

ARCHITECT DEVROUAX & PURNELL 717 D STREET. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004 CIVIL ENGINEER

DELON HAMPTON & ASSOCIATES 8403 COLESVILLE ROAD SUITE 600 SILVER SPRING, MD 20910

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PETER LIU ASSOCIATES, INC. 1350 CONNECTICUT AVENUE. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20036

TADJER COHEN EDELSON 1109 SPRING ST. 5TH FLOOR SILVER SPRING, MD 20910

MEP ENGINEER BANSAL & ASSOCIATES 50 SOUTH PICKET ST. ALEXANDRIA, VA 22304

FIRE PROTECTION STEHLE ENGINEERING CORPORATION 14400 OLD MILL ROAD, SUITE 101 UPPER MARLBORD, MARYLAND

GEOTECHNICAL

1. 3/28/05 PER MNCPPC STAFF REPORT COMMENTS DATED 2/9/05.

2. 5/20/05 PER MNCPPC STAFF REPORT COMMENTS DATED 2/9/05. & ARBORIST REPORT DATED 5/01/05.

3. 7/04/05 PER MNCPPC COMMENTS DATED 6/23/05.

METROPOLITAN BAPTIST CHURCH

ISSUE DATE .

08/23/04 AS=SBIOWN J. DAYS B. WEI CHECKED 00107-MC

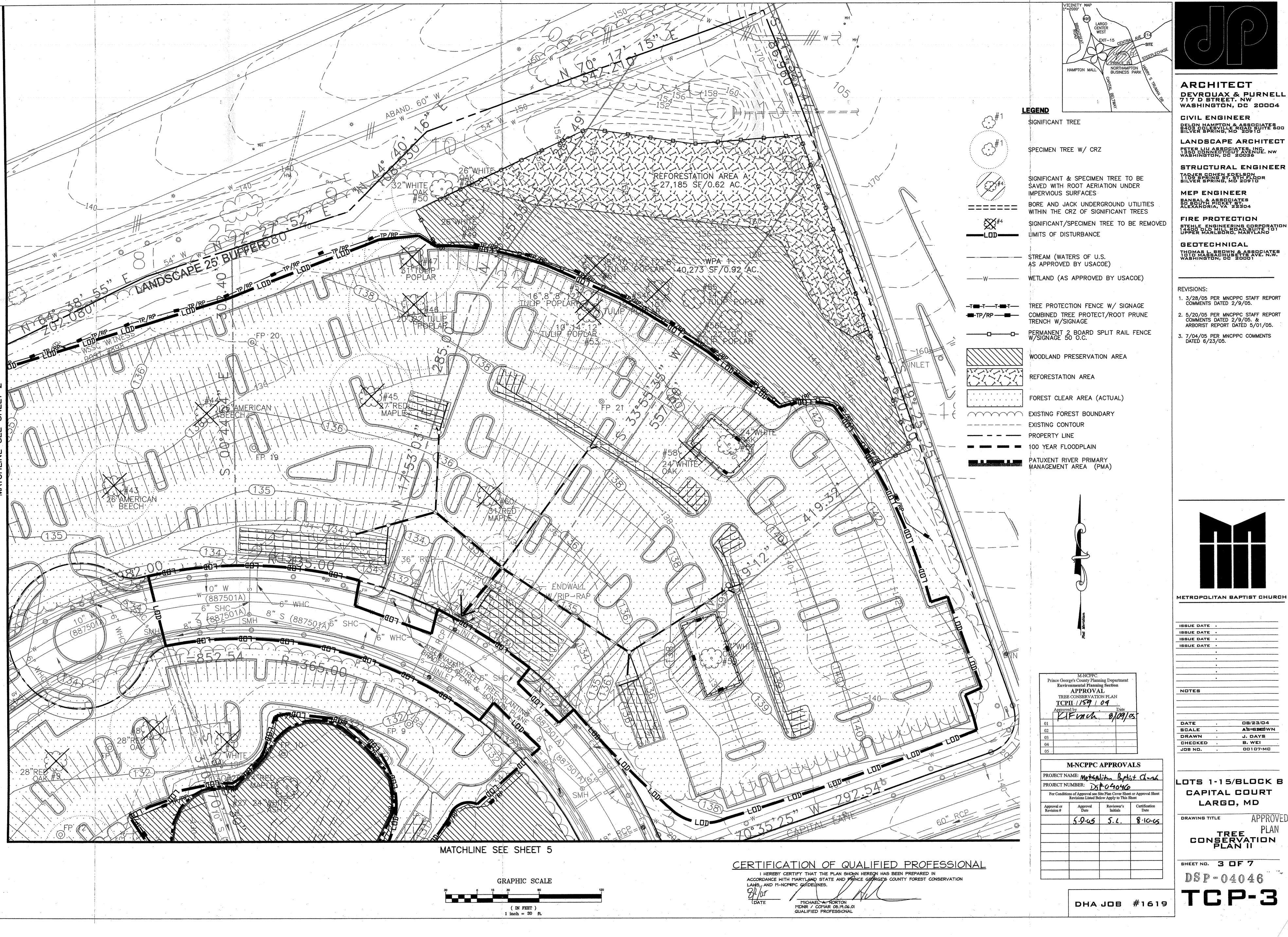
LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B CAPITAL COURT LARGO, MD

DRAWING TITLE

CONSERVATION PLAN II

SHEET NO. 2 OF 7

DSP-04046 TCP-2



ARCHITECT DEVROUAX & PURNELL 717 D STREET. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004

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GEOTECHNICAL THOMAS L. BROWN & ASSOCIATES 1010 MASSACHUSETTS AVE. N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20001

1. 3/28/05 PER MNCPPC STAFF REPORT COMMENTS DATED 2/9/05.

