

<u>Moodland Conservation Worksheet</u> for <u>Prince George's County</u> Owner: CONGREGATION SHAARE TIKAH Address: 15920 MARLBORO PIKE UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20772 Prev.Dedicated Land: QOO Acres Phone: Subdivision/Block/Lot: TCPII/13/05 Congregation Shaare Tikah Reforestation Requirement Reduction Questions Are there prior TCP approvals which includes a combo of these lots and/or other lots? Y Break-even Point (preservation) = 2.80 Acres Clearing permitted w/o reforestation = 0.31 Acres Net Tract Floodplain impacts (acres) (acres) (acres) a. 3.12 k. 0.00 Moodland Conservation Threshold (NTA) = 50.00% b. 2.73 c. 2.73 d. 0.40 e. 0.71 l. 0.00 0.00

f. 0.40 Clearing above WCT (0.25:1) replacement requirement g. 0.10 Clearing below WCT (2:1 replacement requirement) 1. 0.63 20.00% j. 0.00 3.14 acres 2.16 0.98 Credits for Off-site Mitigation on another property 0.00 Off-site Mitigation being provided on this property 0.00 3.14 acres

2.41 acres Moodland retained but not part of requirements: 0.39 acres Name: <u>Mike Petrakis</u>

Woodlands preserved for the benefit of TCP2-113-05 in fulfillment of off-site woodland consevation requirements on that plan have been placed in a woodland and wildlife conservation easement recorded among the Prince George's County Land records at Liber Folio Revisions to this TCP2 may require a revision to the recorded

VICINITY MAP SCALE: |" = 2000"

LEGEND	
PROPERTY BOUNDARY	
EX. ZONE LINE	R-R R-T
EX. CONTOUR (2')	
EX. CONTOUR (IO')	THE PROPERTY AND
PROP. CONTOUR (2')	
PROP. CONTOUR (10')	
LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE	.00 LOD
EX. TREELINE	
EX. HEDGEROW	
PRIMARY MANAGEMENT AREA (PMA)	PMA PMA
REGULATED STREAM(CENTERLINE)	
STREAM BUFFER (50')	9 8
EX. EASEMENT	
TREE PROTECTION FENCE (TEMPORARY)	TPF
TREE PROTECTION FENCE (PERMANENT)	PPF
WOODLAND PRESERVATION AREA (WPA)	
WOODLAND REFORESTATION/ AFFORESTATION AREA (WRA)	
MOODLAND PRESERVED- NOT CREDITED (MP-NC)	
NATURAL REGENERATION AREA (NRA)	0000

SELECTIVE CLEARING FOR

SIGHT DISTANCE PURPOSES

SPECIMEN TREE

WOODLAND PRESERVATION SIGN

REFORESTATION/ AFFORESTATION SIGN

THIS BLOCK IS FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY QR label certifies that this plan meets conditions of final approval by the Planning Board, its designed or the District Council. M-NCPPC

PROJECT NAME: DEPUTY SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION PROJECT NUMBER: 4-15033 For Conditions of Approval see Site Plan Cover Sheet or Approval Sheet

Revision numbers must be included in the Project Number

Prince George's County Planning Department, M—NCPPC Environmental Planning Section TREE CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVAL TCP 2 - 113 - 05 DRD # Reason for Revision

TREE CONSERVATION PLAN - TYPE 2 DEPUTY SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION

FRATERNAL ORDER OF POLICE LODGE #112

LANDS OF CONGREGATION SHAARE TIKVAH

MARLBORO DISTRICT No. 3 PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND

GRAPHIC SCALE

93

SHEET 1 of 2 WSSC 200' SHEET SERIES 201 SE 14 ADC MAP BK LOCATION 5653 D-9 DATE 3/24/16 Revised per SDRC comments dated 3/21/16 PCN Mike Petrakis

1721 WOODMORE ROAD, SUITE 200 MITCHELLVILLE, MARYLAND 20721 BEN DYER ASSOCIATES, INC. Engineers / Surveyors / Planners 2/23/16 Rev. for 4-15033 and to update reg. environmental features per CB-26-2010. PCN DRAWN BY DESIGNED BY CHECKED BY RECORD NO. Qualified Professional COMAR 08.19.06.01 BY SCALE |" = 30' DESCRIPTION DATE FEBRUARY 2016 REVISIONS 54.001-2 \LD7-PROJ\B11100-LD7\SHEETS\TCP2-1.dwg, 3/29/2016 2:52:58 PM, nicpag

