

Standard Type 2 Tree Conservation Notes

- 1. This plan is submitted to fulfill the woodland conservation requirements for Missouri Acres, Section Two Preliminary Plan #4-07009 and TCP1/76/95. If Preliminary Plan #4-07009 expires, then this TCP2 also expires and is no longer valid.
- Cutting or clearing woodlands not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$1.50 per square foot mitigation fee.
- Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$1.50 per square foot mitigation fee.

 3. A pre-construction meeting is required prior to the issuance of grading permits. The Department of Public Works and Transportation or the Department of Environmental Resources, as appropriate, shall be contacted
- woodland conservation measures shown on this plan will be discussed in detail.

 4. The developer or builder of the lots or parcels shown on this plan shall notify future buyers of any woodland conservation areas through the provision of a copy of this plan at time of contract signing. Future property

prior to the start of any work on the site to conduct a pre-construction meeting where implementation of

- owners are also subject to this requirement.

 The owners of the property subject to this tree conservation plan are solely responsible for conformance to the
- requirements contained herein.

 6. The property is within the Developing Tier and is zoned R-R.
- 7. The site is not adjacent to a roadway designated as scenic, historic, a parkway or a scenic byway.
- 3. The site is not adjacent to a roadway classified as arterial or greater.

9. This plan is grandfathered by CB27-2010, Section 25-119(g).

- Tree Preservation and Retention Notes
 All woodlands designated on this plan for preservation are the responsibility of the property owner. The woodland areas shall remain in a natural state. This includes the canopy trees and understory vegetation. A revised tree conservation plan is required prior to clearing woodland areas that are not specifically identified to be cleared on the approved TCP2.
- 11. Tree and woodland conservation methods such as root pruning shall be conducted as noted on this plan.
 12. The location of all temporary tree protection fencing (TPFs) shown on this plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Upon approval of the locations by the county inspector, installation of
- 13. All temporary tree protection fencing required by this plan shall be installed prior to commencement of clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the bond is released for the project. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective devices is a violation of this TCP2.
- 14. Woodland preservation areas shall be posted with signage as shown on the plans at the same time as the temporary TCF installation. These signs must remain in perpetuity.

Removal of Hazardous Trees or Limbs by Developers or Builders

- 15. The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or parts thereof designated by the county as dead, dying or hazardous may be removed.
- 16. A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the trees has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property damage.
- 17. During the initial stages of clearing and grading, if hazardous trees are present, or trees are present that are not hazardous but are leaning into the disturbed area, the permitee shall remove said trees using a chain saw.

 Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the county inspector. Only after approval by the inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. The stump shall not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.
- 18. If a tree or trees become hazardous prior to bond release for the project, due to storm events or other situations not resulting from an action by the permitee, prior to removal, a Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert must certify that the tree or the portion of the tree in question has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage. If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
 - a. If corrective pruning may alleviate a hazardous condition, the Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photographs shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
- b. Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.
- c. Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.

If existing trees are proposed for use as protection for preservation areas:

19. Tree protection fencing (TPFs) is not required for all or portions of this plan because an undisturbed 100-foot buffer of open land / or a 50-foot forested buffer is being maintained between the limit of disturbance (LOD) and the woodland preservation areas. If the LOD changes and the change impacts these buffers, the county inspector shall be contacted to evaluate the changes to determine if a revision to the tree conservation plan is necessary or if installation of TPFs will be required.

When Virginia Pines are present within 40 feet of the limits of disturbance in a preservation area:

- 20. The subject property contains Virginia Pine (Pinus virginiana) that are subject to wind throw. All Virginia Pine greater than 6 inches in diameter within 40 feet of the final proposed limit of disturbance or the property boundary of the property shall be cut down by hand during the clearing of the site.
- 21. After the Virginia Pine have been removed, the contractor responsible for implementation of this TCP2 shall submit an evaluation of the stocking levels for the residual stand, management techniques to be applied to the residual stand, and supplemental planting requirements to the M-NCPPC Planning Department. This evaluation shall be submitted prior the issuance of the first building permit to ensure that all high risk trees have been removed. A planting schedule and/or details for the management of natural regeneration to fully restock the site must be shown on the plan.