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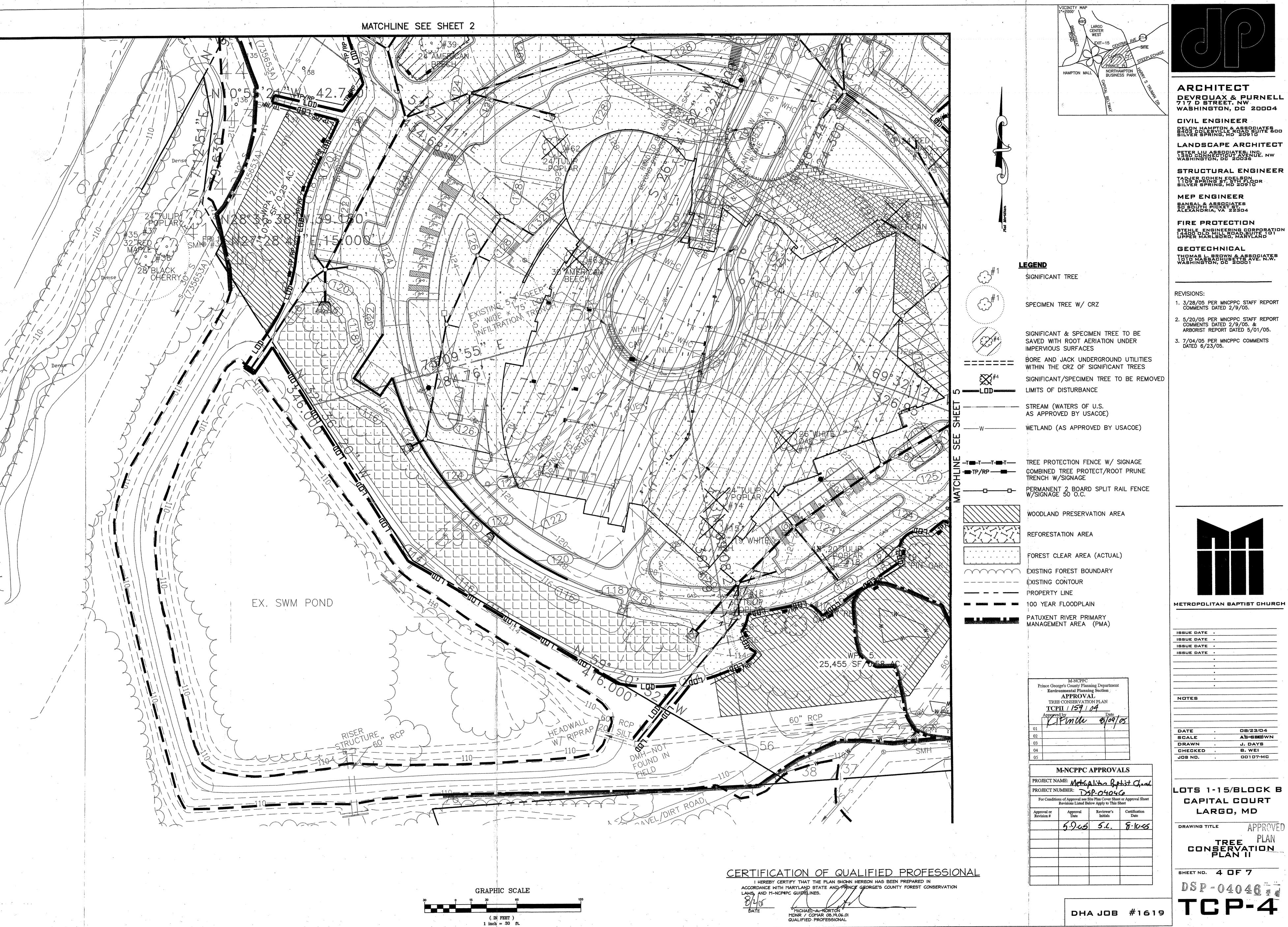
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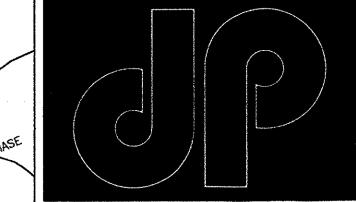
LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B CAPITAL COURT LARGO, MD

APPROVED TREE PLAN CONSERVATION PLAN II

SHEET NO. 3 OF 7

DSP-04046





ARCHITECT DEVROUAX & PURNELL 717 D STREET. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004

CIVIL ENGINEER

DELON HAMPTON & ASSOCIATES 8403 COLESVILLE ROAD SUITE 600 SILVER SPRING, MD 20910 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PETER LIU ASSOCIATES, INC. 1350 CONNECTICUT AVENUE. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20036

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER TADJER COHEN EDELSON 1109 SPRING ST. 5TH FLOOR SILVER SPRING, MD 20910

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REVISIONS:

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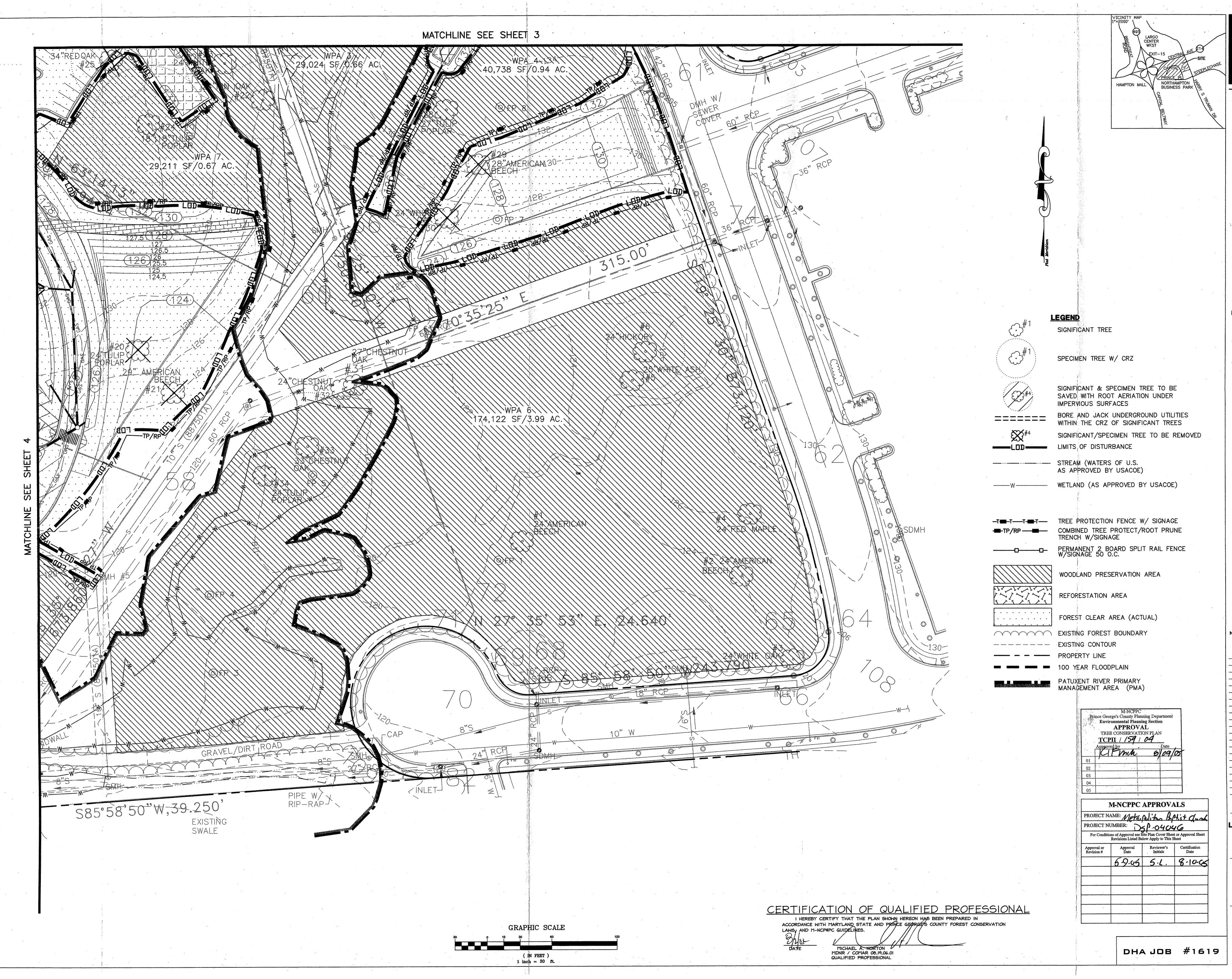
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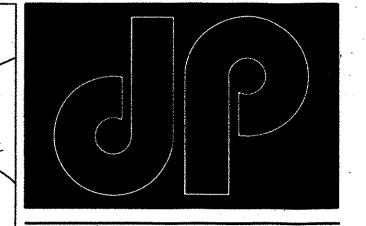
LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B CAPITAL COURT LARGO, MD