<u>OWNER</u> CONGREGATION SHAARE TIKVAH 15920 MARLBORO PIKE, UPPER MARLBORO MD 20772

APPLICANT DEPUTY SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION FRATERNAL ORDER OF POLICE LODGE #112 P.O. BOX 686 UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20173

ATTN: WILLIAM R. MILAM, PRESIDENT PHONE:301-627-2474

GENERAL NOTES

- This plan is submitted to fulfill the woodland conservation requirements for 4-15033. The site has been previously graded in accordance with grading permit 34614-2006-CGU and TCP11-113-05 (approved 1/12/06).
- Cutting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$9.00 per square foot mitigation fee.
- A pre-construction meeting is required prior to the issuance of grading permits. The Department of Permits, inspection and Enforcement, shall be contracted prior to the start of any work on the site to conduct a pre-construction meeting where implementation of woodland conservation measures shown on this plan will be discussed in detail.
- The developer or builder of the lots or parcels shown on this plan shall notify future buyers of any woodland conservation areas through the provision of a copy of this plan at time of contract signing. Future property owners are also subject to this requirement.
- The owners of the property subject to this tree conservation plan are
- solely responsible for conformance to the requirements contained herein. The property is within Environmental Strategy Area, ESA-3 of the Plan
- Prince George's 2035 (formerly the Rural Tier) and is zoned 0-5. The property is adjacent to Mariboro Pike (MD 725) which is a designated historic, parkway, or roadway.
- The property is not adjacent to a roadway classified as arterial or greater.
- . This plan is/is not grandfathered under CB-27-2010, Section 25-177(g).

MOODLAND PRESERVATION AND RETENTION NOTES

- All woodlands designated on this plan for preservation are the responsibility of the property owner. The woodland areas shall remain in a natural state. This includes the canopy trees and understory vegetation. A revised tree conservation plan is required prior to clearing woodland areas that are not specifically identified to be cleared on the approved
- Tree and woodland conservation methods such as root pruning shall be conducted as noted on this plan.
- The location of all temporary tree protection fencing (TPFs) shown on this plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting. Upon approval of the locations by the county inspector, installation of the TPFs may begin.
- All temporary tree protection fencing required by this plan shall be installed prior to the commencement of clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the bond is released for the project. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective devices is a violation of this TCP2.
- Woodland preservation areas shall be posted with signage as shown on the plans at the same time as the temporary TPF installation. These signs must remain in perpetuity. Removal of Hazardous Trees or Limbs by Developers or Builders
- The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or part thereof designated by the county as dead, dying, or hazardous may be removed.
- A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the tree has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property
- During the initial stages of clearing and grading, if hazardous trees are present, or trees are present that are not hazardous but are leaning into the disturbed area, the permitee shall remove said trees using a chain saw. Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the county inspector. Only after approval by the inspector may the tree be cut by chain saw to near the existing ground level. The stump shall not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.
- If a tree or trees become hazardous prior to bond release for the project, due to storm events or other situations not resulting from an action by the permitee, prior to removal, a Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert must certify that the tree or the portion of the tree n question has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, o other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage. If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permitee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation

If corrective pruning may alleviate a hazardous condition, the Certified Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the appropriate ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.

Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contract with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.

Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approved limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.

