

PLANTING PROCEDURES FOR REFORESTATION AREAS (LANDSCAPE AND SEEDLING STOCK) DER shall be notified prior to soil preparation or initiation of any tree planting on this site. Results of survival checks for all tree planting shall be reported to DER.

Prior to the issuance of any permits, the contractor responsible for soil preparation, site preparation, tree planting and tree maintenance must be identified.

Business Name Phone Number \* Planting window for bare root seedings — December 1st — April 30th . Planting window for landscape stock - March 1st - December 30th. No planting will occur while the ground is frozen.

(see "Reforestation Plant Lists"). \* Seedling size to be 1/4" to 1/2" caliper with roots not less than 8' long. Landscape stock to range

\* Spacing and Quantity — See "Reforestation Plant Lists".

\* Layout — see "Planting Layout" detail on this sheet.

\* Species List -

The designated regulatory agency shall inspect site.

\* No tree shelters are to be used for seedlings unless excessive deer browse is evident or adjacent infestations of invasive species are present. Tree shelters increase native cavity nesting bird mortality and inhibit plants' ability to establish root systems.

\* Each individual seedling is to be flagged with florescent flagging tape and mulched with 2" of composted wood chips or shredded hardwood mulch for maintenance and monitoring purposes. \* Each landscape tree should be mulched with 2—3" of composted shredded hardwood mulch

#### SITE PREPARATION (EXPOSED AND NEWLY GRADED SOILS)

unless they are in a planting bed where mulch will be spread throughout.

1) Contractor is to perform soil tests in proposed planting areas prior to site preparation, to identify 2) Soils shall be free of contaminants (oil products, concentrated soluble salts, ferrous iron, soluble aluminum and soluble manganese).

3) Apply soil amendments, if specified, prior to tilling, discing, raking, final grading, etc. Soil amendments are to be determined by the University of Maryland Cooperative Extension Service or a qualified Ecologist based on soil test results.

4) Flat areas and slopes up to 3:1 shall be loose and friable to a depth of at least 6 inches. The top layer of soil shall be loosened by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding. 5) Slopes steeper than 3:1 grade shall have the top 1-3 inches of soil loose and friable before

6) Seed and fertilizer. Seed with a hydroseeder for sites larger than one half acre. Dry seed with a manual centrifugal spreader for sites less than one half acre or that are inaccessible to hydroseeding equipment (see seeding specifications to follow for either method used). Fertilizer is to be incorporated into the hydroseed mix if hydroseeding is performed, or it is to be applied with a manual centrifugal spreader if dry seeding is the method used. Fertilizer type, analysis, and application rate to be determined by University of Maryland Cooperative Extension Service or a qualified Ecologist based

7) Herbicide applications for the control of invasive species after planting will be done as part of the maintenance agreement, only with written permission from Environmental Planning. There will be no use of herbicides within the PMA.

## PLANT INSTALLATION METHODS

\* Auger planting method is preferred for level areas, as it creates better soil porosity by drilling a hole much larger than the root system and producing tilled backfill.

\* Hand digging is acceptable in situations where the auger cannot be applied (slopes, wet areas, confined spaces, etc.)

## PLANT CRITERIA FOR REFORESTATION AREAS (LANDSCAPE AND SEEDLING STOCK)

\* Plants supplied shall conform in all respects to the current edition of the American Standard for Nursery stock (ANSI Z60.1). They shall be nursery grown in accordance with good horticultural practice and grown under climatic conditions similar to those in the locality of the project. Plant names shall be those given in the edition of Standard Plant Names, American Joint committee on Horticultural

\* Prior to planting, protect plants at all times from sun and drying winds. Plants that cannot be planted

immediately shall be kept in the the shade, and kept well watered. Plants shall not remain unplanted fo more than three (3) calendar days unless adequate irrigation and protection from the elements is provided

\* Plants shall not be bound with wire or rope at any time so as to damage the bark or break branches or \* Plants shall be sound, vigorous and healthy. They shall be free of disease and insect pests and shall

have healthy, well developed root systems. Trunks and branches shall be free of cuts and abrasions over one inch (1") in any dimension.