DRAWING TITLE

TREE PLAN CONSERVATION PLAN II

SHEET NO. 4 OF 7





ARCHITECT DEVROUAX & PURNELL 717 D STREET. NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004

CIVIL ENGINEER DELON HAMPTON & ASSOCIATES 8403 COLESVILLE ROAD SUITE 600 SILVER SPRING, MD 20910

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LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B CAPITAL COURT LARGO, MD

DRAWING TITLE

CONSERVATION PLAN II

SHEET NO. 5 OF 7

TCP-5

WOODLAND CONSERVATION AREA MANAGEMENT NOTES Prepared by the Environmental Planning Section, Planning Department, M-NCPPC Revised: 4/23/2003

Removal of Hazardous Trees or Hazardous Limbs By Developers or Builders

The developer and/or builder is responsible for the complete preservation of all forested areas shown on the approved plan to remain undisturbed. Only trees or parts thereof designated by the Department of Environmental Resources as dead, dying, or hazardous may be removed.

- A tree is considered hazardous if a condition is present which leads a Licensed Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert to believe that the tree or a portion of the tree has a potential to fall and strike a structure, parking area, or other high use area and result in personal injury or property damage.
- 2. If a hazardous condition may be alleviated by corrective pruning, the Licensed Arborist or a Licensed Tree Expert may proceed without further authorization. The pruning must be done in accordance with the latest edition of the ANSI A-300 Pruning Standards ("Tree, Shrub, and Other Woody Plant Maintenance - Standard Practices").
- Corrective measures requiring the removal of the hazardous tree or portions thereof shall require authorization by the building or grading inspector if there is a valid grading or building permit for the subject lots or parcels on which the trees are located. Only after approval of the appropriate inspector may the tree be cut by chainsaw to near the existing ground level. The stump may not be removed or covered with soil, mulch or other materials that would inhibit sprouting.
- Debris from the tree removal or pruning that occurs within 35 feet of the woodland edge may be removed and properly disposed of by recycling, chipping or other acceptable methods. All debris that is more than 35 feet from the woodland edge shall be cut up to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition. The smaller materials shall be placed into brush piles that will serve as wildlife habitat.

Removal of Hazardous Trees, Hazardous Limbs, Noxious Plants, Invasive Plants or Non-Native Plants in Woodland Conservation Areas Owned by Individual Homeowners

- 1. If the developer or builder no longer has an interest in the property the home owner shall obtain a written statement from the Licensed Arborist or Licensed Tree Expert identifying the hazardous condition and the proposed corrective measures prior to having the work conducted. The tree may then be removed by the arborist or tree expert. The stump shall be cut as close to the ground as possible and left in place. The removal or grinding of the stumps in the woodland conservation area is not permitted.
- The removal of noxious, invasive, and non-natives plant species from the woodland conservation areas may be done with the use of hand-held equipment only such as pruners or a chain saw. These plants may be cut near the ground and the material less than two inches diameter may be removed from the area and disposed of appropriately. All material from these noxious, invasive, and non-native plants greater than two (2) inches diameter shall be cut to allow contact with the ground, thus encouraging decomposition.
- The use of broadcast spraying of herbicides is not permitted. However, the use of herbicides to discourage re-sprouting of invasive, noxious, or non-native plants is permitted if done as an application of the chemical directly to the cut stump immediately following cutting of plant tops. The use of any herbicide shall be done in accordance with the label instructions.
- Note: The use of chainsaws is extremely dangerous and should not be conducted with poorly maintained equipment, without safety equipment, or by individuals not trained in the use of this equipment for the pruning and/or cutting of trees.

Protection of Reforestation and Afforestation Areas by Developers or Builders

- Reforestation and afforestation areas shall be planted prior to the occupancy of the nearest building or residence. If planting cannot occur due to planting conditions, the leveloper or property owner shall install the fencing and signage in accordance with the approved Type II Tree Conservation Plan. Planting shall then be accomplished during the next planting season. If planting is delayed beyond the transfer of the property title, to the homeowner, the developer shall obtain a signed statement from the purchaser indicating that they understand that the reforestation area is located on their property and that reforestation will occur during the next planting season. A copy of that document shall be presented to the Grading Inspector and the Environmental Planning Section.
- Reforestation areas shall not to be mowed, however, the management of competing vegetation around individual trees is acceptable.

Protection of Reforestation and Afforestation Areas by Individual Homeowners

- Reforestation fencing and signage shall remain in place in accordance with the approved Type II Tree Conservation Plan or until the trees have grown sufficiently to have crown
- Reforestation areas shall not to be mowed, however, the management of competing vegetation around individual trees is acceptable.

Woodland Areas NOT Counted as Part of the Woodland Conservation Requirements

- A revised Tree Conservation Plan is required prior to clearing any woodland area which is not specifically identified to be cleared on the most recently approved Type II Tree Conservation (TCP) on file in the office of the M-NCPPC, Environmental Planning Section located on the 4th flood of the County Administration Building at 14741 Governor Oden Bowie Drive, Upper Marlboro, Maryland 20772, phone 301-952-3650. Additional mitigation will be required for the clearing of all woodlands beyond that reflected on the approved plans. Although clearing may be allowed, it may be subject to additional replacement requirements, mitigation, and fees which must be reflected on TCP revisions approved by the M-NCPPC Environmental Planning Section.
- Homeowners or property owners may remove trees less than two (2) inches diameter, shrubs, and vines in woodland areas which are saved but not part of the Woodland Conservation requirements after all permits have been released for the subject property. This area may not be tilled or have other ground disturbances which would result in damage to the tree roots. Raking the leaves and overseeding with native grasses, native flowers or native ground covers is acceptable. Seeding with invasive grasses including any variety of Kentucky 31 fescue is not acceptable.