FFORESTATION AND REFORESTATION NOTES

- All afforestation/reforestation bonding, based on square footage, shall be posted with the county prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be retained as surety until all required activities have been satisfied or the required timeframe for maintenance has passed, whichever is longer.
- The planting of afforestation or reforestation areas shall be completed prior to the issuance of the first building permit. (This standard note may be modified as necessary to address which building permits are adjacent to the proposed planting areas.) Seedling planting is to occur from November through May only. No planting shall be done while ground is frozen. Planting with large caliper stock or containerized stock may be done at any time provided a detailed maintenance schedule is provided.
- If planting cannot occur due to planting conditions, the developer or properti owner shall install the fencing and signage in accordance with the approved Tupe 2 Tree Conservation Plan. Plantina shall then be accomplished during the next planting season. If planting is delayed beyond the transfer of the property title to the homeowner, the developer or builder shall obtain a signed statement from the purchaser indicating that they understand that the reforestation area is located on their property and that reforestation will occur during the next planting season. A copy of that document shall be presented to the Grading inspector and the county.
- Reforestation areas shall not be moved. The management of competing vegetation around individual trees and the removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native vegetation within the reforestation areas is acceptable.
- All required temporary tree protection fencing shall be installed prior to the clearing and grading of the site and shall remain in place until the permanent tree protection fencing is installed with the required planting. The temporary fencing is not required to be installed if the permanent fencing is installed prior to clearing and grading of the site. Failure to install and maintain temporary or permanent tree protective fencing is a violation of this TCP2.
- Afforestation/reforestation areas shall be posted with notification signage, as shown on the plans, at the same time as the permanent protection fencing Installation. These signs shall remain in perpetuity.
- The county inspector shall be notified prior to soil preparation or initiation of any tree planting on this site.
- At time of issuance of the first permit, the following information shall be submitted to the M-NCPPC Planning Department regarding the contractor responsible for implementation of this plan; contractor name; business name (if different); address; Results of annual survival checks for each of the required four years after tree
- Failure to establish the afforesation or reforestation within the prescribed time frame will resulting the forfeiture of the reforestation bond and/or a violation of this plan including the associated \$9.00 per square foot penalty unless the county inspector approves a written extension.

planting shall be reported to the M-NCPPC, Planning Department.

PLANTING SPECIFICATION NOTES 1. Quantity: (See Plant Schedule)

- 2. Type: (See Plant Schedule)
- 3. Plant Quality Standards: The plants selected shall be healthy and sturdy representatives of their species. Seedlings shall have a minimum top growth of 18" The diameter of the root collar (the part of the root just below ground level) shall be at least 3/8". The roots shall be well developed and at least 8" long, no more than twenty-five percent (25%) of the root system (both primary and auxiliary/fibrous roots) shall be present.
- Plants that do not have an abundance of well developed terminal buds on the leaders and branches shall be rejected.
- Plants shall be shipped by the nursery immediately after lifting from the field or removal from the green house, and planted immediately upon receipt by the
- landscape contractor. If the plants cannot be planted immediately after delivery to the reforestation site, they shall be stored in the shade with their root masses protected from direct exposure to sun and wind by the use of straw, peat moss, compost, or other suitable material and shall be maintained through periodic watering, until the time of planting.
- Planting Handling: The quantity of seedlings taken to the field shall not exceed the quantity that can be plated in a day. Seedlings, once removed from the nursery or temporary storage area shall be planted immediately.
- Timing of Planting: The best time to plant seedlings is while they are dormant, prior to spring budding. The most suitable months for planting are March and April, when the soil is moist, but may be planted from March through November. No planting shall be done while around is frozen. Planting shall occur within one growing season of the Issuance of grading/building permits and/or reaching the final grades and stabilization of planting areas.
- Seedling Planting: Tree seedlings shall be hand planted using a dibble bar or sharp-shooter shovel. It is important that the seedling be placed in the hole so that the roots can spread out naturally; they should not be twisted, balled up or bent. Moist soil should then be packed firmly around the roots. Seedlings should be planted at a depth where their roots lie just below ground surface. Air pockets should not be left after closing the hole which would allow the roots to dry out. See planting details for further explanation. If the contractor wishes to plant by another method, the preparer of this tree conservation plan must be contracted and give his approval before planting may begin.
- Spacing: See Plant Schedule and/or Planting Plan for spacing requirements. Also refer to the Planting Layout detail for a description of the general planting theory.
- Soil: Upon the completion of all grading operations, a soil test shall be conducted to determine what soil preparation and soil amendments, if any, are necessary to create good tree growing conditions. Soil samples shall be taken at a rate that provides one soil sample for each area that appears to have a different soil type (if the entire area appears uniform, then only one sample is necessary), and submitted for testing to a private company. The company of choice shall make recommendations for improving the existing soil. The soil will be tested and recommended for corrections of soil texture, pH, magnesium, phosphorus, potassium,
- 9. Soil Improvement Measures: The soil shall then be improved according to the recommendations made by the testing company.
- 10. Fencing and Signage: Final protective fencing shall be placed on the visible and/or development side of planting areas. The final protective fence shall be installed upon completion of planting operation unless it was installed during the initial stages of development. Signs shall be posted per the signage detail on this sheet.
- 12. Mulching: Apply two-inch thick layer of woodchip or shredded hardwood mulch (as noted) to each planting site (see detail showr on this plan).
- 13. Groundcover Establishment: The remaining disturbed area between seedling planting site shall be seeded and stabilized with white clover seed at the rate of 5'lbs/acre.
- 14. Mowing: No mowing shall be allowed in any planting area.

