protective fencing shall be placed on the visible and/or development side of planting areas. The final protective fence shall be installed upon completion of planting operations unless it was installed during the initial stages of development. Sings shall be posted per the signage detail on this sheet.
- 8. Planting method; Consult Details on this plan.
- 9. Mulching: Apply two-inch thick leyer of woodchip or shredded herdwood mulch to each planting site as per detail.
- 10. Groundcover Establishment: The remaining disturbed area between seedling planting sites shall be seeded and stabilized with white clover seed at the rate of Sibs/acre.
- 11. Mowing: No mowing shall be allowed in any planting area.
- 12. Survival Check and Bond Release: The seedling planting is to be checked at the end of each year for four years to assure that no less than 75% of the original planted quantity survives. If the minimum number has not been provided the area must be supplemented with additional seedlings to reach the required number at time of planting.

OFF-SITE WOODLAND CONSERVATION

1. Prior to the issuance of the first permit for the development shown on this TCP-II, all off-site woodland conservation required by this pan shall be identified on an approved TCP-II plan and recorded as an off-site easement in the land records of Prince Georges County. Proof of recordation of the off-site conservation shall be provided to the MNCPPC, Planning Department prior to issuance of any permit for the associated plan.

INVASIVE SPECIES

- 1. Removal of invasive species is proposed for the planting/enhancement areas. Invasive plant removal shall be completed prior to planting.
- 2. The removal of noxious, invasive, and non-natives plant species shall be done with the use of hand-held equipment only such as pruners and chainsaw. These plants may be cut near the ground and the material less than two inches in diameter may be removed from the area and disposed of properly. All material from these noxious, invasive, and non-native plants greater than tow (2) inches in diameter shall be cut to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition.
- 3. The use of broadcast spraying of herbicides is not permitted. However, the use of herbicide to discourage re-sprouting of invesive, noxious, or non-native plants is permitted if done as an application of chemical directly to the cut stump immediately following cutting of plant tops. The use of any herbicide shall be done in accordance with the label instructions and applied by a a cetified pesticide applicator.

VIRGINIA PINE

- 1. The subject property contains Virginia Pine (Pinus virginians) that are subject to wind throw. All Virginia Pine greater than 6 inches in diameter within 40 feet of the final proposed limit of disturbance or the boundary of the property shall be cut down by hand during the clearing of the site.
- 2. After the Virginia Pines have been removed, the contractor responsible for implementation of this TCP-II shall submit an evaluation of the stocking levels for the residual stand, management techniques to be applied to the residual stand, and supplemental planting requirements to the MNCPPC Planning Department. This evaluation shall be submitted prior to issuance of the first building permit to ensure that all risk trees have been removed. A planting shedule and/or details for the management of natural regeneration to fully restock the site must be shown on the plan.

FOUR YEAR MANAGEMENT PLAN

Site Preparation and Tree Planting Survival check ence annually (Sept-Nov) see Note 1 Webering as Needed (2x per month)

Field check the re-afforestation area according to the following schedule

- Control of undestrable vegetation as needed (1x in June and 1x in Sept. min.) Reinforcement planting as needed (see note 2)
- Survival check once annually (September-November) Control of undesirable vegetation if needed (1x in May and 1x in August min.)
- Reinforcement Plenting If needed (See note 2)

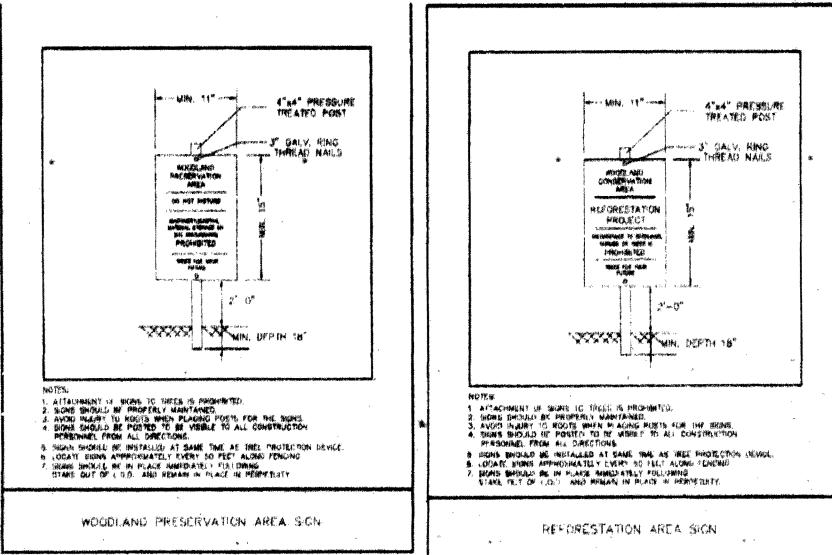
Survival check (Sept-Nov)