\* Container-grown plants shall not have roots that encircle the rootball.

\* All plants shall be certified pest—free by the Department of Agriculture of the state of origin. SPECIFICATIONS FOR HYDROSEEDING ALL REFORESTATION AREAS WITH A

## STABILIZATION SEED MIX (SWM POND AREA EXCLUDED)

the seeding shall be immediate without interruption.

Apply seed upon the completion of site preparation (herbicide application, topical or incorporated soil amendment applications grading, etc.)

\* Stabilization seed mix to consist of a non-turf building ground cover. State certified weed free seed (labeled) graded.

II. Rate - 50 lbs/acre (for disturbed, exposed or newly graded soils and overseeding existing vegetation with less than 60% cover). Note: For best success rates under drought conditions ie; unusually dry seasons, S/W facing slopes, sandy soils etc., the application rate should be reduced to 25-30 lbs/acre III. Apply seed uniformly with a hydroseeder. The slurry includes seed, fertilizer, mulch binder (where applicable) on a firm, moist seedbed. Note: The seed and fertilizer will be mixed on site and  \* Mulch Binder (for 20% or greater exposed soils only). Utilize only wood cellulose fiber mulch as manufactured by Conwed, or an approved equal. Mulch at the rate of 35 pounds per 1000 square feet. Do not use on sites which have more than 80% existing ground cover as seed will adhere to the vegetation causing it to dry out. On sites where

exposed soils and existing ground cover exists, apply mulch binder to exposed soils only after seed

Type, analysis and application rates previously listed as specified by University of Maryland Cooperative Extension Service and/or a qualified ecologist based on the soil test results.

As necessary provide a water absorbing  $\epsilon \sigma$  polymer which can absorb up to 400 times its own weight to aid in fluffing the surface soil during application and to provide a lubricant coating to protect the plant when passing through the hydroseeder nozzle.

if soil moisture is deficient, supply new pending with adequate water for plant growth until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seeding is made in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

### REFORESTATION MANAGEMENT PLAN

has been applied to the entire site.

\* REFORESTATION SHOULD BE COMPLETED WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR OF FINAL GRADING. \* The Contractor implementing the retornstation plan is subject to a binding maintenance

agreement for the length of 5 years. IFM practices will be employed as needed to control diseased, insects and weeds. The controctor is responsible for the following: I. Field check the planting area according to the following schedule:

Year 1: 3 times (March-April), (July August), (October-November) Year 2-3: Twice annually (April-May), (September-October).

Years 4-5: Once annually (May-September). If appropriate, remove temporary tree protection fencing at this time. Field Data Forms (Condition check sheets) will be sent to the client after each visit.

II. Watering is dependent on rainfall and the mount and frequency will vary. Plants will be watered as needed, during years 1-3, sepending on rainfall, time of season, and installation timing. III. Control of invasive species will be achieved by annually mulching individual trees with composted woodchips or shredded hardward mulch, re-flagging them as needed and spot

plants. Be careful not to spray herbicide anto or inside the critical root zone of desirable plants. IV. Fertilizing within the first 3 years of the maintenance period may not be necessary and will be based on the soil test results and the LMCP Ext. Service Recommendations.

V. Pest control is to be accomplished by identifying insect and disease, problems and applying appropriate integrated pest management practices as needed.

applications of herbicide applied directly to target species competing with reforestation

VI. Perimeter fencing and signage will be removed after five years based on the planting date.

VII. The Warranty service obligations are such that at the end of the 5-year period, at (1,000) seedlings per acre or (500) 1" caliper trees per nere plant survivability must be above 75% and at (200) 2 1/2" caliper trees per acre, survivability must be 100%. The applicant will be charged with a mitigation fee to restock the area and it will be levied based on the square footage of the affected area.