Post Development Notes

When woodlands and/or specimen, historic or champion trees are to remain:

- 22. If the developer or builder no longer has an interest in the property and the new owner desires to remove a hazardous tree or portion thereof, the new owner shall obtain a written statement from a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert identifying the hazardous condition and the proposed corrective measures prior to having the work conducted. After proper documentation has been completed per the handout "Guidance for Prince George's County Property Owners, Preservation of Woodland Conservation Areas", the arborist or tree expert may then remove the tree. The stump shall be cut as close to the ground as possible and left in place. The removal or grinding of the stumps in the woodland conservation area is not permitted.
- 23. If a tree or portion thereof is in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use areas and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.
- 24. Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.
- 25. The removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native plant species from any woodland preservation area shall be done with the use of hand-held equipment only (pruners or a chain saw). These plant may be cut near the ground and material less than two inches diameter may be removed from the area and disposed of appropriately. All material from these noxious, invasive, and non-native plants greater than two (2) inches diameter shall be cut to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition.
- 26. The use of broadcast spraying of herbicides is not permitted. However, the use of herbicides to discourage re-sprouting of invasive, noxious, or non-native plants is permitted if done as an application of the chemical directly to the cut stump immediately following cutting of plant tops. The use of any herbicide shall be done in accordance with the label instructions.
- 27. The use of chainsaws is extremely dangerous and should not be conducted with poorly maintained equipment, without safety equipment, or by individuals not trained in the use of this equipment for the pruning and/or cutting of trees.

Type II Tree Conservation Plan Notes For an Off-site Woodland Conservation Bank

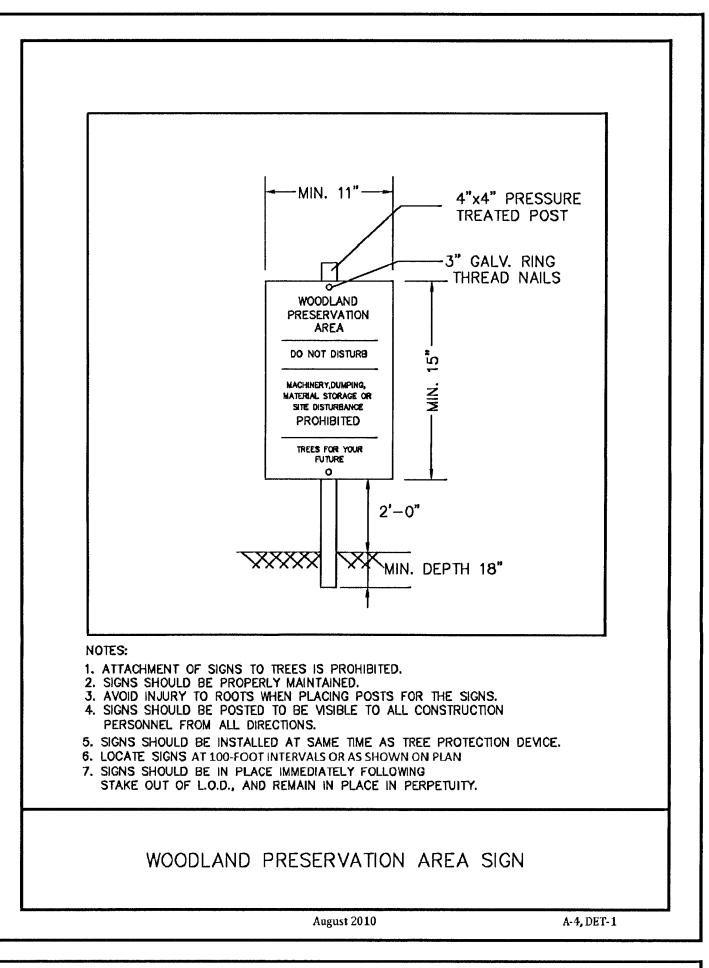
- 1. This plan does not propose the disturbance of any existing woodlands and therefore is not required to identify or provide any Woodland Conservation to address the on-site requirements. The sole purpose of this Tree Conservation Plan is to establish off-site mitigation areas to satisfy the woodland conservation requirements for other properties. Any future activities on this property that result in the clearing of any woodland will initiate the Woodland Conservation requirements for this property. At that time the TCPII shall be revised to calculate the requirements for this property and demonstrate how those requirements are being satisfied in addition to the off-site mitigation areas already created.
- 2. Cutting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this Plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$9.00 per square foot mitigation fee, 1:1 replacement of the disturbed woodlands and other requirements that may be required due to the ½: 1, 2:1 or 1:1 replacement
- requirements associated with the clearing of woodlands.

