

0.62 Acres 0.37 Acres

0.90 Acres 2.25 Acres 0.98 Acres 0.57 Acres 7.63 Acres 1.74 Acres 0.77 Acres 2.54 Acres 020 Acres 2.55 Acres Total Proposed Clearing Shown 21.12 Acres LEGEND

Intermediate contour

Non-tidal Wetlands WL WL Primary Management Area

Woodland Retained homeomorphoness but not part of any Woodland Requirements. desirable woodlands in the R-A zone are preserved for the time being only as woodlands

> Woodland clearing area (WCA) PMA Variation Area

Woodland Preservation Area (WPA)

(Aerial topo only)

M—NCPPC Prince George's County Planning Departmen Natural Resources Division TREE CONSERVATION PLAN

PRIMARY MANAGEMENT AREA (PMA) COMPONENTS - Perennial streams

- 50' from top of stream bank - 100-year floodplain

- Adjacent slopes of 25% or greater - Highly erodible solls on 15% slopes or greater - Areas necessary to protect the stream or 100-year floodplain - Nontidal wetland areas - 25' wetland buffers

5.37 Acres

13.20 Acres

42.75 Acres

2.89 Acres

2.67 Acres

4.14 Acres

5.51 Acres

0.47 Acres

0.97 Acres

1.85 Acres 0.50 Acres

0.25 Acres

0.30 Acres

0.25 Acres 0.37 Acres

2.21 Acres

2.50 Acres

3.29 Acres

22.96 Acres 0.25 Acres

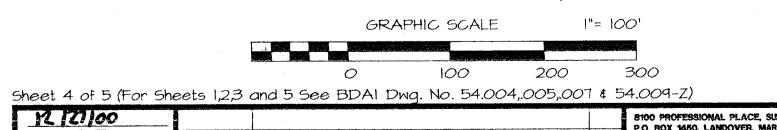
112:60 Acres

- Wetlands of Special State Concern - 100' Special Wetland Buffer

> OWNER / APPLICANT TIERCO MARYLAND, INC. P.O. BOX 4210 LARGO, MD 20775 ATTN: JANET PORTER

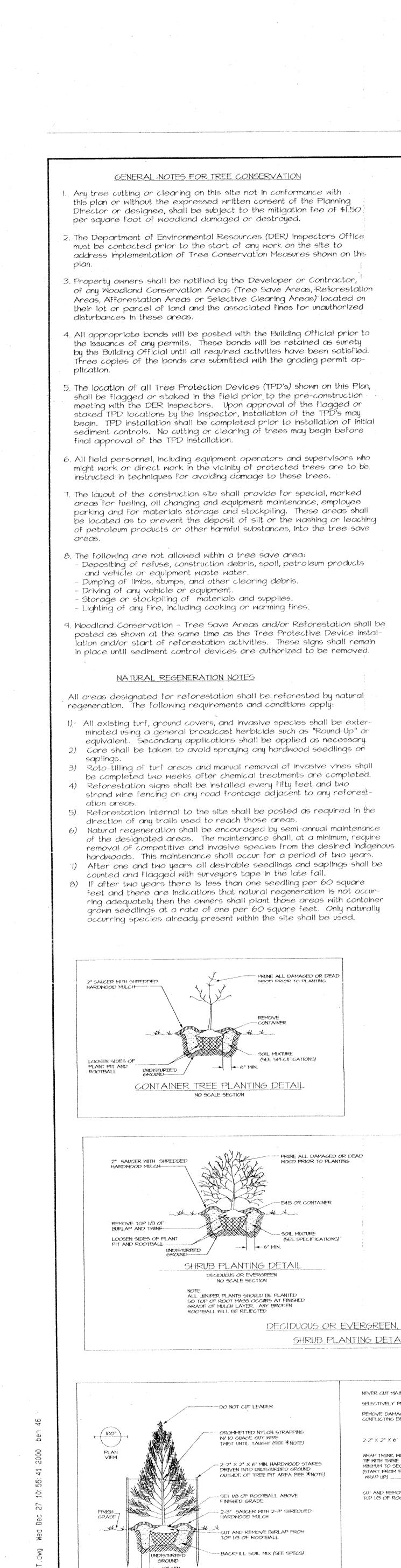
TREE CONSERVATION PLAN ~ TYPE II LANDS OF TIERCO MARYLAND, INC. SIX FLAGS AMERICA

QUEEN ANNE DISTRICT No. 7 PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND



2/00 Revised clearing limits to show 2001 coaster. Kevin E. Hedge Qualified Professional COMAR 08.19.06.01

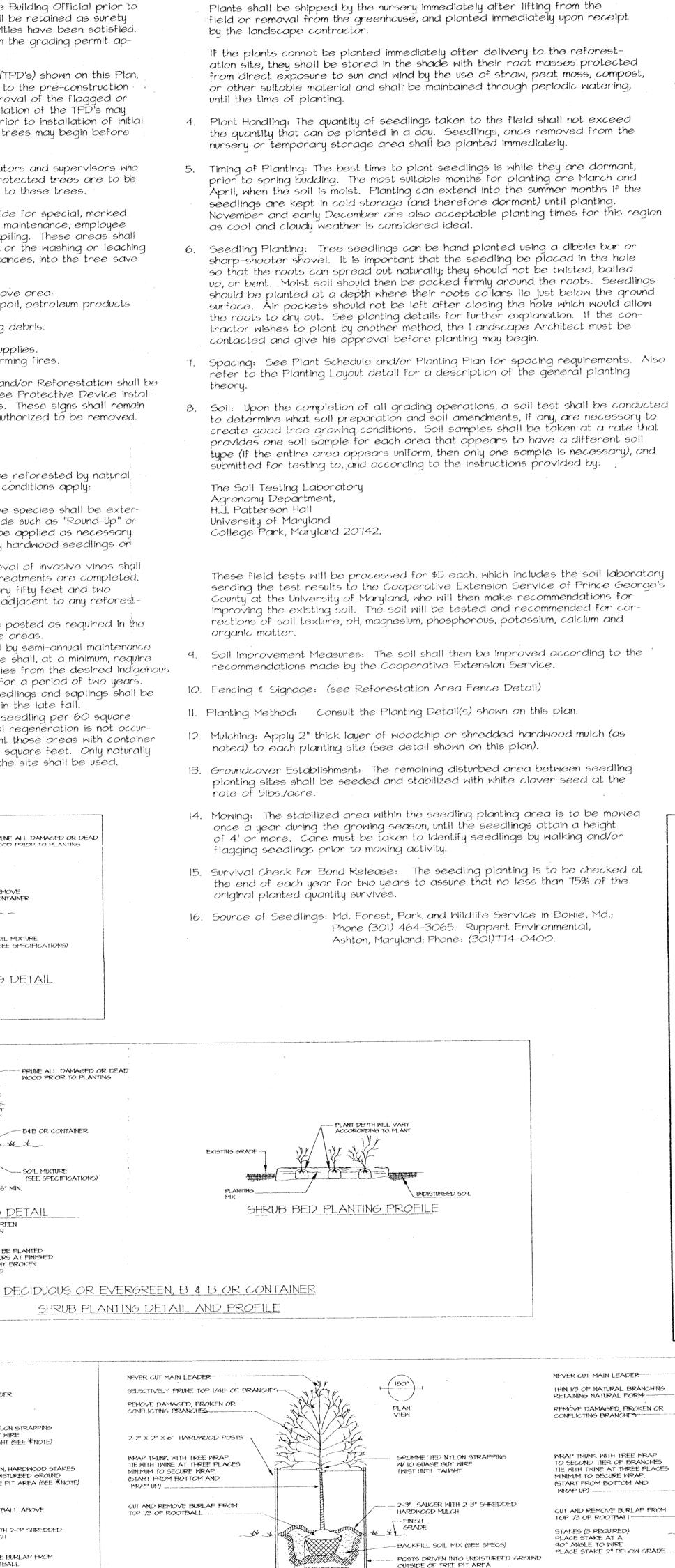
8100 PROFESSIONAL PLACE, SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 1450, LANDOVER, MARYLAND 20785 BEN DYER ASSOCIATES, INC SCALE |" = 100' DRWG. NO. DRWG. NO. 54.008-Z



NO SCALE FOR TREES LESS THAN 12' HT.

*NOTE: STAKES, STRAPPING AND WIRES TO BE REMOVED SIX MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION

EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING DETAIL



GROUND

B & B TREE PLANTING DETAIL

NO SCALE SECTION

FOR TREES LESS THAN 2 1/2" CALIPER

* NOTE: STAKES, STRAPPING AND WIRES TO BE REMOVED SIX MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION

DECIDUOUS, B & B TREE PLANTING DETAILS

PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR RE/AFFORESTATION AREAS

Substantial auxiliary/fibrous roots shall be present.

the leaders and branches shall be rejected.