II. Planting method: Consult the Planting Detail(s) shown on this plan.

- 15. Survival Check for Bond Release: The seedling planting is to be checked at the end of each year for four years to assure that no less than 75% of the original planted quantity survives. If the minimum number has not been provided the area must be supplemented with additional seedlings to reach the required number at time
- 16. Source of Seedlings: State name, address, and phone number of nursery or supplier. When areas designated for reforestation will be reforested by natural regeneration the following notes shall be added to the plan:

NATURAL REGENERATION NOTES

- All areas designated for reforestation shall be reforested by natural regeneration. The following requirements and conditions apply:
- All existing turf, ground covers, and invasive species shall be exterminated using a aeneral broadcast herbicide such as Round-Up or equivalent. Secondary applications shall be applied as necessary.
- Care shall be taken to avoid spraying any hardwood seedlings or saplings.
- Roto-tilling of turf areas and manual removal of invasive vines shall be completed two weeks after chemical treatments are completed.
- Reforestation signs shall be installed every fifty feet or as appropriate and two strand wire fencing shall be installed along road frontages adjacent to any
- Reforestation internal to the site shall be posted as required in the direction of any tralls used to reach those areas.
- Natural regeneration shall be encouraged by semi-annual maintenance of the designated areas. The maintenance shall, at a minimum, require removal of competitive and invasive species from the desired indigenous hardwoods. This maintenance shall occur for a period of two years.
- After one and two years all desirable seedlings and saplings shall be counted and flagged with surveyors tape in the late fall.
- If after two years there is less than one seedling per 60 square feet and there are indications that natural regeneration is not occurring adequately then the owners shall plant those areas with container grown seedlings at a rate of one per 60 square feet. Only naturally occurring species already present within the site

A Four-Year Management Pian for Re/Afforestation shall be added to the plan as follows: FOUR-YEAR MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR RE/AFFORESTATION AREAS

- Field check the re-afforestation area according to the following schedule: Site Preparation and Tree Planting Survival check once annually (September-November) see Note 1, Waterina is needed (2 x month) Control of undesirable vegetation as needed (1 x in June and 1 x in
- Year 2-3: Reinforcement planting is needed (See Note 2) Survival check once annually (September-November) Control of undesirable vegetation if needed (I x in May and I x in August min.)
- Reinforcement planting if needed. (See Note 2) <u>Survival Check</u> (September-November)

Survival Check: Check planted stock against plant list (or as-built) by walking the site and taking inventory. Plants must show vitality. Submit field data forms (Condition Check Sheets) to owner after each inspection. 2. Reinforcement Planting: Replace dead or missing plants in sufficient quantity to bring the total number of live plants to at least 75% of the

number originally planted. If a particular species suffers unusually high mortality, replace with an alternative plant type. 3. Miscellaneoùs: Fertilization or watering during years I through 3 will be done on an as needed basis. Special return operations or recommendations will be conducted on an as needed basis.

POST DEVELOPMENT NOTES

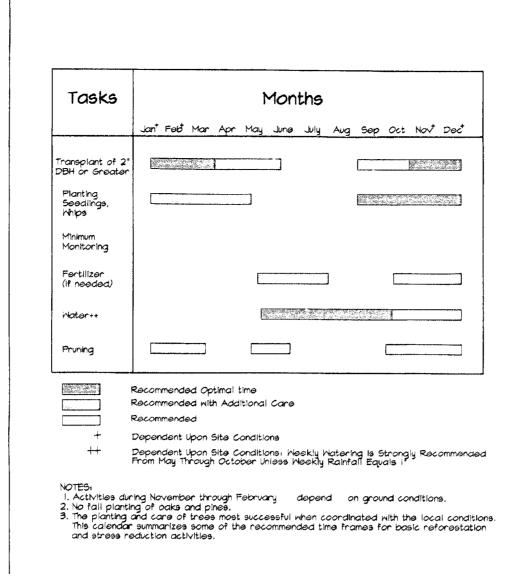
September min.)