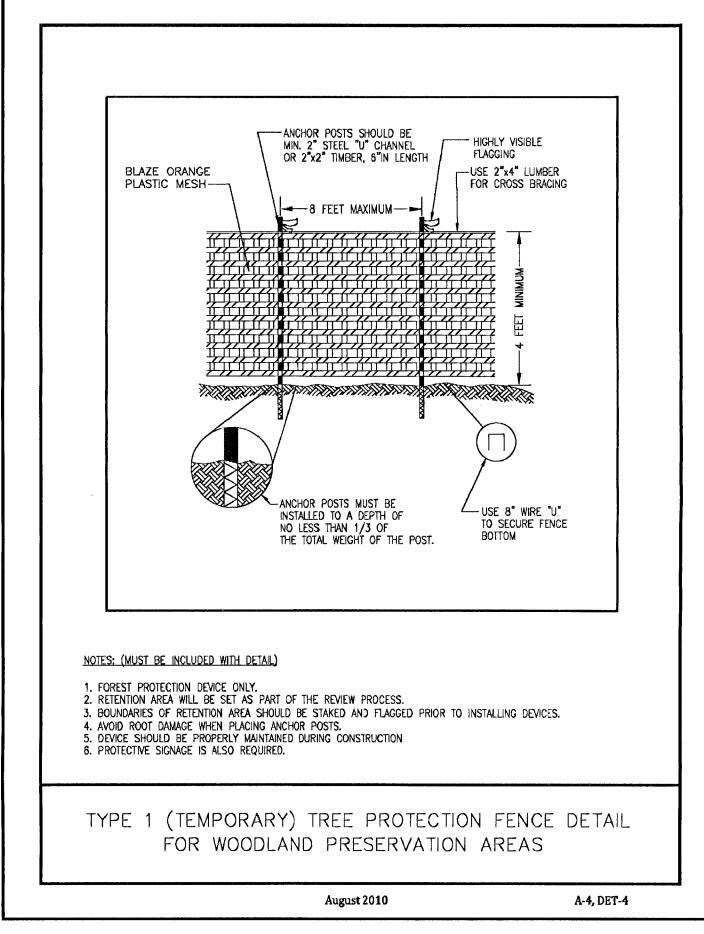
 3. Per CB-60-2005, the seller of any property is required to inform the purchaser at the time of contract signature that the property is subject to a Tree Conservation Plan and provide a copy of the Type II Tree Conservation
- Plan that depicts the area subject to the Tree Conservation Plan.

 4. Off-site woodland conservation mitigation areas created for the purpose of satisfying the off-site woodland conservation requirement of a benefiting property may not be used to satisfy the requirements for this property in
- 5. All off-site woodland conservation on this property shall be encumbered by a declaration of covenants recorded in the Land Records of Prince George's County, Maryland and/or other protection documents as found acceptable by the M-NCPPC Environmental Planning Section (EPS). The Declaration of Covenants may encumber only the portion of the property included in the off-site mitigation bank, and must include a metes and
- bounds description of the area to be encumbered signed and sealed by a licensed surveyor.

 6. Prior to the recordation of any declaration of covenants encumbering any portion of this property, a draft of the document shall be submitted to the Environmental Planning Section, MNCPPC for appropriate review and
- 7. Off-site woodland conservation mitigation banks may not encumber lands previously protected or encumbered
- by permanent protection instruments.

 8. Each subsequent commitment for a portion of the mitigation bank will require the submittal of a signed sales agreement and draft Transfer Certificate to the Environmental Planning Section for review prior to recordation. Each Transfer Certificate shall clearly cross-reference the appropriate TCPIIs and project names (banking property and benefiting property).
- 9. All off-site woodland conservation areas established on existing (preserved) woodlands shall be credited at a rate of 2 acres of existing woodlands for every 1 acre of off-site woodland conservation mitigation required, in accordance with NR Article 5-1607(b)(2). Off-site woodland mitigation areas established as afforestation areas or as natural regeneration shall be credited at a rate of 1 acre of afforestation for every 1 acre of off-site mitigation required, but may not be transferred until after two growing seasons and certification of adequate survival unless an afforestation bond is posted.
- 10. The TCPII Off-site Woodland Conservation Summary Table shall be revised each time a Transfer Certificate is recorded to identify the acreages affected, the benefiting property name and TCPII number, and the recordation
- 11. If a Transfer Certificate is recorded and is later found to be unnecessary, a written request shall be submitted to the EPS to evaluate the Transfer Certificate release request. If it is determined that the Transfer Certificate may be released, the EPS will notify the applicant that a release document may be submitted for processing.
- 12. The purchase or sale of off-site woodland conservation mitigation credits involves the transfer of real property rights and may be subject to Maryland property transfer tax at the time of recordation of a Transfer Certificate.
- 13. Timber harvesting activities on the site may occur only after approval of a Forest Management or Stewardship Plan by the Prince George's County Forestry Board and after approval of a revised TCPII by the EPS.







TYPE 2 TREE CONSERVATION PLAN PLAT 2-A LOTS 1 THROUGH 21 AND

PARCEL "A"
PLAT BOOK: XX @ PLAT NO: XX

MISSOURI ACRES
BRANDYWINE ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 1



	BRANDYWINE	ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 11 RGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND
REVISIONS:		JOYCE ENGINEERING CORPORATION OF THE PROPERTY

Property Owners Awareness Certificate

I / We ______ hereby acknowledge that we are aware of this Type 2
Tree Conservation Plan (TCP2) and that we understand the requirements as set forth
in this TCP2

12-23-13

Owner or Owners Representative

Owner/Developer/Applicant:
Land & Commercial, Inc. PSP
Attn: Leo Bruso

14416 Old Mill Road, Suite 201 Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772 Phone: 301-952-9700