3. Plant Quality Standards: The plants selected shall be healthy and sturdy

representatives of their species. Seedlings shall have a minimum top

just below ground level) shall be at least 3/8". The roots shall be well

developed and at least 8" long. No more than twenty-five percent (25%)

of the root system (both primary and auxiliary/fibrous) shall show evidence

of being cut (pruned) or striped from the plant during the digging process.

Plants that do not have an abundance of well developed terminal buds on

growth of 18". The diameter of the root collar (the part of the root

Quantity: (see Plant Schedule)

2. Type: (see Plant Schedule)

Year I: Site Preparation and Tree Planting Survival check 3 times (March-April, July-August, October-November, see Note 1) <u>Watering if needed</u> (2 x month) in the Immediate vicinity. Devices shall be maintained throughout con-Control of undesirable vegetation as needed (1 x in June \$ struction. Attachment of signs, or any other objects, to trees is pro-1 x in September min.) hibited. No equipment, machinery, vehicles, materials or excessive pedestrian traffic shall be allowed within protected areas. Year 2-3: Reinforcement planting if needed (see Note 2) Survival check twice convally (April-May), (Sept.-Oct.) Control of undesirable vegetation if needed (1 x in May \$... 1 x in August min). or project manager, and appropriate local inspectors shall attend. Year 4-5: Reinforcement planting if needed (See Note 2) Survival check once annually (May-September) 1) Survival Check: Check planted stock against plant list (or as-built) by walking the site and taking inventory. Plants must show vitality. Submit field data forms (Condition Check Sheets) to owner after each inspection. Remove all dead plants. 2) Reinforcement Planting: Replace dead or missing plants in sufficient quantity to bring the total number of live plants to at least 75% of the number originally planted. If a particular species suffers unusually high mortal, replace with an alternate plant 3) Miscellaneous: Fertilization or watering during years 1 through 3 will be done on an as needed basis. Special return operations or recommendations will be conducted on an as needed basis. Remove perimeter fencing and signage after year 5 based on the date planted.

2 STRAND GALVANIZED STEEL

WIRE 12 OR 14 GAUGE

SURVEYOR'S FLAGGING -

Forest protection device only.

.Retention Area will be set as part of the review process.

6. Device should be properly maintained during construction.

State Forest Conservation Technical Manual Figure D-5.

4. Avoid root damage when placing anchor posts.

. Use brightly colored surveyor's flagging every 4'.

5. Wire should be secure attached to posts.

Protective signage is also recommended.

3. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked and flagged prior to installing

1. Contractor may use blaze orange tree protection fence or equal according to MD

TREE PROTECTION FENCING - TYPE I

5 YEAR MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RE/AFFORESTATION

Field check the re-afforestation area according to the following schedule:

<u>Signage</u>

____ Min II" ____

Conservation Area

REFORESTATION

PROJECT

Trees for Your **Future**

SPECIMEN

DO NOT REMOVE

MACHINERY, DUMPING

OR STORAGE OF

ANY MATERIALS IS

PROHIBITED

/IOLATORS ARE SUBJECT FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE MARYLAND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF

material, improving the tree's survival rates. 2. Place slans 36' o.c. on tree protection fence

--- 12" MIN.

B & B TREE PLANTING DETAIL

NO SCALE SECTION

FOR TREES 2 1/2" CALIPER OR GREATER

Min !!" ----

FOREST

RETENTION

MACHINERY, DUMPING

OR STORAGE OF

ANY MATERIALS IS

PROHIBITED

VIOLATORS ARE SUBJECT TO FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE MARYLAND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF

l. Signs similar to protection signage for Retention Areas can be used on Afforestation and Refores

GROMMETTED NYLON STRAPPING

SURVEYORS FLAG (TYP. 3 PLACES)

2-3" SAUCER WITH 2-3" SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH

- BACKFILL SOIL MIX (SEE SPECS)