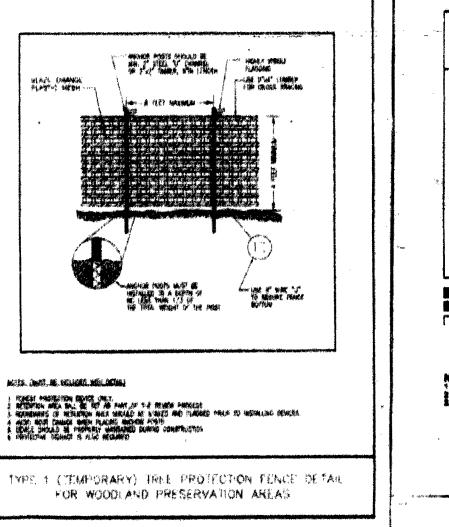
- 1. Survival Check: check planted stock against plant list (or as-built) by walking the site and taking inventory. Plants must how vitality. Submit flied data forms (Condition Chack Sheets) to owner after each inspection. Remove all dead plants.
- 2. Reinforcement Planting: Replace deed or missing plants in sufficient quantity to bring the total number of live plants to at least 75% of the number originally planted. If a particular species suffers unusually mortality, replace with an alternative plant type.
- 3. Miscellaneous: Fertilizer or watering during years 1 through 3 will be done on an as needed basis. Special return operations or recommendations will be conducted on an as needed basis.

APPORESTATION/REPORESTATION AREA

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The area proposed as afforestation/reforestation shall be cleared of any and all invasives and woody vines as noted on this plan. All of the plant materials necessary to meet the required stocking rate of 800 seedling equivalents per acre as indicated in the plant schedule shall be installed and the area shall be monitored and maintained as an afforestation area. Adjustments may be made to the quantities of proposed plant materials to be installed based on sampling performed after the removal of invasives which demonstrates natural regeneration successfully occurring in the area. Any disagrant to woodland conservation planting requirements shall be handled as a revision to the TCPII."





REFORESTATION AREA #1 - 15,905 (0.37 acres)

REFORESTATION AREA #2 - 12.866 (0.30 acres)

REFORESTATION AREA #3 - 9,688 (0.22 acres)

Forest Conservation/Landscape Buffer* - 6,980 (0.16 acres)
Hinimum Stocking: 180 Plants/acre © 20' x 20' spacing
=26 trees/shrubs

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WELLE OVE

BLACK GUM

9 RED MAPLE

BLACE GUM

WEIGHT GAR.