If the developer or builder no longer has an interest in the property and the new owner desires to remove a hazardous tree or portion thereof, the new owner shall obtain a written statement from a Certified Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert identifying the hazardous condition and the proposed corrective measures prior to having the work conducted. After property documentation has been completed per the handout "Guidance for Prince George's County Property Owners, Preservation of Moodland Conservation Areas", the arborist or tree expert may then remove the tree. The stump shall be cut as close to the ground as possible and left in place. The removal or grinding of the stumps in the woodland conservation area is not

If a tree or portions thereof are in imminent danger of striking a structure, parking area, or other high use area and may result in personal injury or property damage then the certification is not required and the permittee shall take corrective action immediately. The condition of the area shall be fully documented through photographs prior to corrective action being taken. The photos shall be submitted to the inspector for documentation of the damage.

Tree work to be completed within a road right-of-way requires a permit from the Maryland Department of Natural Resources unless the tree removal is shown within the approve limits of disturbance on a TCP2. The work is required to be conducted by a Licensed Tree Expert.

- The removal of noxious, invasive, and non-native plant species from any woodland preservation area shall be done with the use of hand-held equipment only (pruners or a chain saw). These plants may be cut near the around and material less than two inches diameter may be removed from the area and disposed of appropriately. All material from these noxious, invasive, and non-native plants greater than two (2) Inches diameter shall be cut to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition.
- The use of broadcast spraying of herbicides is not permitted. However, the use of herbicides to discourage re-sprouting of invasive, noxious, or non-native plants is permitted if done as an application of the chemical directly to the cut stump immediately following cutting of plant tops. The use of any herbicide shall be done in accordance with the label instructions.
- The use of chainsaws is extremely dangerous and should not be conducted with poorly maintained equipment, without safety equipment, or by individuals not trained in the use of this equipment for the pruning and/or cutting of trees.



TREE PLANTING and MAINTENANCE CALENDAR

PRUNE ALL DAMAGED OR DEAD WOOD PRIOR TO PLANTING

CONTAINER TREE PLANTING DETAIL

GROMMETTED NYLON STRAPPING

- SET 1/8 OF ROOTBALL ABOVE

CUT AND REMOVE BURLAP FROM

BACKFILL SOIL MIX (SEE SPECS)

TOP 1/3 OF ROOTBALL

NO SCALE SECTION

FOR TREES LESS THAN 12' HT.

* NOTE: STAKES STRAPPING AND WIRES TO BE REMOVED SIX MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION

SELECTIVELY PRUNE TOP 1/4th OF BRANCHES-

REMOVE DAMAGED, BROKEN OR

2-2' X 2' X 6' HARDWOOD POSTS-

CONFLICTING BRANCHES ---

EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING DETAIL

W/ 10 GUAGE GUY WIRE TWIST UNTIL TAUGHT (SEE * NOTE)

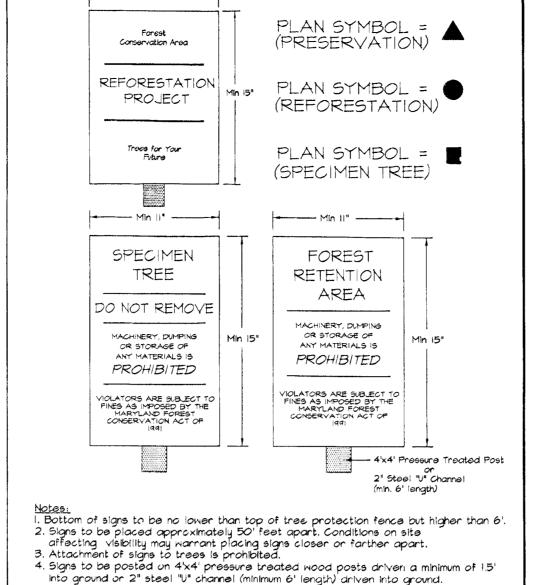
2-2' X 2' X G' MIN. HARDWOOD STAKES

DRIVEN INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND OUTSIDE OF TREE PIT AREA (SEE *NOTE)