Required Type II Tree Conservation Plan Notes

- Cutting or clearing of woodland not in conformance with this plan or without the expressed written consent of the Planning Director or designee shall be subject to a \$1.50 per square foot mitigation fee.
- The Department of Environmental Resources (DER) shall be contacted prior to the start of any work on the site to address implementation of woodland conservation measures shown on this plan.
- Property owners shall be notified by the Developer or Contractor of any Woodland Conservation Areas (Tree Save Areas, Reforestation Areas, Afforestation Areas, or Selective Clearing Areas) located on their lot or parcel of land and the associated fines for unauthorized disturbances to these areas. Upon the sale of the property the owner / developer or owners representative shall notify the purchaser of the property of any Woodland Conservation Areas.
- All appropriate bonds shall be posted with the Building Official prior to the issuance of any permits. These bonds will be retained as surety by the Building Official until all required activities have been satisfied.
- All required off-site mitigation shall be identified on an approved TCPII for the off-site location and shall be recorded as an off-site easement in the land records of Prince George's County prior to issuance of any permits for the subject property.
- The location of all Tree Protective Devices (TPDs) shown on this Plan shall be flagged or staked in the field prior to the pre-construction meeting with the Sediment and Erosion Control Inspector from DER. Upon approval of the flagged or staked TPD locations by the Inspector, installation of the TPDs may begin. TPD installation shall be completed prior to installation of initial Sediment Controls. No cutting or clearing of trees may begin before final approval of TPD installation.
- Woodland Conservation Tree Save Areas and/or Reforestation Areas shall be posted as shown at the same time as Tree Protective Device installation and/or start of reforestation activities. These signs shall remain in place.
- All tree planting for woodland replacement, reforestation or afforestation will be completed prior to Use and Occupancy Permit. Failure to establish the woodland replacement, reforestation or afforestation within the prescribed time frame will result in the forfeiture of the Reforestation Bond and/or a violation of this Plan including the associated \$1.50 per square foot penalty unless a written extension is approved by the DER Inspector.
- 9. Results of survival checks for all tree plantings shall be reported to the DER inspector for the site and M-NCPPC, Environmental Planning Section.

REFORESTATION PLANT SCHEDULE & SEEDLING EQUIVALENTS

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QUANTITIES	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE	UNIT/ROOT	SPACING	FORM	SEEDLING EQUIVALENT (624 REQ)
AREA A	ACER RUBRUM	RED MAPLE	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	72
17	CELTIS OCCIDENTALIS	HACKBERRY	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68
17	FAGUS GRANDIFOLIA	AMERICAN BEECH	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68 ₍
18	FRANXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	GREEN ASH	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	72
6	ILEX GLABRA	INKBERRY	12-18"	CONT.	RANDOMLY 38.0' O.C.	SHRUB	
6	ILEX VERTICILLATA	WINTERBERRY	18-24"	CONT.	RANDOMLY 38.0' O.C.	SHRUB	
17	LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA	TULIP POPLAR	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68
17	NYSSA SYLVATICA	BLACK GUM	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68
18	PRUNUS SEROTINA	BLACK CHERRY	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	72
17	QUERCUS RUBRA	RED OAK	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68
17	QUERCUS PHELLOS	WILLOW OAK	2" CAL.	B&B	RANDOMLY 13.20' O.C.	TREE	68
6	VIBURNUM ACERFIUM	MAPLE LEAF VIBURNUM	18-24"	CONT.	RANDOMLY 38.0' O.C.	SHRUB	
24		SYLVA FIELD AND FOREST MIX OR ERNST UPLAND ANI MEADOW MIX OR EQUIVALEN			40LBS./AC	SEED	
OTE: A MINI	MUM OF 75% SURVIVAL AFTER	2 YEARS OF GROWING SEASON	IS REQUIRED	FOR ALL REFO	DRESTATION ARE	AS SHOWN.	624*

* EACH 2" CAL. TREE = 4 SEEDLING EQUIVALENTS TO TOTAL THE REQUIRED 624 FOR THE 0.62 ACRE REFORESTATION AREA.

PLANTING SCHEDULE MONTHS IAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUNE JULY AUG SEPT OCT NOV DEC TRANSPLANT OF 2" DBH OR XXXXXX////// GREATER PLANTING SEEDINGS, MINIMUM MONITORING FERTILIZER * WATER ** PRUNING ACTIVITIES DURING THESE MONTHS ARE DEPENDENT UPON GROUND CONDITIONS \times GREATLY RECOMMENDED RECOMMENDED WITH ADDITIONAL CARE

DEPENDENT UPON SITE CONDITIONS; WEEKLY WATERING IS GREATLY RECOMMENDED

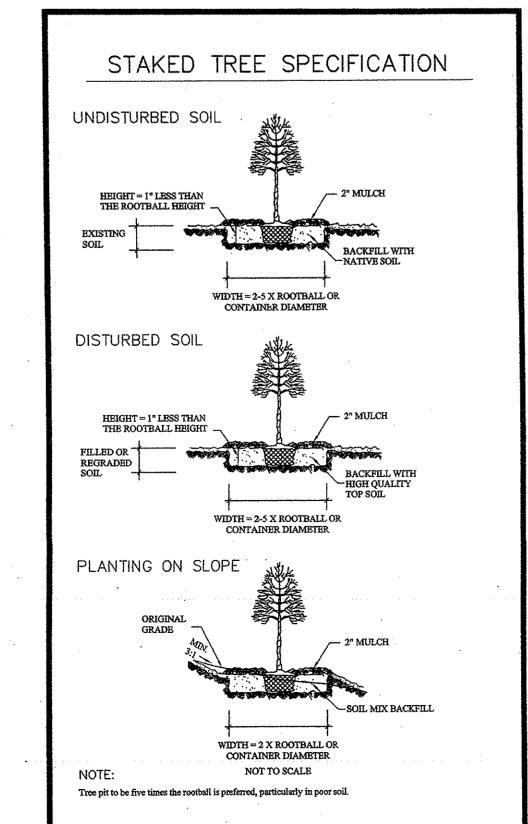
FROM MAY THROUGH OCTOBER UNLESS WEEKLY RAINFALL EQUALS 1

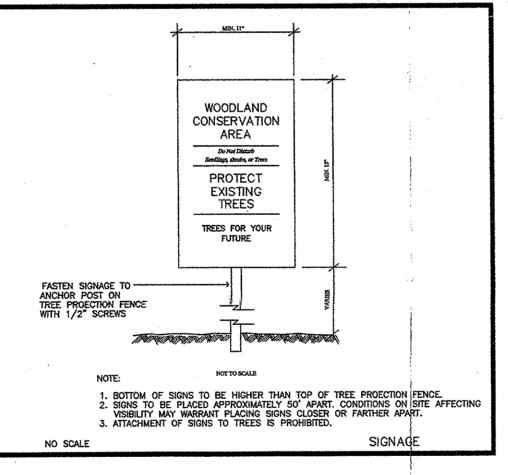
DEPENDENT UPON SITE CONDITIONS

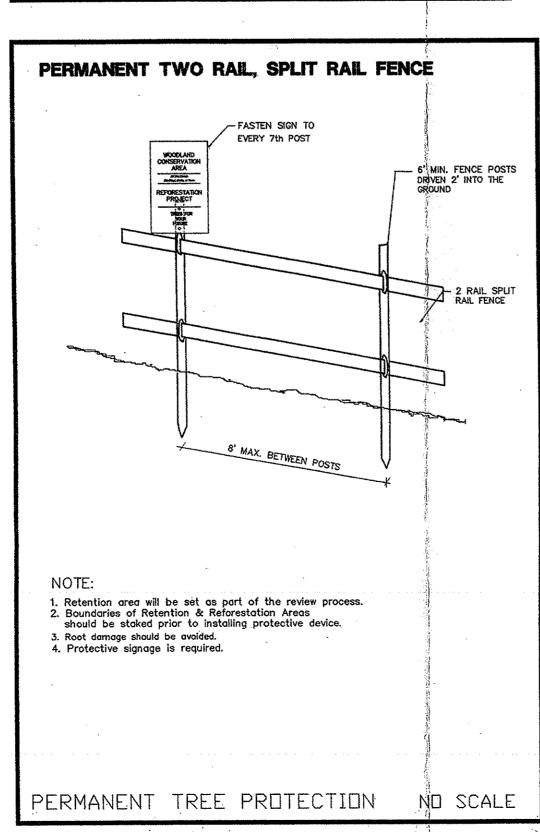
The planting and care of trees is most successful when coordinated with the local