#### LONG TERM PROTECTION

Protection of forest areas, as established through the forest conservation process, relies upon adherence to protection and maintenance standards during construction and preservation of these areas as undisturbed open space after construction to ensure their long-term survival. In order to provide for identification of these measures and ensure that they are carried out, refer to this Type Il Tree Conservation Plan.

#### TREE PROTECTION MEASURES

Tree protection fence and signs are to be installed along the perimeter of existing forest and individual trees to remain. It is to be installed outside of the critical root zone of the trees and the rootpruning line (if present) and will be smooth wire fencing. It is to be installed before any more grading. If possible, install before sediment control measures. Necessary signage may be determined during the pre-construction meeting. Grounds maintenance staff shall be instructed to avoid disturbance within designated Conservation areas. Root Pruning is to be performed as per TCP-II, typically outside the critical root zone of specified forest edges and specified individual trees to remain. It is to be accomplished by a vibratory plaw with a serrated cutting edge or a root cutter with a 36" wheel to a depth of 8". Other stress reduction/tree protection measures for individual trees should be implemented

#### TREE PROTECTION SEQUENCE

1. Pre-construction meeting: After the boundaries of the limits of disturbance have been staked and flagged, but before any disturbance has taken place on-site, a pre-construction meeting at the construction site shall be held. The developer, contractor, or project manage, all construction personnel, contracted tree professional and appropriate local inspectors shall attend. The purpose of the meeting will be to field verify the limits of clearing as specified on the plan and make any necessary adjustments. They will authorize installation of protection devices and determine location and quantity of Enforcement staff will also discuss the value and importance of the preservation areas, outline

responsibilities and discuss violation penalties. An additional inspection may be required after installation of the protection devices before construction is authorized to begin.

2. Tree protection measures and devices shall be implemented after the pre-construcion meeting and prior to any disturbance or clearing activity including erosion control devices.

3. If pruning is specified, do so before installing fence to avoid damage to fencing.

Root prune all designated areas.

5. Install tree protection fence and signs (see detail this page). To be maintained at least through the construction period for retention areas, and through the 2-year maintenance period for reforestation areas unless waived by county inspector.

6. When silt fence is specified, it should be positioned outside of the tree protection fence. In areas where silt fence and tree protection fence are to be used a "combination tree protection silt fence" can be used instead. This determination can be made at the pre-construction meeting (see alternative

7. Approved clearing will take place after all tree protection measures are completed and will occur outside the tree protection fence.

8. Upon completion of construction, corrective measures may include: Removal of dead or dying trees, pruning of dead or declining limbs, soil aeration, fertilization, watering of specimen tress when specified, and clean-up of retention areas.

9. Inspection and approval by regulatory agency for Prince George's County. 10. Removal of temporary protective measures, such as tree protection fence and signs.

# REFORESTATION INSPECTION AND PLANTING NARRATIVE

1. REFORESTATION INSPECTION SCHEDULE: There shall be five inspections for forest conservation. A. The first inspection shall occur after flagging/staking of the L.O.D. and/or stream buffers and prior to any clearing, grading, or sediment control measures. This inspection is to address the issues of tree protection and sediment control. The developer and representatives from M-NCPPC and/or DER will meet to walk the proposed limits of disturbance and determine the final locations of sediment control devices and tree protection devices. B. The second inspection shall occur after placement of sediment control devices and tree protection decives and prior to clearing and grading. This inspection is to determine the completion and

adequacy of protective measures.

C. The third inspection shall occur prior to planting in reforestation areas. The pre-planting inspection is to make final decisions regarding the best implementation of the Planting Plan, including, but not limited to the final placement and selection of plant species, determination of the regeneration potential of existing plants to remain, and a determination of the best edge planting treatment. The purchase and delivery of plant materials should not be made unit after this inspection, since a determination may be made in the field to alter the choice of plant material.

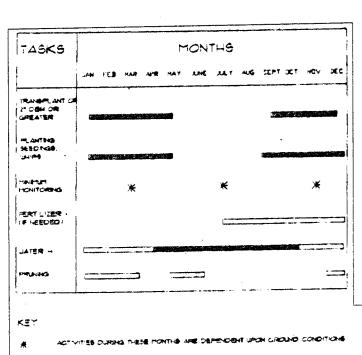
D. The fourth inspection shall occur immediately following the completion of the reforestation planting. This inspection is to deetermine the completion and adequacy of the planting.