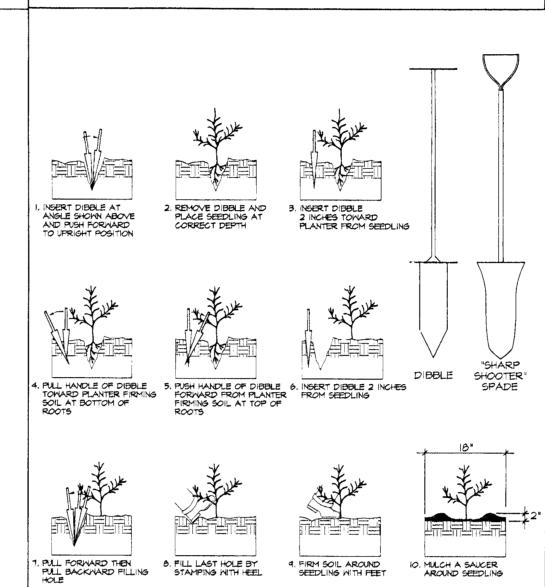
SAUCER WITH 2-3' SHREDDED

2. SAUCER WITH SHREDDED

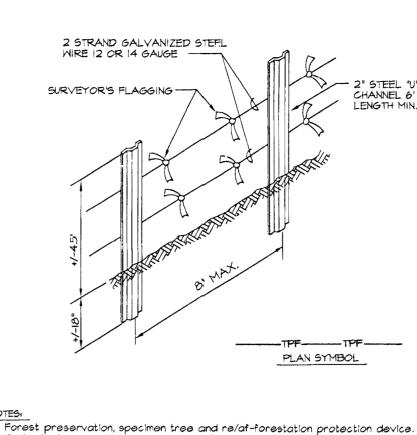
ARDWOOD MULCH -



into ground or 2" steel "U" channel (minimum 6' length) driven into ground. 5. Signs to be attached to posts with 2 galvanized boilts, each with 2 washers and a galvanized nut.



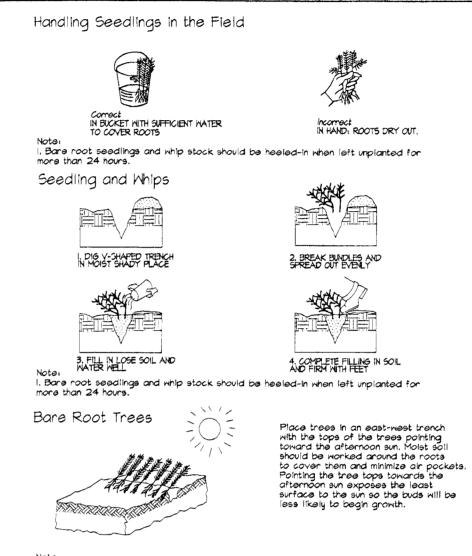
SEEDLING PLANTING DETAIL



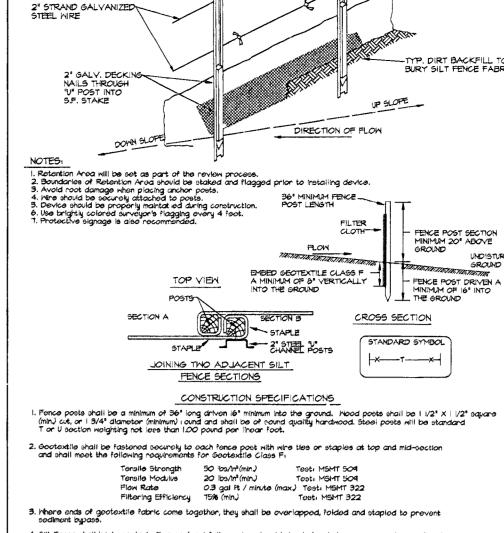
- Forest preservation, specimen tree and re/af-forestation protection device. Protected areas will be set as part of the review process. 3. Boundaries of protected areas should be staked and flagged prior to installing 4. Avoid root damage when placing anchor posts.
- 5. Wire should be securely attached to posts. 6. Device should be properly maintained during construction. . Use brightly colored surveyor's flagging every 4′, 8. Protective slangue is also recommended

9. Contractor may use blaze orange tree protection fence or equal according to MD State Forest Conservation Technical Manual Figure D-5.

TREE PROTECTION FENCING - TYPE !