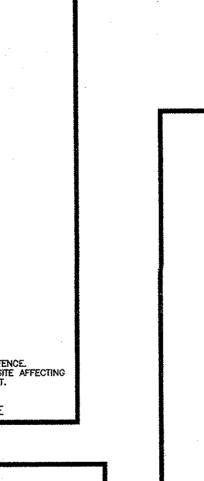
for basic reforestation and stress reduction activities.

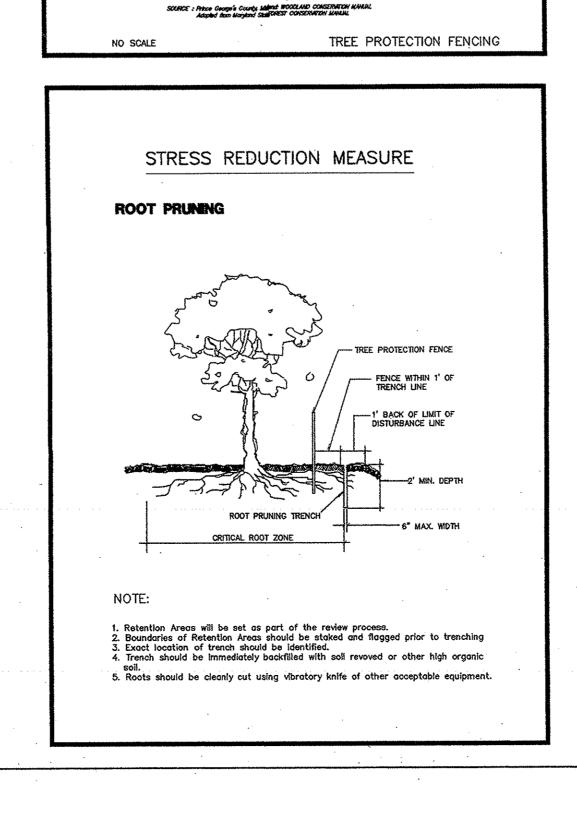
climatic conditions. This calendar summarizes some of the recommended time frames





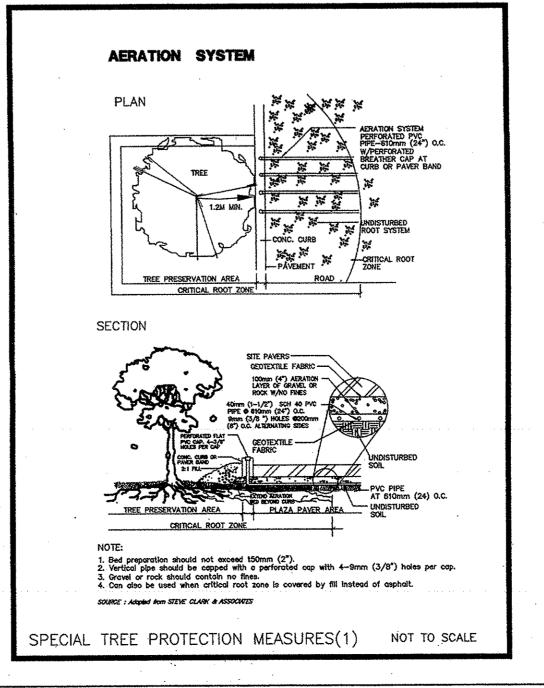






1. Forest protection device only.
2. Retention Area will be set as port of the review process.
3. Boundaries of retention Area should be staked and flagged prior to installing device.
4. Root damage should be availed.
5. Protective signage is required.
6. Device should be monitorised throughout construction.

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH



Woodland Conservation Worksheet

Prince George's County

9.90 acres 18.66 acres

* THE REQUIRED OFF-SITE WOODLAND CONSERVATION MITIGATION SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF GRADING PERMITS.

1. THE 100-YR FLOODPLAIN DOES ENCROACH ON THE SITE.

WATERSHED

200 SHEET

4. GENERAL CONDITIONS: WATER CLASS

1. THERE WERE NO RARE, THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES OBSERVED ON THE STIE

2. THE 50' STREAM BUFFER FOR TRIB. TO SOUTHWEST BRANCH IS ON THE SITE.

FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAP PANEL

OR REPORTED BY THE U.S. FISH & WILDLIFE SERVICE OR MDDNR, WILDLIFE HERITAGE DIVISION.

3. A 25' WETLAND BUFFER OR 50' STREAM BUFFER IS ASSOCIATED WITH ALL DELINEATED SYSTEMS.

THE ACOE AND MDE HAS AGREED WITH JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

SOUTHWEST BRANCH SOUTHWEST BRANCH

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PAGE 19 GRID J-2

201NE08

*Include acreage in the corresponding columns for each zone.

TCPII/159/04 Metropolitan Baptist Church.

Net Tract Floodplain Impacts

Gross Tract: Floodplain:

Net Tract (NTA):

Previously Dedicated Land:

Is this a Mitigation Bank

Existing Woodland

Smaller of a or b

Woodland cleared

Smaller of d or e

Woodland above WCT

Break-even Point (preservation) =

Clearing permitted w/o reforestion=

Afforestation Threshold (AFT) =

Woodland Conservation Provided:

Woodland Preservation Afforestation / Reforestation

Area approved for fee-in-lieu

Area of woodland not cleared

Woodland Conservation Calculations:

Property Description or Subdivision Name:

Is this site subject to the 1989 Ordinance?