TOTAL =90 plants

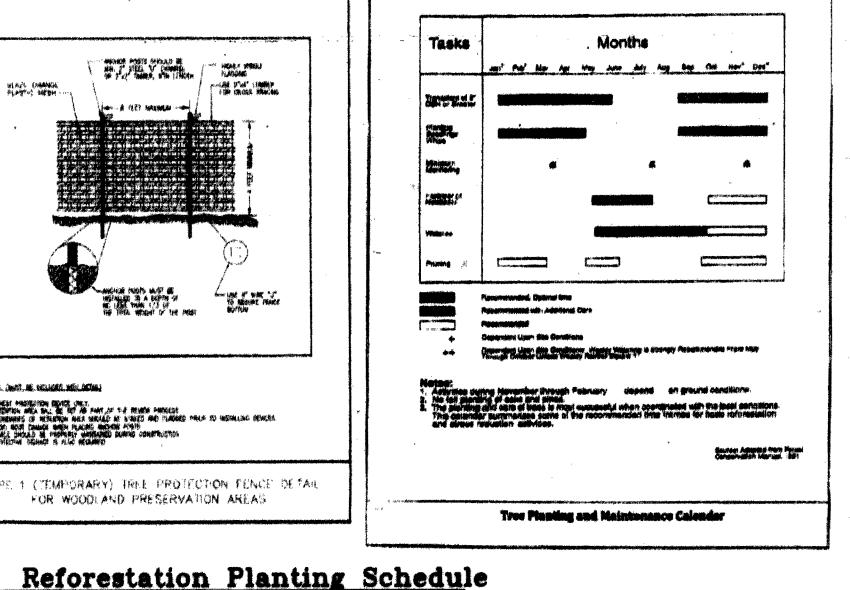
TOTAL =180 Plants

Minimum Stocking: 400 Plants/acre © 12' x 12' spacing

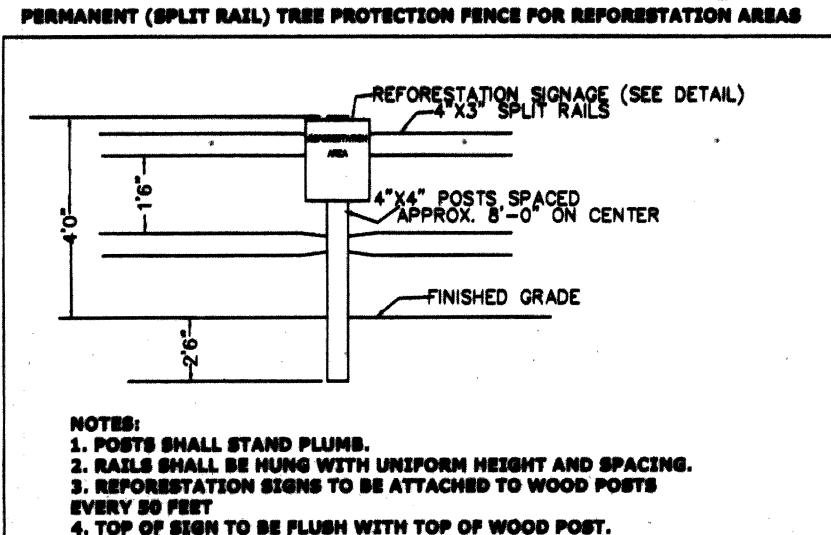
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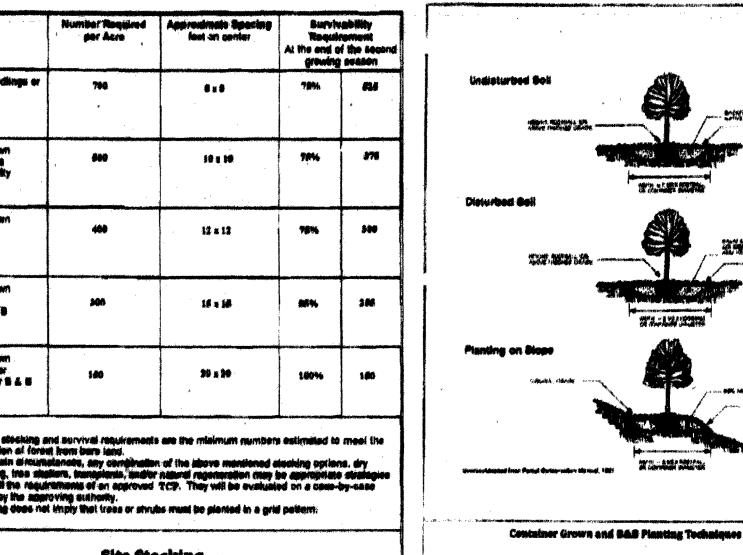
A gallon er langer A gallon er langer

A gallon or larger



7846 12 = 12 180% These stocking and servival requirements are the minimum numbers estimated to meet the These stocking and survive importances were an analysis of definition of forest from bern land. In certain of forest from bern land, in certain directionate, any combination of the labove mentioned stocking options, dry seeding, from stationate, any combination of the labove mentioned stocking options, dry seeding, from stationate, and/or named regeneration may be appropriate strategies to fulfill the regularisment of an approved TCP. They will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis by the approving authority. Specing does not imply that trees or shrubs must be planted in a grid pattern;

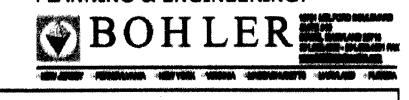




5. SIGNS TO BE ATTACHED USING GALVANIZED WOOD SCREWS

EACH WITH A GALVANIZED WASHER.

PLANNING & ENGINEERING:



Matthew T. Wright via COMAR 08,19,06.01



TYPE II-TREE CONSERVATION PLAN MAGNOLIA CENTER 0

Prince George's County, Managed

PROPERTY



AMERICAN LAND CONCEPTS REISTERSTOWN, MARYLAND 21136 PHONE: (410)-526-2666

SCALE: N/A DATE: 8.13.2013 JOB #: 12-01 DESIGNED: MTW DRAWN: MTW CHECKED: GMJ

Phone: 301-552-8085 NOTE: This plan is in accordance with the fellowing variance from the strict requirements of Subtitle 25 approved by the Planning Sourd on April 11, 2013:

(1) The removal of two specimen trees (Section 25-122(b)(1)(6)): numbered ST-1 and

236 B MAIN STREET PAX: (410)-526-2970

SHEET: 2 OF 2

Site Stocking

Container Planting Detail

TO MANAGEMENT OF THE PARTY OF T

Prince George's Planning Departmen Brivironmental Planning Section

TCP2-007-13

OWNER / APPLICANT

Doctors Hospital, Inc. 8118 Good Luck Road

Atten. Mr. Phil Down, Jr.

Lenham, MD. 20706

Initial Approval UFundi

01 Revision

02 Revision

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