E. The fifth and final inspection shall occur at the completion of the two—year maintenance program. The purpose of this inspection is to determine the success and adequacy of the mainenance program (and deer management program). Final determination will be made at this time as to whether additional plantings and a further maintenance program are necessary. A. In areas with substantial growth of invasive groundcover species, measures shall be taken to remove and control invasives. The infested area should be mown prior to commencement of planting.

Necessary weed control measure should be determined during the pre-planting inspection, including, but not limited to mulching, periodic mowing around the reforestation plantings, and fabric coverings. The use of chemical weed controls will be limited to extreme cases, and only with prior written approval by MNCPPC staff. Where periodic mowing will occur as a weed control measure, the typical tree planting distribution pattern should be modified so as to allow access by mowing equipment without damage to plantings.

B. A soils analysis will be conducted prior to commencement of reforestation on land where extensive agricultural use has occured in the past: Test pits will be dug in areas of undisturbed soil to determine if a gragipan layer is present. If fragipan is present, it should be pierced by auguring and planting. Holes should be dug to twice the normal diameter for the material planted. C. Soils should be treated by incorporating natural mulch within the top 12 inches or mulch or leaf mold compost are preferred.

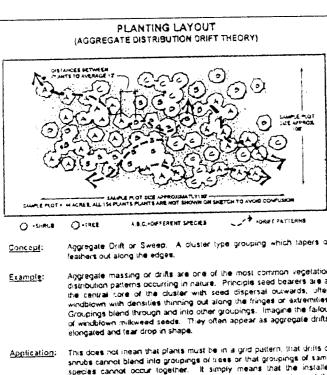
D. If fill material is used at the planting site, it should be clean fill with 12 inches of native soil. Stockpiling of native top soils must be done in such a way that the height of the pile does not damage the seed bank.



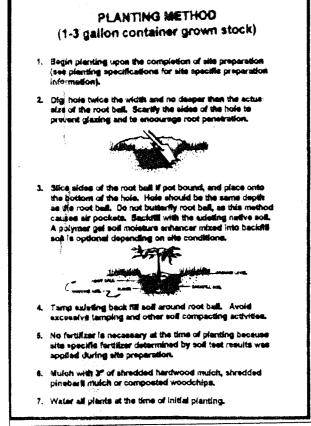
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DEPTEMBANT UPON SITE CONDITIONS MEDICLY MATERING IS GREATLY RECORPTINATED FROM HAY THROUGH OCTOBER IN ESS WERDLY RANFALL EQUALS IT

The planning and care of trees is nost successful unan coordinated with the local clinatic conditions. This calendar winner/bits some of the recommended time transstor basic reformstation and stress reduction activities.



Aggregate Drift or Sweep. A diuster type grouping which tapers or feathers out along the edges. Aggregate massing or drifts are one of the most common vegetation distribution patterns occurring in nature. Principle seed bearers are at the central core of the duster with seed dispersal outwards, often nublown with densities thinning out along the fringes or extremities. Groupings blend through and into other groupings, (magine the failout of windblown milkweed seeds. They often appear as aggregate drifts, This does not mean that plants must be in a grid pattern, that drifts of snrubs cannot blend into groupings of traces or that groupings of same species cannot occur together. It simply means that the installer should meet the aforementioned forest conservation act criteria at the same time replicating natures aggregate drift patterns (see detail). When using this theory to lay out a planting plan the size of the drifts will depend on the quantity of plants allocated, the scale of the site, and the careful consideration of the installer.



WOODLAND CONSERVATION AREA MANAGEMENT NOTES

Removal of Hazardous Trees or Hazardous Limps By Developers or

The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas snown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or parts thereof designated by the

removed.