Is this one (1) single family lot? (y,n)

Reforesation Requirement Reduction Questions

Are there prior TCP approvals which include a

combination of this lot and/or other lots. (y,n)

Woodland Conservation Threshold (NTA) =

Clearing above WCT (0.25:1) replacement requirement

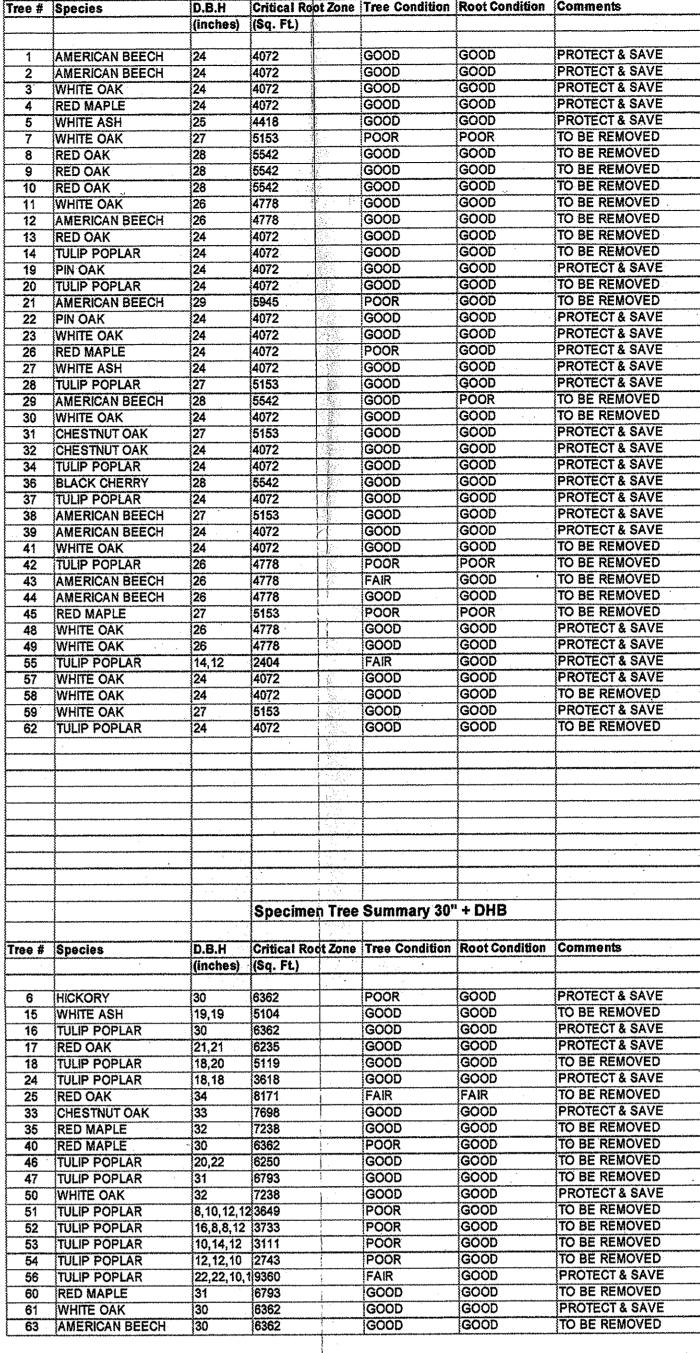
Clearing below WCT (2:1 replacement requirement)

Off-site Mitigation being provided on this property

Credits for Off-site Mitigation on another property Off-site Mitigation being provided on this property

Woodland retained not part of requirements:

			<u> </u>				
			Significan	Tree St	ummary 24"-29"	DHB	
Tree #	Species	D.B.H	Critical Ro	ot Zone	Tree Condition	Root Condition	Comments
1166 #	apecies	(inches)	(Sq. Ft.)	or zone		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
					Tage		
1	AMERICAN BEECH	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
2	AMERICAN BEECH	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
3.	WHITE OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
4	RED MAPLE	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
5	WHITE ASH	25	4418		GOOD POOR	GOOD POOR	PROTECT & SAVE
	WHITE OAK	27	5153 5542		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
	RED OAK RED OAK	28 28	5542		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
	RED OAK	28	5542		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
	WHITE OAK	26	4778		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
	AMERICAN BEECH	26	4778		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
	RED OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
14	TULIP POPLAR	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
19	PIN OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
20	TULIP POPLAR	24	4072	ASIA.	GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
21	AMERICAN BEECH	29	5945		POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
22	PIN OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	WHITE OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	RED MAPLE	24	4072		POOR	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
27	WHITE ASH	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
28	TULIP POPLAR	27	5153	7 (5 0)	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	AMERICAN BEECH	28	5542		GOOD	POOR GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
30	WHITE OAK	24 27	4072 5153		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
31 32	CHESTNUT OAK CHESTNUT OAK	27	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
34	TULIP POPLAR	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	BLACK CHERRY	28	5542	+	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
37	TULIP POPLAR	24	4072	16-	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
38	AMERICAN BEECH	27	5153	11	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	AMERICAN BEECH	24	4072	V	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	WHITE OAK	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
42	TULIP POPLAR	26	4778		POOR	POOR	TO BE REMOVED
43	AMERICAN BEECH	26	4778	4	FAIR	GOOD ,	TO BE REMOVED
44	AMERICAN BEECH	26	4778	} }	GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
45	RED MAPLE	27	5153	<u> </u>	POOR	POOR	TO BE REMOVED
48	WHITE OAK	26	4778		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
49	WHITE OAK	26	4778	_	GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
55	TULIP POPLAR	14,12	2404 4072	-	FAIR IGOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
57 58	WHITE OAK	24 24	4072	1	GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
59	WHITE OAK	27	5153		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
62	TULIP POPLAR	24	4072		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
W.	TOLIS TOLIS TOLIS	1 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1				
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			Specime	n Tree	Summary 30'	' + DHB	
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Tree #	Species	D.B.H	Critical Ro	ot Zone	Tree Condition	Root Condition	Comments
		(inches)	(Sq. Ft.)				
6	HICKORY	30	6362		POOR	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
15	WHITE ASH	19,19	5104		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
16	TULIP POPLAR	30	6362		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
17	RED OAK	21,21	6235		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
18	TULIP POPLAR	18,20	5119	_	GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
24	TULIP POPLAR	18,18	3618		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
25	RED OAK	34	8171	_	FAIR	FAIR	TO BE REMOVED
33	CHESTNUT OAK	33	7698		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
	RED MAPLE	32	7238		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
40	RED MAPLE	30	6362		POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
46	TULIP POPLAR	20,22	6250	1	GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
47	TULIP POPLAR	31	6793		GOOD	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
50 E1	WHITE OAK	32	7238		GOOD POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
51 52	TULIP POPLAR	8,10,12,1		-	POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
52 53	TULIP POPLAR TULIP POPLAR	16,8,8,12 10,14,12		-	POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
54	TULIP POPLAR	12,12,10		-}	POOR	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED
56	TULIP POPLAR	22,22,10,	<u></u>	}	FAIR	GOOD	PROTECT & SAVE
, au	BIOMIL FOR FULL	المساحب الما	.,,,,,,,		GOOD	GOOD	TO BE REMOVED





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1. 3/28/05 PER MNCPPC STAFF REPORT

2. 5/20/05 PER MNCPPC STAFF REPORT

ARBORIST REPORT DATED 5/01/05.

COMMENTS DATED 2/9/05.

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3. 7/04/05 PER MNCPPC COMMENTS

DATED 6/23/05.