W 10 GUAGE GUY WIRE TWIST UNTIL TAUGHT

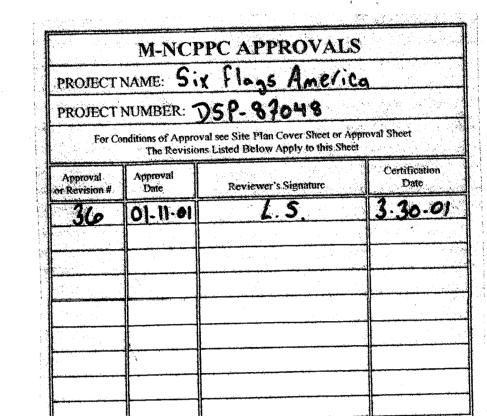
FIRST LATERAL ROOT FLUSH WITH FINISHED GRADE

tation Areas. The signs notify construction workers and future residents of the newly planted

PRE-CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES 1. Prior to any disturbance of the site, the tree save lines shall be field located by surveying techniques and the appropriate tree protective device (see detail) shall be erected along these designated lines. Only after the tree protective devices have been installed shall any tree cutting or other clearing, grubbing or grading operations begin. All protection devices shall remain in place until all construction has ceased

After the boundaries of the retention area have been staked and flagt ged and before any disturbance has taken place on site, a pre-construction meeting at the construction site shall take place. The developer, contractor

3. Only after final grading, stabilization, and removal of controls has been accomplished may reforestation begin. Reforestation techniques and methods must comply with the details and specifications provided hereon.



PLANTING LAYOUT (AGGREGATE DISTRIBUTION DRIFT THEORY)

Aggregate Drift or Sweep. A cluster type grouping which

Aggregate massing or drifts are one of the most common

vegetation distribution patterns occurring in nature. Principle

seed bearers are at the central core of the cluster with seed

dispersal outwards, often windblown, with densities thinning out

along the fringes or extremities (groupings blend through and

to other groupings). Imagine the fallout of windblown milkweed

seeds. They often appear as aggregate drifts, elongated and

Conservation Manual (pages 48 thru 101) offers recommendations

on reforestation methods, species selection, plant materials

and site stocking options. This is meant for determining the

Many of the State's regulatory reforestation sites installed

, since the inception of the Act appear as orchards. This un-

natural arid patterns can be corrected thru the application of

aggregate distribution. This does not mean that plants must be in a grid pattern, the drifts of shrubs cannot blend into

groupings of trees or that groupings of same species cannot

same time replicating natures aggregate drift patterns (see

When using this theory to lay out a planting plan the size of

the drifts should depend on the quantity of plants allocated,

TREE PROTECTION FENCE WITH

FLAGGING TAPE EVERY 6' O.C.

STANDARD SYMBOL ______

occur together. It simply means that the installer should meet the aforementioned forest conservation act criteria at the

appropriate number of plants required, not necessarily a feet-

tapers or feathers out along the edges.