1. Bare root trees should be banked-in when they must be left unplanted for <u>HANDLING BARE ROOT STOCK</u>



 Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height. COMBINATION SILT FENCE & TREE PROTECTION - TYPE I

. Combination sediment control and forest protection device

2. Boundaries of the Retention Area will be set as part of the orest conservation plan review process. 3. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked prior to installing protective device.

5. The toe of slope should be outside the critical root zone 6. Equipment is prohibited within critical root zone of retention area; place dike accordingly.

7. All standard maintenance for earthen dikes and swales apply to

these details. 8. All standard reclamation practices for earthen dikes and swales shall apply to these details.

4. Root damage should be avoided.

tear drop in shape.

Application: When developing a planting plan the Maryland Forest

Conservation Manual (pages 98 thru 101) offers recommendations

COMBINATION EARTH DIKE & TREE PROTECTION - TYPE I

TREE PROTECTION FENC OP TRENCH LINE Aggregate Drift or Sweep. A cluster type grouping which tapers or feathers out along the edges Aggregate massing or arifts are one of the most common vegetation distribution patterns occurring in nature. Principle seed bearers are at the central core of the cluster with seed dispersal outwards, often windblown with densities thinning out along the fringes or extremities (groupings blend through and to other groupings). Imagine the fallout of windblown milkweed seeds. They often appear as aggregate drifts, elongated and

on reforestation methods, species selection, plant materials and site stocking options. This is meant for determining the appropriate number of plants required, not necessarily a feeton-center "grid pattern" layout. Many of the State's regulatory reforestation sites installed since the inception of the Act appear as orchards. This un Retention Areas to be established as part of the forest conservation natural grid patterns can be corrected thru the application of 2. Boundaries of Retention Areas should be staked, flagged and/or fenced

aggregate distribution. This does not mean that plants must be in a grid pattern, the drifts of shrubs cannot blend into groupings of trees or that groupings of same species cannot 3. Exact location of trench should be identified. occur together. It simply means that the installer should meet the aforementioned forest conservation act criteria at the 4. Trench should be immediately backfilled with soil removed or other high same time replicating natures aggregate drift patterns (see 5. Roots should be cleanly cut using vibratory knife or other acceptable When using this theory to lay out a planting plan the size of

the drifts should depend on the quantity of plants allocated, the scale of the site, and the careful consideration of the PLANTING LAYOUT (AGGREGATE DISTRIBUTION DRIFT THEORY)

PLANT SCHEDULE FOR RE/AFFORESTATION STOCK SPECIFICATION: 700 SEEDLINGS PER ACRE

TOTAL RE/AFFORESTATION PROVIDED: 0.87 ACRES

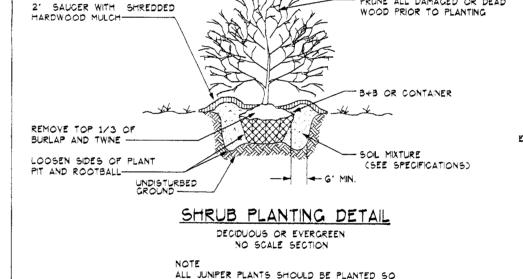
eforestation Area	Acreage	Seedling Selection					
		Red Maple	Virginia Pine	White Oak	American Holly	Eastern Redbud	Total No. of Seedlings
	0.20	28	28	28	28	28	140
2	0.28	39	39	39	39	40	196
3	0.39	55	55	55	54	54	273
TOTAL	0.87	122	122	122	121	122	609

- 1. All tree/shrub species planted within the relafforestation areas, should be randomly distributed throughout the proposed relafforestation area, so as
- to promote a natural woodland structure. (See Planting Layout detail) 2. In the event of species unavailability, a substitution may be made. Any substitution made requires written notification to MNCPPC, Environmental Planning Section.

THIN 1/3 OF NATURAL BRANCHING

REMOVE DAMAGED, BROKEN OR

CONFLICTING BRANCHES



TOP OF ROOT MASS OCCURS AT FINISHED

GRADE OF MULCH LAYER. ANY BROKEN

THIS BLOCK IS FOR

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

DECIDUOUS OR EVERGREEN. B + B OR CONTAINER SHRUB PLANTING DETAIL AND PROFILE NOT TO SCALE

plan review process

Source: Maryland State Forest Conservation Technical Manual, 3rd Edition - 19

<u>ROOT PRUNING</u>

equipment.