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REVISIONS:

FIRE PROTECTION

WASHINGTON, DC 20004

Approved by. M-NCPPC APPROVALS PROJECT NAME: Metapolitan Betist Qual PROJECT NUMBER: DSP-04046 For Conditions of Approval see Site Plan Cover Sheet or Approval Sheet Revisions Listed Below Apply to This Sheet Reviewer's 5.9.05 5.L. 8.10.0s

Prince George's County Planning Department

Environmental Planning Section

APPROVAL

TCPII / 159 / 04

TREE CONSERVATION PLAN

CERTIFICATION OF QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLAN SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND STATE AND PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION LAWS, AND M-NCP&PC GUIDELINES. MDNR / COMAR 08.19.06.01

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL

METROPOLITAN BAPTIST CHURCH ISSUE DATE . ISSUE DATE . ISSUE DATE . ISSUE DATE . NOTES 08/23/04 NSASHOWN SCALE J. DAYS DRAWN B. WEI CHECKED

LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B CAPITAL COURT LARGO, MD

00107-MC

JOB NO.

APPROVED CONSERVATION

SHEET NO. 6 OF 7 DSP-04046 2

DHA JOB #1619 TCP-6

General Forest Conservation Notes, Inspections, Reforestation Measures, Sequence of Construction and GENERAL FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES: An on-site preconstruction meeting shall be required after the limits of disturbance have been staked and flagged, but before any clearing or grading begins. Attendees shall include the construction superintendent, tree professional, sediment control inspector site design engineer and a representative from the Department of Environmental Review (DER). It is the contractor's responsibility to coordinate and schedule the No clearing or grading shall begin before stress-reduction measures have been implemented, unless otherwise permitted by the County Forester. Appropriate measures (see Tree Conservation Plan) may include: A. Root pruning B. Crown reduction and pruning . Watering . Fertilizing . Vertical mulching All stress—reduction measures must be preformed by a State of Maryland licensed tree expert or international Society of Arboriculture certified appoints. Documentation of tree protection and tree stress reduction must be maintained by the contractor and be available for review by the county forester. emporary tree protection devises shall be installed per the Forest Conservation Plan and prior to any construction/activities. Tree protection fencing locations should be staked in the field prior to the preconstruction meeting; or if installed, be prepared to make field adjustments as determined by the D.E.R. Temporary tree protection devices may include: A. Chain link fence (four feet high) B. Orange plastic mesh fence (four feet high)
C. Protective signage Temporary protection devices shall be maintained and installed by the contractor for the duration of the construction project and must not be altered without prior approval of the D.E.R. No equipment, trucks, materials, or debris may be stored within the protection fence areas during the entire construction project. No access to the fenced area will be permitted. Tree protection fencing shall not be removed without the approval of the County Forester. Long-term protection devices (see Forest Conservation Plan) may include: B. Retaining walls
C. Raised sidewalks
D. Tunnel of utilities
E. Pier and panel walls
F. Split rail fence g. Fire, Long-term protection devices will be installed per the Forest Conservation Plan and attached details. Installation will occur at the appropriate time during the construction project. Periodic inspections by the D.E.R. will occur during the construction project. Corrections and repairs to all tree protection devices, as determined by the D.E.R., must be made in a timely fashion. Prior to installation of landscaping afforestation or reforestation projects, the contractor will request an on-site pre-planting meeting. Attendees shall include the contractor, landscaper, site design engineer and D.E.R. All details of the planting plans will be discussed. success. After construction is completed, an inspection shall be requested. Corrective measures which may be required include: A. Removal and replacement of dead or dying trees
B. Pruning of dead or declining limbs
C. Soil aeration
D. Fertilization
E. Watering F. Wound repair
G. Cleanup of retention areas After inspection and completion of corrective measures have been undertaken, all temporary protection devices shall be removed from the site. No additional grading, sodding, or burial of debris may take place. There shall be a minimum of four inspections for forest conservation. A. The first inspection shall occur after flagging/staking of the L.O.D. and/or stream buffers, and prior to any clearing, grading or sediment control measures. This inspection is to address the issues of the protection and sediment control. The developer and representatives from DER will meet to walk the proposed limits of disturbance and determine the final locations of sediment control devices and tree protection devices. b. The 2nd inspection shall occur prior to planting in reforestation areas. This pre-planting inspection is to make final decisions regarding the best implementation of the planting plan, including, but not limited to, the final placement and selection of plant species, determination of the regeneration potential of existing plants to remain, and a determination of the best edge planting treatment. The purchase and delivery of plant materials should not be made until after the inspection since a determination may be made in the field to materials should not be made until after this inspection since a determination may be made in the field t c. The 3rd inspection shall occur at the completion of the site reforestation planting and construction o the permanent forest protection measures. The purpose of the inspection is to determine the success and adequacy of the maintenance program and final determination will be made at this time as to whether additional planting and further maintenance measures are necessary. d. The 4th and final inspection shall occur at the completion of the two-year maintenance program. The purpose of the inspection is to determine the success and adequacy of the maintenance program (and deer management program). A final determination will be made at this time as to whether additional plantings and a further maintenance program are necessary. REFORESTATION MEASURES: 1. Pre-Planting Considerations A. In areas with substantial growth of invasive undercover species, measures will be taken to remove and control invasives. The infested areas should be mown prior to commencement of planting. Necessary weed control measures should be determined during the pre-planting inspection, including but not limited to, mulching, periodic mowing around the reforestion plantings and fabric coverdigs. The use of chemical weed controls will be limited to extreme cases and only with prior to written approval by D.E.R. inspector. Where periodic mowing will occur as a weed control measure, the typical tree planting distribution pattern should be modified so as to allow access by mowing equipment without damage to planting. B. A soils analysis will be conducted prior to commencement of reforestation. On land where extensive agricultural use has occured in the past, test pits will be dug in areas of undisturbed soil to determine if a fragipan layer is present. If fragipan is present, it should be pierced by auguring and planting holes should be dug to twice the normal diameter for the material planted. C. Soils should be treated by incorporating natural mulch within the top 12 inches, or amendments as determined by the soils analysis. Natural amendments, such as organic mulch or leaf mold compost are D. If the planting shall occur in cut areas or if fill material is used at the planting site, it should be clean fill with 12 inches of native topsoil. Stockpiling of native top soils must be done in such a way that the height of the pile does not damage the seed bank. 2. Plant Material Storage It is recommended that the planting occur within 24 hours of delivery to the site. Plant materials which are left unplanted for more than 24 hours should be protected from direct sunlight and weather and kept moist. Nursery stock should not be left unplanted for more than two (2) weeks. Prior to planting, planting stock should be inspected. Plants not conforming to standard nurseryman specifications for size, form, vigor, roots, trunk wounds, insects, and disease should be replaced. A. Container grown stock: Successful planting of container grown stock requires careful site preparation and inspection of the plant material root system. Caution is recommended when selecting plants grown in a soils medium differing from that of the planting site. The plant should be removed from the container and the roots gently loosened from the soils. If the roots encircle the root ball substitution is strongly recommended. S-shaped or kinked root systems should also be noted, and substituted if necessary. Roots may not be trimmed on—site due to the increased chances of soil borne diseases. The planting field should be prepared as specified. Native stockpiled soils should be used to backfill planting field. Rake soils evenly over the planting field and cover with 2 to 4 inches of mulch. B. Balled and burlapped trees: Balled and burlapped trees must be handled with care while planting. Trees should not be picked up by the trunk or dropped, as both practices will tend to separate the trunk from the root ball. Prior to planting, root balls should be kept moist. C. Planting fields should be created equal to 2-5 times the diameter of the root ball use watering to settle soil backfilled around trees. Stockpiled native top soils, if available, should be used to backfill the planting field. Amendments are not recommended in the planting field, as studies have shown that the roots will be encouraged to stay within the amended soils. Soils should be raked evenly over encouraged to stay within the amended soils. Soils should be raked evenly over the planting field and covered with 2 to 4 inches of mulch. A. Staking of trees is not recommended except in areas of high winds. Movement is necessary to strengthen the trunk of the planted tree. If stakes are used, they should be removed after the first growing season. Wrapping is also not recommended due to the increased opportunities for insect infestation and disease. 1. Post Planting Considerations A. Soil stabilization: for areas of large scale disturbance, soils must be stabilized using a non-turf-building ground cover or engineering fabric. B. Protective devices: To prevent damage of planting areas, all forestation and afforestation sites must be posted with appropriate signs and fenced. Construction equipment shall be prohibited in these areas. SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION: 1. Call "Miss Utility" at 1-800-257-7777 prior to any work for the location of all existing utilities. 2. Flag limits of construction and stake out sediment control measures, new utilities, building and proposed locations for tree protection measures. 3. Arrange pre-construction meeting with the contracting officer, landscape contractor and D.E.R. to coordinate tree conservation measures procedures as identified in the inspection sequence above. 4. Prune roots and branches of existing plants as required for site work to promote plant health and provide 5. Construct tree protection fences, install conservation signs and sediment control measures. 6. Construct building, utilities and site improvements. 7. Adjust existing sediment control measures for reforestation construction as required. 8. After site construction has been completed implement site reforestation as shown on the plan and install permanent tree protection measures and install forest conservation signs. 9. After site has been stabilized and all construction has been completed, remove sediment control measures MANAGEMENT PLAN: Post Construction 1. A final inspection by a licensed arborist will be made after final grading and reforestation has been completed and after all heavy equipment has been removed from the site. 2. The licensed Arborist will determine the areas to be vertically mulched, restoring the organic matter and maintaining the air and water penetration of the soil. 3. The licensed Arborist shall conduct class ||| pruning to remove all dead or damaged limbs as required to allow for proper wound closure. No crown reduction should occur unless terminal die back occurs. 4. Notify the D.E.R. inspector for a final inspection of the trees to be saved and reforestation areas.