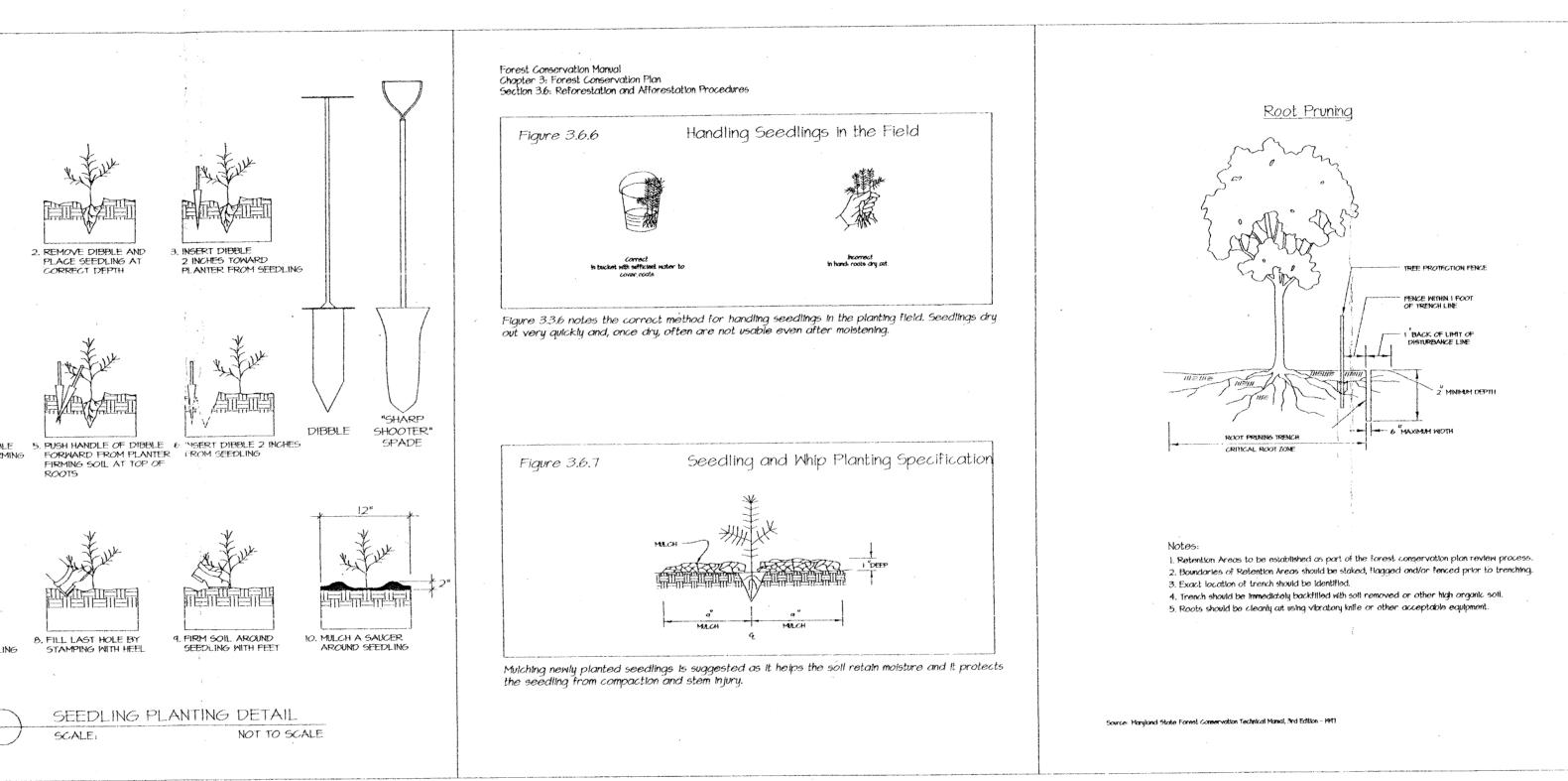
Application: When developing a planting plan the Maryland Forest

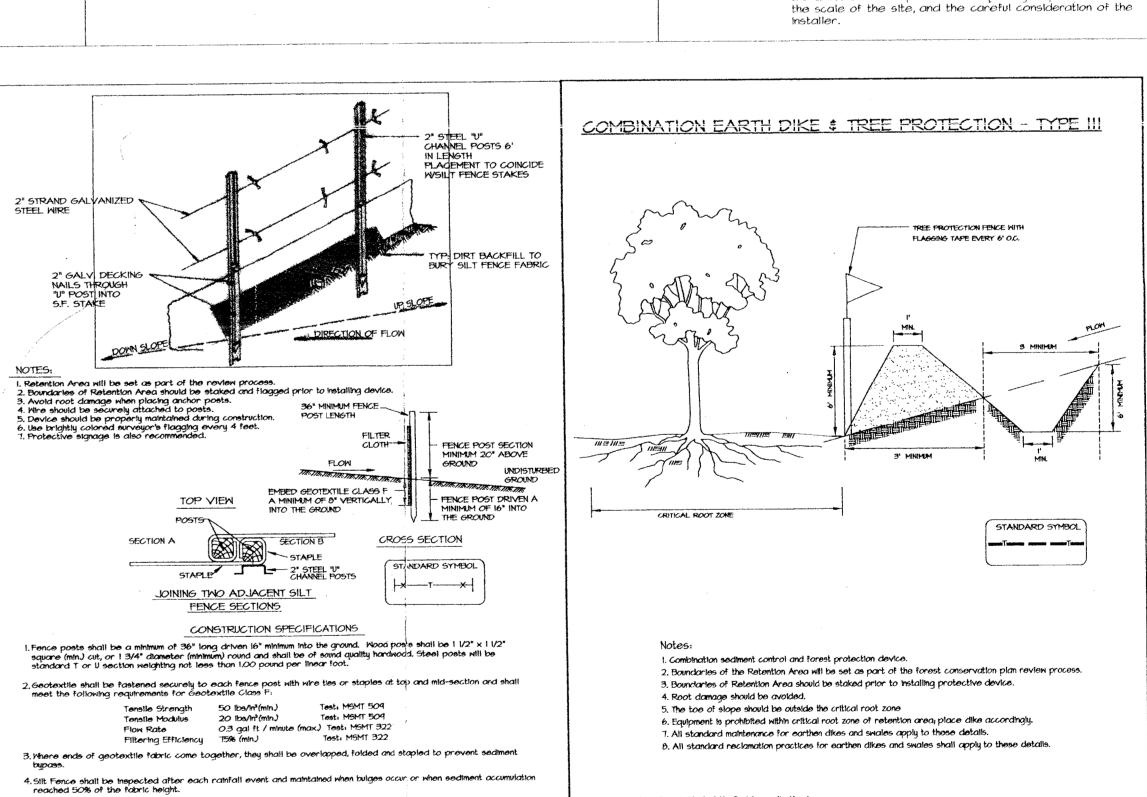
on-center "grid pattern" layout.

