

Standard Type 2 Tree Conservation Plan Notes

- 1. This plan is submitted to fulfill the woodland conservation requirements for <u>Grading Permit</u>. If the Grading Permit expires, then this TCP2 also expires and is no longer valid.
- 2. Cutting or clearing woodlands not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$9.00 per square foot mitigation
- 3. A pre-construction meeting is required prior to the issuance of grading permits. The Department of Permitting, Inspections and Enforcement (DPIE), as appropriate, shall be contacted prior to the start of any work on the site to conduct a pre-construction meeting where implementation of
- woodland conservation measures shown on this plan will be discussed in detail. 4. The developer or builder of the lots or parcels shown on this plan shall notify future buyers of any woodland conservation areas through the provision of a copy of this plan at time of contract signing. Future property owners are also subject to this requirement.
- 5. The owners of the property subject to this tree conservation plan are solely responsible for conformance to the requirements contained herein.
- 6. The property is within the <u>Developing Tier</u> (ESA-2) and is zoned <u>R-E</u>.
- 7. The site is not adjacent to a roadway designated as scenic, historic, a parkway or a scenic byway.
- 8. The site is not adjacent to a roadway classified as arterial or greater. 9. This plan is not grandfathered by CB27-2010, Section 25-119(g).
- **Tree Preservation and Retention Notes**
- 10. All woodlands designated on this plan for preservation are the responsibility of the property owner. The woodland areas shall remain in a natural state. This includes the canopy trees and understory vegetation. A revised tree conservation plan is required prior to clearing woodland
- areas that are not specifically identified to be cleared on the approved TCP2. 11. Tree and woodland conservation methods such as root pruning shall be conducted as noted on
- 12. The location of all temporary tree protection fencing (TPFs) shown on this plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Upon approval of the locations by the county inspector, installation of the TPFs may begin.
- 13. All temporary tree protection fencing required by this plan shall be installed prior to commencement of clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the bond is released for the project. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective devices is a violation of this TCP2.
- 14. Woodland preservation areas shall be posted with signage as shown on the plans at the same time as the temporary TCF installation. These signs must remain in perpetuity.
- Removal of Hazardous Trees or Limbs by Developers or Builders 15. The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or parts thereof designated by the county as dead, dying or hazardous may be removed.
- 16. A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the trees has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property
- 17. During the initial stages of clearing and grading, if hazardous trees are present, or trees are present that are not hazardous but are leaning into the disturbed area, the permitee shall remove said trees using a chain saw. Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the county inspector. Only after approval by the inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. The stump shall not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.
- 18. If a tree or trees become hazardous prior to bond release for the project, due to storm events or other situations not resulting from an action by the permitee, prior to removal, a Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert must certify that the tree or the portion of the tree in question has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage. If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
 - a. If corrective pruning may alleviate a hazardous condition, the Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photographs shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
 - b. Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.
 - c. Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.

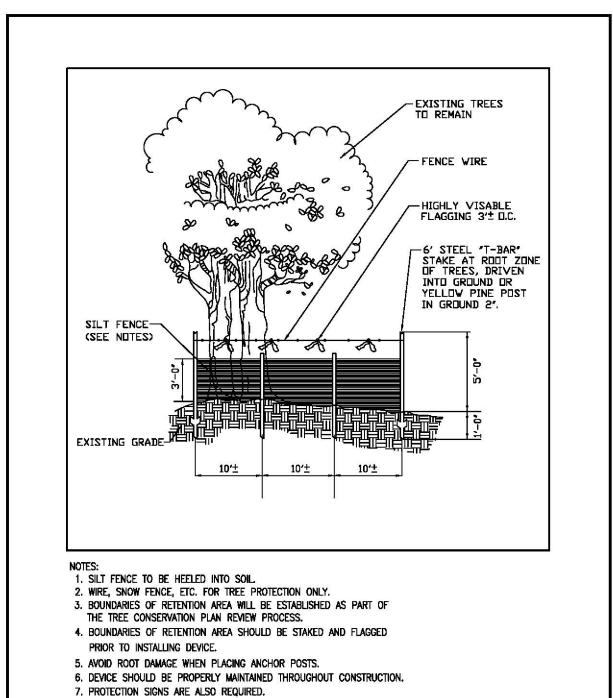
When Virginia Pines are present within 40 feet of the limits of disturbance in a preservation area: 19. The subject property contains Virginia Pine (Pinus virginiana) that are subject to wind throw. All Virginia Pine greater than 6 inches in diameter within 40 feet of the final proposed limit of disturbance or the property boundary of the property shall be cut down by hand during the

20. After the Virginia Pine have been removed, the contractor responsible for implementation of this TCP2 shall submit an evaluation of the stocking levels for the residual stand, management techniques to be applied to the residual stand, and supplemental planting requirements to the M-NCPPC Planning Department. This evaluation shall be submitted prior the issuance of the first building permit to ensure that all high risk trees have been removed. A planting schedule and/or details for the management of natural regeneration to fully restock the site must be shown on the