1. A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Licensed Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards (Tree, Shrub, and Other Woody Plant Maintenance Standard Practices ).

if a hazardous condition may be alleviated by corrective pruning, the Licensed Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards (Tree, Shrub, and Other Woody Plant Maintenance Standard Practices )

3. Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the building or grading inspector if there is a valid grading or building permit for the subject lost or parcels which the trees are located. Only after approval of the appropriate inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. The stump may not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.

4. Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.

Removal of Hazardous Trees, Hazardous Limbs, Noxious Plants, Invasive Plants or Non-Native Plants in Woodland Conservation Areas Owned by Individual Homeowners.

Note: The use of chainsaws is extremely dangerous and should not be conducted with poorly maintained equipment, without - 1. Forest planting to commence at the initial stages of safety equipment, or by individuals not trained in the use of this equipment for the pruning and/or cutting of trees.

Protection of Reforestation and Afforestation Areas by Developers or Builders

1 Reforestation and afforestation areas shall be planted prior to the occupancy of the nearest building or residence. It planting cannot occur due to planting conditions, the developer or property owner shall install the fencing and signage a accordance with the approved type I free Conservation Plan. Planting shall then be accomplished during the next planting season. If planting is delayed beyond the transfer of the property title, to the homeowner, the developer shall obtain a signed statement from the purchaser indicating that they understand that the reforestation area is located on their property and that reforestation will occur during the next planting season. A copy of that document shall be presented to the Grading Inspector and the Environmental Planning Section. Reforestation areas shall not to be mowed, nowever, the management of competing vegetation around individual trees is

Protection of Reforestation and Afforestation Areas by Individual Homeowners

Reforestation fencing and signage shall remain in place in accordance with the approved Type II Tree II Tree Conservation -2Plan or until the trees have grown sufficiently to have crown

Reforestation areas shall not to be mowed, however, the management of competing vegetation around individual trees s=5.

Woodland Areas NOT Counted as Part of the Woodland Conservation

1. A revised Tree Conservation Plan is required prior to clearing any woodland area which is not specifically identified to be cleared on the most recently approved Type II Tree Conservation (TCP) on file in the office of the M-NCPPC, Environmental Planning Section located on the 4<sup>st</sup> floor of the County Administration Building at 14741 Governor Oden Bowie Drive, Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772, phone 301-952-3650. Additional mitigation will be required for the clearing of all woodlands beyond that reflected on the approved plans. Although clearing may be allowed, it may be subject to additional replacement requirements, mitigation, and fees which must be reflected on TCP revisions approved by the M-NCPPC Environmental Planning Section.

Homeowners or property owners may remove trees less than two (2) inches diameter, shrubs, and vines in woodland areas which are saved but not part of the Woodland Conservation requirements after all permits have been released for the subject property. This area may not be tilled or have other ground disturbances which would result in damage to the tree roots. Raking the leaves and overseeding with native grasses, native flowers or native groundcover is acceptable. Seeding with invasive grasses including any variety of Kentucky 31 fescue is

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ADDITIONAL NOTES (FOR ALL SHEETS IN THIS SET):

 Culting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this. Plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning

FOREST MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

mitigation fee. 2. The Site Development Inspector must be contacted at (301) implementation of Free Conservation measures shown on this

of any Forest Conservation Areas (Forest Save Areas, Reforestation Areas, Afforestation Areas, or Selective Clearing sale of the property, the owner/developer or owners

of the forest. (See planting layout detail this sheet) be determined as part of the pre construction meeting. critical root zone will be impacted by construction. 12.The number of trees planted may be adjusted, depending on the wize of stock used, during later stages of the FCP approval. process.

potential, or if any outside influences are having a deleterious affect on the mitigation sites.

or dearing of woodland not in conformance with this Plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning director or designee shall be subject to a \$ 1.50 / square foot

The Department of Environmental Resources, (DER) must be contacted prior to the start of any work on the site to address implementation of free Conservation measures shown on this

Property owners shall be notified by the Developer or Contractor of any Woodland Conservation Areas, (Tree Save Areas, Reforestation Areas, Aforestation Areas or selective Clearing Areas,) located on their lot or parcel of land and the associated tines for unauthorized disturbances to these areas. Upon the sale of the property, the Owner/Developer or Owner Woodland Conservation Areas.