One year after completion of construction the trees can be safely fertilized. The licensed Arborist should

Contractor shall provide 2 years of maintenance which will include watering, corrective stabilization and

3. Two years after completion of construction the licensed Arborist shall perform Class II pruning to remove

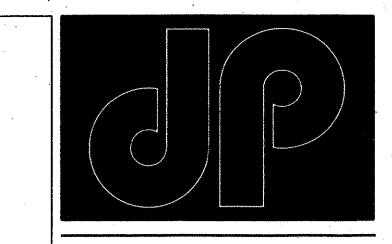
any damaged, dead, interfering and objectional limbs 0.5 inches in diameter and larger and selectively thin

make the initial application and provide information to the owner on successive fertilizing.

wildlife depredation measures as required for the reforestation and tree save areas.

the canopy areas to reduce wind resistance and the possibility of storm damage.

REQUIRED SPECIAL TREATMENTS FOR EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN IN PARKING LOT AREAS Assumptions and limiting conditions. Survival of existing trees before, during and after construction activities is dependant on many factors, some that are within [the owner's] influence: a. Grading b. Root protection devices c. Surface drainage and water table changes d. Drainage pattern changes e. Placement of Utilities Access to tree save areas during construction Storage of materials Location of erosion control devices New installation of landscaping and hardscaping including plants, irrigation, water features, benches, lighting, etc. On going care of trees during and after construction (pruning, fertilization, insect and disease suppression etc.) And others that may be outside [the owner's] influence and may damage or destroy the trees proposed to be preserved: a. Excessive Ice, snow b. Lightning c. Drought d. Excessive wind e. Excessive water Vandalism, Insects infestations Hidden defects within the tree These factors and others will influence the survivability of the existing trees. How these are managed through the development processes and after will heavily influence the long term REQUIRED SPECIAL TREATMENTS TO BE OVERSEEN BY A CERTIFIED ARBORIST 1. Demolition Plans Demolition plans shall denote all trees to be preserved and removed: Trees removed shall not be felled, pushed or pulled into tree conservation area(s). 2) No equipment, supplies, vehicles or persons shall be allowed into tree conservation areas 2. On-Site Pre-Construction Phase 1) A chain of command and of reporting shall be established 2) Tree protection specifications and goals shall be communicated to the personnel implementing the plans. 3) A training program should be instituted for all contractors and subcontractors entering the site to establish an understanding of the importance of their role in ensuring the success of these conservation measures. 4) Tree/Critical Root Zone protection barriers shall be installed prior to any site work (root pruning, wood chip mulch, root protection matting 5) Tree removal operations should not damage trees scheduled for retention. On-site construction phase 1) Implementation of the tree conservation plan should be supervised 2) Levels of compliance should be documented by a Project Arborist using on-site reporting 3) In the event of damage to barriers and/or vegetation, corrective measures should be specified in reporting. 4) Tree health should be monitored and any changes noted in reports. 5) All tree conservation work shall be performed using a company that is a member in good standing of the Tree Care Industry Association. The company shall have an ISA Certified Arborist on staff (a member of the ISA in good standing) on site at all times while their company is performing the tree conservation work. 4. Post-Construction Phase 1) Project Arborist should have contact with the person(s) responsible for the ongoing care and maintenance of trees, shrubs and vegetation affected by construction. 2) Person(s) responsible for ongoing care should be brought up to speed regarding what occurred during the construction and the ongoing care necessary for the long-term tree and vegetation health 3) A budget should be developed for at least 3 years for on going care and maintenance. 4) Tree, shrub and vegetative health should be monitored for three years after construction has ended. 5) Long-term proactive care should be provided as recommended by the Project Arborist.



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08/23/04

J. DAYS B. WEI

00107-MC

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METROPOLITAN BAPTIST CHURCH

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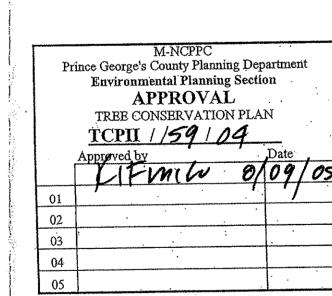
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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLAN SHOWN HEREON HAS BEEN PREPARED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND STATE AND PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION LAWS, AND M-NCP&PC GUIDELINES. MICHAEL A. NORTON MDNR / COMAR 08.19.06.01 QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL

SHEET NO. 7 OF 7

LOTS 1-15/BLOCK B

CAPITAL COURT

LARGO, MD

CONSERVATION PLAN II

DSP-04046 DHA JOB #1619 TCP-7