12" --

> . Reforestation signs to be attached to wood posts . Top of sign to be flush with top of wood post. Signs to be attached using 2 galvanized wood screws each with a galvanized washer.

> > SPLIT RAIL FENCE DETAIL

SHRUB BED PLANTING PROFILE

QR label certifies that this plan meets conditions of final approval by the Planning Board, its designee or the District Council. M-NCPPC APPROVAL PROJECT NAME: DEPUTY SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION PROJECT NUMBER: 4-15033 For Conditions of Approval see Site Plan Cover Sheet or Approval Sheet Revision numbers must be included in the Project Number

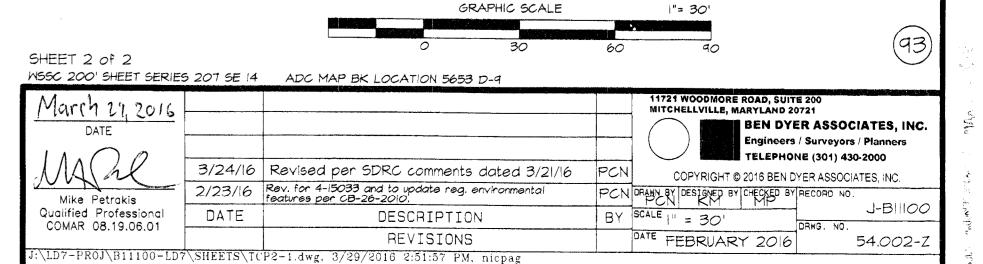
Prince George's County Planning Department, M-NCPPC Environmental Planning Section TREE CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVAL TCP 2 - 113 - 05 DRD # Reason for Revision 4/3/16 4-15033 road dedication

TREE CONSERVATION PLAN - TYPE 2 DEPUTY SHERIFF'S ASSOCIATION

FRATERNAL ORDER OF POLICE LODGE #112 LANDS OF CONGREGATION SHAARE TIKVAH

MARLBORO DISTRICT No. 3

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND



WRAP TRUNK WITH TREE WRAP. WRAP TRUNK WITH TREE WRAP GROMMETTED NYLON STRAPPING THE WITH TWINE AT THREE PLACES W/ 10 GUAGE GUY WIRE TWIST UNTIL TAUGHT TO SECOND TIER OF BRANCHES W/ 10 GUAGE GUY WIRE TWIST UNTIL TAUGHT THE WITH TWINE AT THREE PLACES (START FROM BOTTOM AND MINIMUM TO SECURE WRAP. (START FROM BOTTOM AND - SURVEYORS FLAG (TYP. 3 PLACES) CUT AND REMOVE BURLAF FROM TOP 1/3 OF ROOTBALL --- 2-3' SAUCER WITH 2-3' SHREDDED WITH FINISHED GRADE HARDWOOD MULCH CUT AND REMOVE BURLAP FROM TOP 1/3 OF ROOTBALL 2-3' SAUCER WITH 2-3' SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH STAKES (3 REQUIRED) PLACE STAKE AT A --- BACKFILL SOIL MIX (SEE SPECS) 90' ANGLE TO WEE PLACE STAKE 2' BELOW GRADE-POSTS DRIVEN INTO UNDISTURBED GROUND -- BACKFILL SOIL MIX (SEE SPECS) UNDISTURBED GROUND GROUND -- 12' MIN. -- 12' MIN. B + B TREE PLANTING DETAIL B + B TREE PLANTING DETAIL DECIDUOUS DECIDUOUS NO SCALE SECTION NO SCALE SECTION FOR TREES LESS THAN 2 1/2' CALIPER FOR TREES 2 1/2' CALIPER OR GREATER

* NOTE: STAKES, STRAPPING AND WIRES TO BE REMOVED SIX MONTHS AFTER INSTALLATION

DECIDUOUS, B + B TREE PLANTING DETAILS

OWNER CONGREGATION SHAARE TIKVAH 15920 MARLBORO PIKE,

UPPER MARLBORO MD 20172

APPLICANT DEPUTY SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION FRATERNAL ORDER OF POLICE LODGE #112 P.O. BOX 686 UPPER MARLBORO, MD 20773

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ATTN: WILLIAM R. MILAM, PRESIDENT