All appropriate bonds will be posted with the Building Official prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be posted with the Building Official until all required activities have

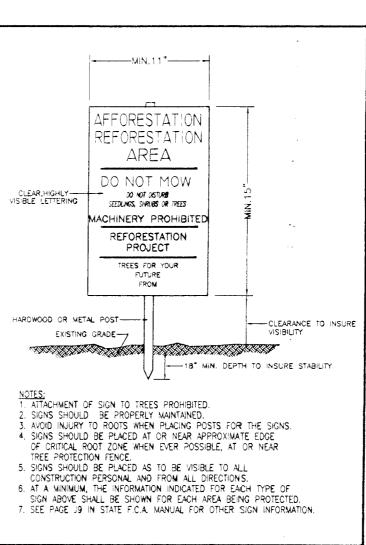
The location of all Tree Protective Devices, (TPDs,) shown on this Plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the preconstruction meeting with the Sediment and Erosion Control Inspector from DER. Upon approval of the flagged or staked IPD locations by the Inspector, installation of the IPDs may begin. TPD installation shall be completed prior to installation of initial sediment Controls. No cutting or clearing of trees may begin before final approval of TPD installation.

Since work on this project will be initiated in several phase, ail TPDs required for a given phase shall be installed prior to any disturpance within that phase of work. Woodland conservation - Tree Save areas and/or Reforestation

8. The DER inspector shall be notified prior to soil preparation or

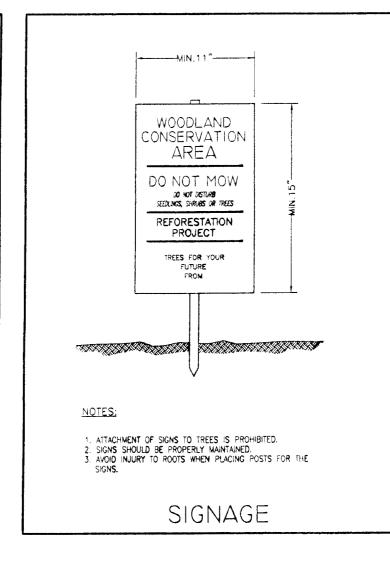
initiation of any tree planting on this site. to the DER inspector for that site.

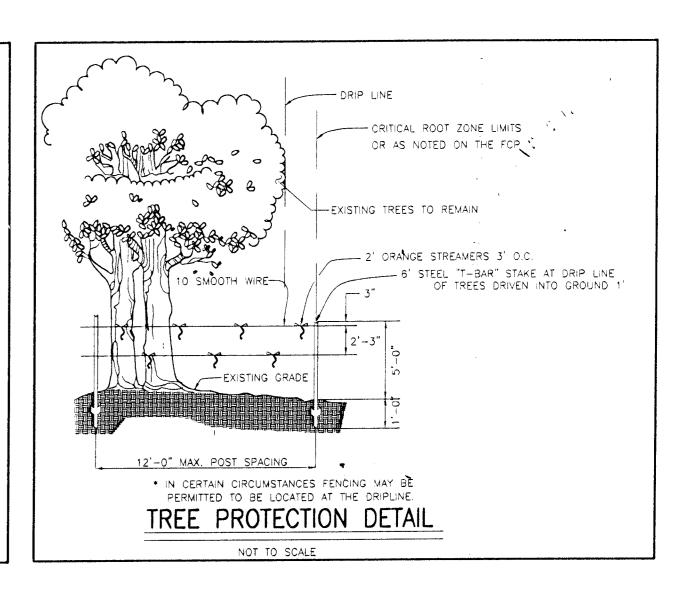
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REFORESTATION AREA 1:

TREE PIT TO BE FIVE TIMES THE ROOTBALL IS PREFERRED, PARTICULARLY IN POOR SOM

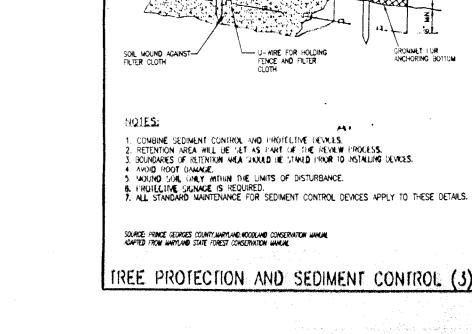




QTY.	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	SPACING
21	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal. 8&8	20' o.c.
21	Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud	1" cal. 8&B	20' o.c.
21	Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
21	Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
20	llex opaca	American Holly	6-8' in height	8' o.c.
20	Pinus strobus	White Pine	6-3' in height	8' o.c.

QTY.	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	SPACINO
13	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal. B&B	20° o.c.
13	Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
1.5	Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	1" cal. 8&8	20° o.c.
13	Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	1" cal. 8&B	20' o.c.
13	llex opaca	American Holly	6-8' in height	8' o.c.
13	Pinus strobus	White Pine	6-8' in height	8' 0.0.

QTY.	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON: NAME	SIZE	SPACIN
10	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
8	Cercis canadensis	Eastern Redbud	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
8	Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
8	Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	1" cal. B&B	20' o.c.
8	llex opaca	American Holly	6-8' in height	8' 0.0.
8	Pinus strobus	White Pine	6-8' in height	8 0.0:



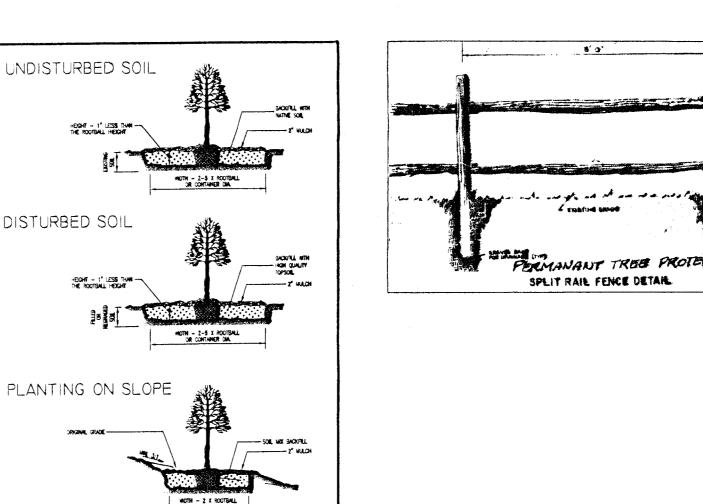
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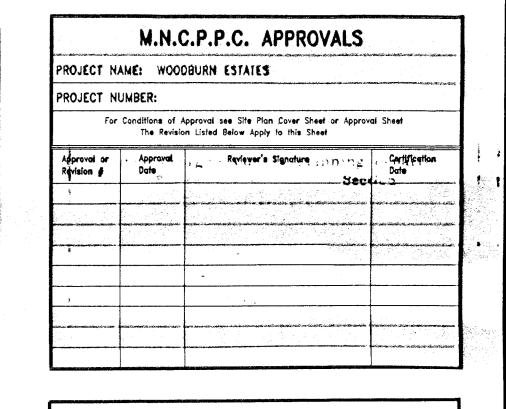
IS AT THE SAME LOCATION