POST DEVELOPMENT NOTES

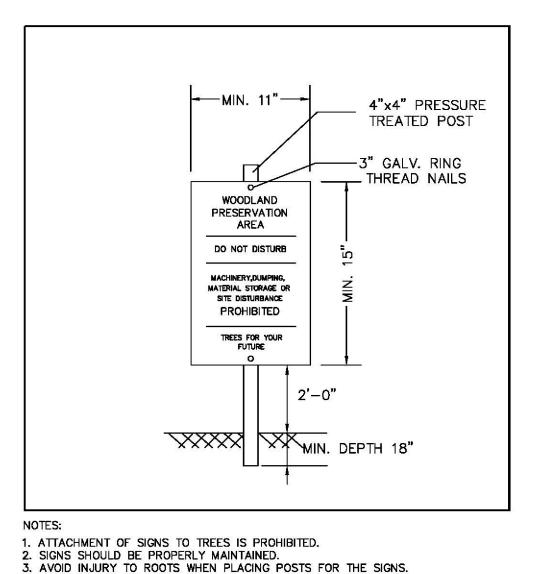
When woodlands and/or specimen, historic or champion trees are to remain:

- 21. If the developer or builder no longer has an interest in the property and the new owner desires to remove a hazardous tree or portion thereof, the new owner shall obtain a written statement from a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert identifying the hazardous condition and the proposed corrective measures prior to having the work conducted. After proper documentation has been completed per the handout "Guidance for Prince George's County Property Owners, Preservation of Woodland Conservation Areas", the arborist or tree expert may then remove the tree. The stump shall be cut as close to the ground as possible and left in place. The removal or grinding of the stumps in the woodland conservation area is not permitted.
- 22. If a tree or portion thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use areas and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos
- shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage. 23. Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.
- 24. The removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native plant species from any woodland preservation area shall be done with the use of hand-held equipment only (pruners or a chain saw). These plant may be cut near the ground and material less than two inches diameter may be removed from the area and disposed of appropriately. All material from these noxious, invasive, and nonnative plants greater than two (2) inches diameter shall be cut to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition.
- 25. The use of broadcast spraying of herbicides is not permitted. However, the use of herbicides to discourage re-sprouting of invasive, noxious, or non-native plants is permitted if done as an application of the chemical directly to the cut stump immediately following cutting of plant tops. The use of any herbicide shall be done in accordance with the label instructions.
- 26. The use of chainsaws is extremely dangerous and should not be conducted with poorly maintained equipment, without safety equipment, or by individuals not trained in the use of this equipment for the pruning and/or cutting of trees.



TYPE 4 (TEMPORARY) TREE PROTECTION FENCE COMBINATION SILT FENCE & TREE PROTECTION

8. LOCATE FENCE OUTSIDE THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.



- 4. SIGNS SHOULD BE POSTED TO BE VISIBLE TO ALL CONSTRUCTION
- PERSONNEL FROM ALL DIRECTIONS.
- 5. SIGNS SHOULD BE INSTALLED AT SAME TIME AS TREE PROTECTION DEVICE. 6. LOCATE SIGNS APPROXIMATELY EVERY 50 FEET ALONG FENCING.
- 7. SIGNS SHOULD BE IN PLACE IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING STAKE OUT OF L.O.D., AND REMAIN IN PLACE IN PERPETUITY.

WOODLAND PRESERVATION AREA SIGN

SPECIMEN TREE TABLE

ree	Common	Latin Name	DBH	Condition	Comments	Disposition	Preservation
#	Name		(inch)	Rating			Comment
1	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	33	Fair (75)	Trunk & top damage, decay, v-fork, dieback	Save	No impacts
2*	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	35	Good (87)	Top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
3*	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	30	Fair (75)	Root, trunk & top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
4*	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	34	Fair (75)	Root, trunk & top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
5	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	33	Good (84)	Trunk & top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
6	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	33	Poor (46)	Root, trunk & top damage, decay, dieback, cavities	Save	No impacts
7*	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	35	Excellent (91)	Top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
8	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	38	Excellent (91)	Top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
9	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	31	Poor (53)	Root, trunk & top damage, decay, dieback, cavities	Save	No impacts
10	Southern Red Oak	Quercus falcata	31	Fair (72)	Root, trunk & top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts
11*	Yellow Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	41	Good (81)	Trunk & top damage, decay, dieback	Save	No impacts

Trees denoted with an asterisk () are located off-site but within 100-foot of the property boundary.

Natural Resources Inventory Site Statistics Table

Site Statistics	Total ¹ (acres)
Gross tract area	4.60
Existing 100-year floodplain	0.00
Net tract area	4.60
Existing woodland in the floodplain	0.00
Existing woodland net tract	4.35
Existing woodland total	4.35
Existing PMA	0.00
Regulated streams (linear feet of centerline)	0'
Rinarian (wooded) buffer up to 300 feet wide ²	0.62

Riparian (wooded) buffer up to 300 feet wide² 0.62

¹ Figures are to be provided in acres rounded to the nearest 1/100th of an acre unless otherwise indicated. ² Acreage of the onsite woodland up to 300 feet measured from the stream centerline or from the top of bank on both sides of I/We Garnell M. Walls __ hereby acknowledge that we are aware of this Type 2 Tree Conservation Plan (TCP2) and that we understand the requirements as set forth in this TCP2.

_ Date: 6/15/2021

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION This complies with the current requirements of Subtitle 25 and the Environmental Technical Manual

John P. Markovich JM Forestry Services, LLC

Garnell M. Walls

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> Prince George's County Planning Department, M-NCPPC **Environmental Planning Section** TREE CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVAL

TCP2-017-2021									
Approved by	Date	DRD#	Reason for Revision						
Alexander Kirchhof	6/23/2021		N/A						
		TCP2-017-2021 Approved by Date Alexander Kirckhof 6/23/2021							

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REVISIONS

Checked JPM |

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