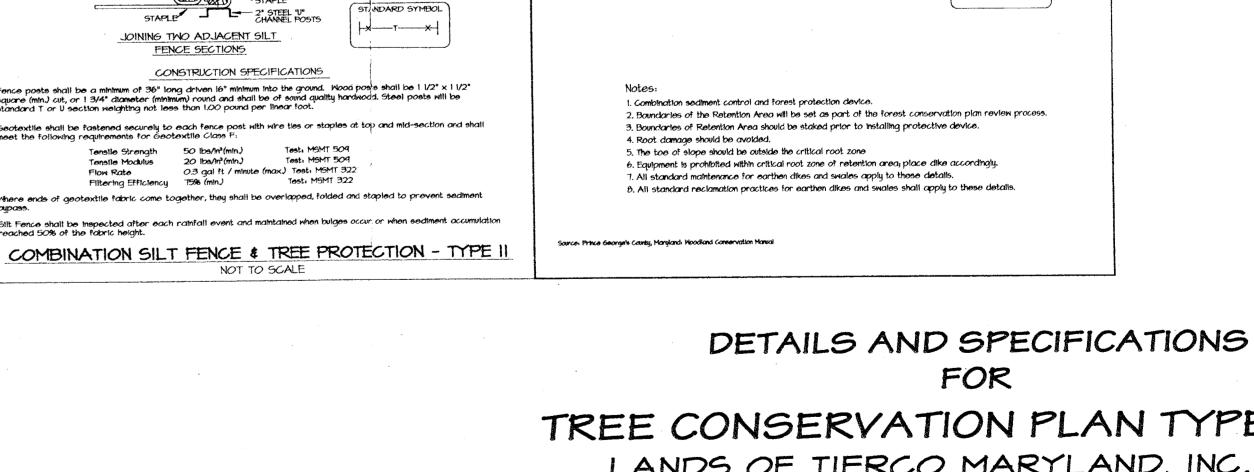
tear drop in shape.

PLANT SCHEDULE FOR RE/AFFORESTATION

NO REFORESTATION REQUIRED OR PROPOSED AT THIS TIME.





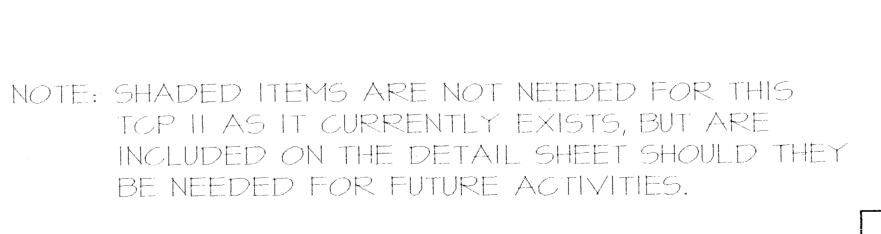


TREE CONSERVATION PLAN TYPE II LANDS OF TIERCO MARYLAND, INC.

SIX FLAGS AMERICA QUEEN ANNE DISTRICT No. 7 GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

Sheet 5 of 5 (For Sheet 1-4, See BDAI Dwg. No. 54.004,005,007 \$.008-Z) 12/27/60 BEN DYER ASSOCIATES, INC ince George's County Planning Department Natural Resources Division APPROVAL TREE CONSERVATION PLAN DRAWN BY CHECKED BY RECORD NO.

SCALE AS Shown DRWG, NO. John 1. Mahomil 23/00 Rev. Dwg. No./Created 4-100 scale sheets per MNCPPC comments | KH Kevin E. Hedge ATE NOVEMBER 1999 REVISION DESCRIPTION



PLAN SYMBOL