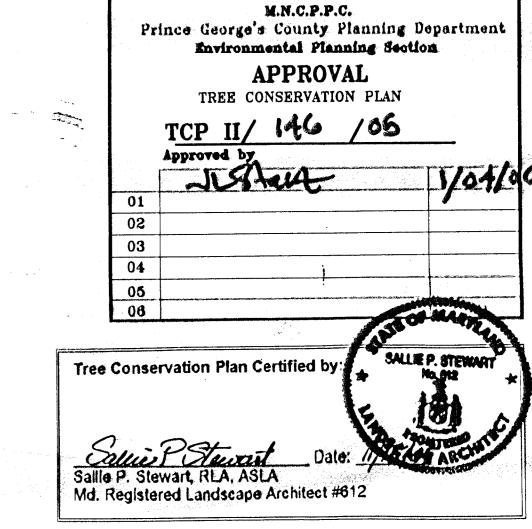
10' MAX BETWEEN POSTS

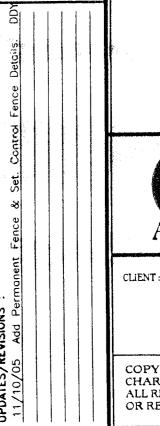
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6 MAX. MESH OPENING



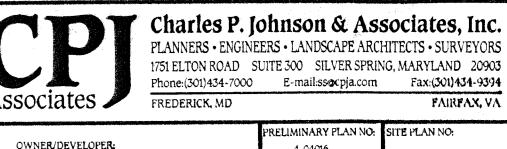






# NINTH (9TH) ELECTION DISTRICT

PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY, MARYLAND



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RELIMINARY PLAN NO: SITE PLAN NO: 4-04016 DDY MAY 2005 34-191-22D ALE AS SHOWN

Plotted: Nov. 15, 2005

Director or designee shall be subject to a \$1.50 per square foot 731-8790 prior to the start of any work on the site to address

Areas) located on their lot or parcel of land and the associated fines for unauthorized disturbances to these areas. Upon the representative shall notify the purchaser of the property of any

Forest Conservation Areas. 4. All appropriate bonds will be posted with M-NCPPC prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be retained as surety by Mi-NCPPC until all required activities have been satisfied. 5. All existing trash and impervious areas shown on the plan to be removed must be removed and any disturbed soil must be stabilized and seeded. It may be necessary to scarify and/or aerate the soil. Four inches of topsoil will be added if none

exists after the impervious area is removed. 6. All plant instabation shall follow the latest edition of the M--NCPPC publication. A Technical Manual for Woodland Conservation Development in Prince George's County . 7. Plants snall be inspected by the contractor, and any material that is either damaged or which has root ball compaction, jrooted or kinked root systems will be replaced. No plants will he stored on site. Plants will be planted immediately once received from the nursery.

8. Stock will be planted in random order to reflect natural growth. 9. Planting hole should be limited to 2.5 X root ball diameter. Native soil material will be used to backfill planting site and area will be backed to remove air pocket. Rake soil evenly over the planting field and pover hole with three inches of mulch. Water to settle soil and provide moisture as needed. 10. The need for deer protection and specific measures necessary to 1.The services of licensed arborist shall be retained to evaluate the appropriate measures necessary to ensure the survival of the large and specimen trees proposed to be preserved whose

development. Forest planting ireas are to be covered by a five-year maintenance program, with a two year bond. The landscape contractor will inspect all planted areas every six months after planting for two years. At the end of the two year inspection, the contractor will request M-NCPPC inspection and will ensure that 15% of the original stocking level is live and vigorous. Thereafter, maintenance measures will continue -until completion of the inspections at the end of the  $3\%,\ 4\%,$ and 5'" years, beyond the bonding period. In years one and two each forest planting area will be maintained by either mowing or chemical treatment. Control of exotic and invasive species is to be done without the use of herbicides as much as possible. If use of chemical is anavoidable, contact M-NCPPC, Environmental Planning Div. at 301-952-3650 for approval prior to application of chemicals. 3. During each inspection following planting, the contractor will evaluate the need for additional watering, additional fertilizer or lime, and any additional steps to control competing vegetation. The contractor will also assess any disease

Standard Type II Tree Conservation Plan Nates

Representative shall notify the Purchaser of the property of any

Areas shall be posted as shown at the same time as Tree Protective Device installation and/or start of reforestation

 Results of survival checks for all tree plantings shall be reported 10. Prior to issuance of any permits, the Contractor responsible for soil preparation, site preparation, tree planting and tree

maintenance must be identified.

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